The Courier-Journal.

VOL. CIV. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,279. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 10, 1905.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky—Showers and thunderstorms Wednesday; Thursday fair, colder in west portion.

Indiana—Rain Wednesday and probably Thursday, high northeast winds.

Tennessee—Showers and thunderstorms Wednesday; Thursday fair, colder in west portion.

THE LATEST.

The big department stores and the express companies in Chicago were able yesterday to resume business almost on a normal basis. There were numerous clashes in the streets and several men were injured, but no one seriously. The police made many arrests during the day. The striking teamsters have appointed a committee to see the President when he reaches Chicago. The discharge of a union teamster for refusing goods at a boycotted store resulted in additions to the ranks of the strikers. The new men out are drivers for a teaming company which delivers flour. The strikers made a motion in the United States Court to have the Federal injunction dissolved, but the court deferred until to-day the hearing of the argument.

The French Government has ordered the civil and naval authorities in French Indo-China not to permit the junction within French waters of the Russian naval fleets of Rojestvensky and Nebogatoff. Instructions were given to Admiral De Jonquieres to see that Rojestvensky observes the promise he has given to depart from French waters. A dispatch from Nhatrang indicates that the order has been obeyed. The neutrality question was discussed in the British Parliament yesterday and a statement from M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, was read in both houses.

Secretary Taft in an address at the banquet to the International Railway Congress in Washington last night surprised the assembled magnates by entering upon a vigorous discussion of the railroad rate question. Mr. Taft declared that rate legislation must come and that if railroad men were wise they would aid it and not hinder it. Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, took issue with the Secretary and a lively debate followed.

The Democratic State Central Committee, in session at Frankfort, appointed a State Campaign Committee, with Judge John M. Lassing as chairman; advised a primary in all the counties of the Twelfth senatorial district, adopted a new rule that the rotation system of nominations be used only when there is unanimous consent, and approved lists of committeemen for the city of Covington and the county of Kenton.

A tornado, which struck Marquette, Kas., at 11:55 o'clock Monday night, wrecked a part of the town, killed twenty-six people and injured forty-four others in five minutes. Two churches were completely demolished. The storm originated a few miles from the town and followed a heavy rain.

It is reported from Chicago that officials of the Armour car lines will go before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day and offer to reduce icing charges in the Michigan fruit belt from 15 to 30 per cent. if the commission will abandon the investigation which it is proposing to make.

Cecil Pence, Police Judge of Covington and former member of the State Legislature, committed suicide yesterday standing before a mirror in his mother's room and firing a bullet into his brain. His suicide is attributed to despondency as the result of long-continued ill health.

Bishop Joyce, of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church, in speaking of the banquet tendered the Southern bishops by their Northern brethren in Louisville, expressed himself as feeling that it was a prophecy of the union of the two branches of the denomination.

George Wyndham appeared in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon and explained that his resignation from the chief secretaryship for Ireland was due to his belief that he could better serve the Government as an unofficial member than in the chief secretaryship.

There is a strong movement among Southern Methodists to secure the election of Bishop Galloway to the presidency of the Board of Trustees of Vanderbilt University. Bishop Hargrove, who is president of the board at present, is said to be in bad health.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Calloway county has called a primary election for July 29 next to nominate candidates for Representative and Sheriff, the regular nominees for these offices having died.

The State Capitol Commission, after meeting with Architect Andrews, announced that it would receive proposals for the excavation for the new Capitol, the bids to be opened May 25.

Chairman Burton and the members of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the House arrived at Pittsburg yesterday and will leave this morning on their tour down the Ohio river.

The application of L. O. Cox and others to organize the Bowling Green National Bank with a capital stock of $100,000 has been approved by the Treasury Department.

TORNADO

Works Death and Ruin In Kansas.

TWENTY-SIX LIV[illegible] LOST

AND FORTY-FOU[illegible]ER PERSONS [illegible]D

IN A MID[illegible] CATACLYSM.

Two Churches, Among First Buildings Struck, Were Completely Demolished By the Blast.

STIFF WIND IN CINCINNATI.

Marquette, Kas., May 9.—When darkness fell to-night it was known that twenty-six lives had been lost in the tornado that wrecked part of this town early to-day and did much damage in this vicinity, and that forty-four persons had been injured. Of the injured thirty-five were seriously hurt and some of them may die. During the day Carl Warnquist and Mrs. J. A. Carlson died of their injuries. Several others are suffering from broken limbs and internal injuries.

* * *

The Dead.

GUS ANDERSON.
TILLIE ELLERSON.
MRS. A. V. ANDERSON.
MRS. ELMER HULTGREN.
BLANCHE SWITZER.
LENA SWITZER.
NINA SWITZER.
ANNA COULSON.
M. P. NELSON, WIFE AND THREE CHILDREN.
A. SJOGREN, SR.
OLAF HENSON AND WIFE.
GOTTFRIED NELSON, WIFE AND CHILD.
ELMER NELSON.
MRS. POSTIER AND CHILD.
NINA ROBERTS.
CART WARNQUIST.
CLYDE NORRIS.
MRS. J. A. CARLSON.

* * *

List of the Injured.

The most seriously injured are: V. A. Anderson, O. S. Ellvin and wife, Mrs. C. McCormick, Mrs. Charles Roberts and three children, M. Sjogren, Mrs. Berg, Beata Swenson, M. Coulson and three children, Swan Hart, Rose Briton; J. A. Carlson and wife, William Barkley and wife, Anna Dittioff, John Dittloff, Olaf Carlson, Mrs. John A. Carlson, Andrew Peterson and wife, Mrs. Swan Hart, two Orndorff sisters, Mrs. Albin Swanson, Charles Saleen, Mrs. Charles Saleen, Mrs. Alquist, Carl Alquist, Agnes Hansen, Mr. and Mrs. Ellertson, Elmer Carlson, Gottfried Nelson's two children, Mrs. Portier, Charles Roberts, Jacquet Renius, A. J. Anderson, Anna Anderson, Mrs. Sam Norris, Ione Salen, two daughters and son of Andrew Peterson.

* * *

Entire Families Wiped Out.

In several cases entire families have been killed. A man named Switzer, a night watchman at the railroad yards, lost his three children. W. P. Nelson, with his wife and three children, were found dead. Two other children were not at home and escaped injury.

To-night order had practically been brought out of the chaotic condition that prevailed to-day, and a relief committee had begun dispensing aid. Among the relief sent from outside were twenty-five pupils from Bethany College, who acted as nurses.

* * *

Formed Near the Town.

The tornado seems to have formed three miles south of Marquette, and did not spend its force until it had passed many miles north of the town. In Marquette the residence portion west of the main street suffered the principal damage. The houses in the course of the tornado were all, with two or three exceptions, completely wrecked. In this section there were a number of modern residences, of which only one, the home of R. A. Thompson, was left standing.

* * *

Churches Completely Demolished.

The Swedish Lutheran and Methodist churches were among the first buildings struck, and they, together with the parsonage adjoining the Methodist church, were completely demolished.

Yesterday afternoon had been hot and oppressive, the atmosphere loaded with electricity. Late in the evening a terrific rainstorm broke over the town. The rain continued to fall in torrents until 11:55 last night, when the tornado struck. Within less than five minutes it had wrought its terrible work and passed on. Telephone and telegraph wires were carried down, and it was several hours before the outside world could be apprised of the plight of the city.

TWO CHURCHES DAMAGED.

Severe Windstorm Passed Over Cincinnati Monday Evening.

Cincinnati, May 9.—Reports received to-day indicate that the damage from the wind and rainstorm which struck this neighborhood late yesterday was more severe than at first indicated. In this city Trinity Methodist church, which was recently repaired and redecorated, was unroofed and otherwise damaged, the steeple of the Cumminsville Lutheran church was blown away and a number of residences in various parts of the city was badly damaged, while trees in and near the city were blown down and considerable minor damage was done.

DAMAGE DONE IN OHIO.

Cold Wave Carried Temperature Down to Forty-four Degrees.

Columbus, O., May 9.—The cold that swept down over Central Ohio from the Northwest Monday night probably did considerable damage. The mercury during the night reached 44 degrees, the low mark. To-day it had risen to 45. Frosts were reported from Wauseon and Defiance. The cold area from which this rough weather has come was central to-day over the upper lake region, moving eastward.

APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT IN MRS. VALENTINA'S CASE.

Execution of Condemned Woman Likely to Be Postponed For Some Time By Latest Step.

Trenton, N. J., May 9.—Judge Lanning, in the United States District Court to-day refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus applied for by counsel for Anna Valentina, who was to have been hanged at Hackensack on May 12 for the murder of Rosa Silva.

Counsel for the condemned woman claimed that she had not had a fair trial, but County Prosecutor Koester, of Bergen county, denied this allegation, saying the trial had been impartial.

Judge Lanning then said it was not the custom of the general courts to interfere with the State courts by issuing writs of habeas corpus. An appeal to the United States Supreme Court was thereupon taken on the refusal to grant the writ.

The appeal will probably postpone the execution of Mrs. Valentina for some time.

WILL RECEIVE BIDS

FOR THE WORK OF EXCAVATION FOR THE NEW CAPITOL.

They Will Be Opened and the Contract Awarded On May 25.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The State Capitol Commission to-day after meeting with Architect Andrews announced that it would receive proposals for the excavation for the new capitol. These proposals will be opened by the State Commission at noon of May 25 next in the Executive Department here, and the contract be awarded. The information necessary to bid is in the hands of Mr. Andrews at his offices at Dayton, O., and in the office of Henry B. Wrea, the secretary of the commission, here. The board announces in its advertisement for bids that it reserves the right to reject any or all bids for this work.

The members of the commission accompanied the architect to the site to-day, and he pointed out to them just where the building will stand, and the work of excavation which is to be done. Mr. Andrews will return here within a week with the completed and perfected plans for the structure, and the commissioners hope to be able to very shortly advertise for bids for the work of construction.

CAUSE REMANDED

TO COURT BELOW FOR NEW TRIAL UNDER INSTRUCTIONS.

Nothing In Record, Says the Appellate Tribunal, to Warrant the Judgment.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—At to-day's session of the Appellate Court Chief Justice Hobson delivered an opinion reversing the Pulaski Circuit Court in the case of the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company against the Board of Education of Somerset, and sending it back to the court below for a new trial under instructions. The action was by the appellee to recover of appellant as surety on the bond of one H. H. Gragg as Tax collector of the board for the years 1899, 1900 and 1901, on account of taxes which he received for collection and failed to account for. In the lower court appellee secured judgment for $2,838.65. The court here says there is nothing in the record warranting the judgment or showing that it is correct and the cause is remanded for new trial.

* * *

Judgment Affirmed.

The court, Judge Nunn writing, affirmed a judgment of the McCracken Circuit Court in a case of Eli Guthrie against Donna Lee Carney. The appellee secured judgment in the court below for $1,000 for injuries sustained in an elevator accident which occurred in the store room of appellant in the city of Paducah, where she was employed.

CHARGED HOCH'S ATTORNEY WITH MISCONDUCT.

Commonwealth's Counsel Declared That Prisoner's Representative Had Instructed Witness How to Testify.

Chicago, May 9.—Mrs. Amelia Fischer-Hoch resumed her testimony to-day in the trial of Johann Hoch on the charge of murdering Mrs. Marie Welcker-Hoch, who was one of Hoch's many wives and was a sister of Mrs. Fischer-Hoch. The witness told how Hoch had wooed her immediately after the death of her sister; told of his success in obtaining possession of her money after she had married him at Joliet, Ill., and told how Hoch had then fled from Chicago.

Hoch sat close to his lawyers. He appeared to take no great interest in the proceedings, but occasionally he leaned over in order to catch a reply to a question put to the witness by the prosecuting attorneys.

During the afternoon session State's Attorney Olsen caused a sensation by declaring that Attorney Plotke, who appears for Hoch, had instructed Mrs. Fischer-Hoch how to testify. Attorney Plotke denied this, and insisted upon taking the stand and denying all the statements made by Mrs. Fischer-Hoch which put him in the light of having endeavored to influence her testimony. Dr. Lewke, of the medical staff of the Coroner's office, was the last witness of the day. He swore that in his opinion the death of Mrs. Welcker-Hoch was caused by arsenical poisoning.

RIVERS COMMITTEE REACHES PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, May 9.—Chairman Burton and eleven other members of the Congressional Rivers and Harbors Committee arrived in this city to-day.

The party will leave early in the morning on an eight-day tour of the Ohio river to Cairo.

MOVE-ON

Order Comes To Rojestvensky From France.

NO JUNCTION OF THE FLEETS

WILL BE PERMITTED WITHIN FRENCH WATERS.

THE NEUTRALITY QUESTION

Becomes a Subject of Discussion Before the Two Houses of the British Parliament.

A STATEMENT FROM CAMBON.

Nhatrang, Annam, May 9.—Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, which has been cruising for several days off Vanfong Bay, sailed this morning.

Hong Kong, May 9.—The German steamer Neumuhlen arrived here to-day from Colombo, March 28, and reported having sighted forty-five vessels, of which twenty were warships, in the vicinity of Kamranh Bay, Annam, May 5.

The coasting steamer Haimun, which also reached this port, observed a Japanese cruiser off Amoy, Straits of Formosa.

* * *

London, May 10.—The correspondent at Moscow of the Times hears that the Russian Red Cross hospitals will be removed to Chita in preparation for the probable evacuation of Harbin. Chita is the capital of the trans-Baikal territory, 585 miles east of Irkutsk, on the Chita river, near its junction with Ingoda. The town has a population of 7,000.

Victoria, B. C., May 9.—Japanese advices received to-day state that rumors are current that the Russian squadron has lost many torpedo craft during the voyage.

ORDERED TO MOVE ON.

France Will Not Permit Junction of Fleet In French Waters.

Paris, May 9.—Orders have been sent to the civil and naval authorities in French Indo-China not to permit the junction within French waters of the Russian naval forces under Admiral Rojestvensky and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff. Instructions have all been sent to Admiral De Jonquieres, the French naval commander, to see that Rojestvensky fully observes the promise he has already given to leave French waters.

These orders resulted from the receipt of a detailed dispatch giving an account of Admiral De Jonquieres meeting with Rojestvensky. The dispatch says the Russian squadron made a four days' cruise on the high sea outside the three-mile limit, and then returned last Saturday, anchoring at Kong Hai Bay, coast of Annam, to take on provisions and fresh water.

When Admiral De Jonquieres was informed of the Russians' return he proceeded to Kong Hai and requested Admiral Rojestvensky to immediately withdraw outside territorial waters. The Russian Admiral gave De Jonquieres his word that he intended to leave his anchorage and take to the open sea. He also informed De Jonquieres that in his communications with the land he had not violated any of the neutrality regulations, and that the stops of the Russian squadron along the Indo-China coast were for the purpose of resting the crews.

LOOKING TO BRITAIN

People of Japan Disposed to Call On Their Powerful Ally.

Tokio, May 9.—The feeling of resentment against France for the assistance given to the Russian second Pacific squadron continues to run high and is finding expression in a variety of ways. The nearness of the Russian squadron and the nature of the preparations which Admiral Rojestvensky is known to have made in French waters seem to have suddenly convinced many people that it would have been impossible for Rojestvensky to come to the Far East without outside assistance, which has given a sinister tone to the popular resentment. In the crisis many eyes are turned toward Great Britain for assistance. It is argued that France rescued Rojestvensky from absolute failure to reach the China Sea and that the final aid given to the Russians in Indo-China amounts to an act of belligerency, and there are many demands that Japan invoke the alliance with Great Britain.

Formerly a large section of the public was inclined to view with leniency the French acts of friendship for Russia on account of the former's delicate position as an ally and creditor. The suspicion that Rojestvensky was not a welcome guest at Kamranh Bay and that he was presuming on French hospitality also tempered the feeling of resentment, but recent events are removing these attributes and the national sentiment is uniting in unconditional insistence that France preserve neutrality. The Japanese Government has not taken the people of this country into its confidence. Since the Kamranh Bay incident nothing has been officially made known except that the Government was making vigorous representations at Paris while proceeding carefully and cautiously, not desiring to resort to extreme measures while a hope of an adjustment existed.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT

Hears a Statement From Cambon On the Neutrality Question.

London, May 9.—The situation arising in the Far East by reason of the alleged violation of French neutrality in Indo-China by Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron and the possibility of Great Britain becoming involved formed the subject of a question to Premier Balfour in the House of Commons this afternoon. Mr. Balfour in reply read a statement supplied to the British Government by the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, as follows:

As soon as the French Government was aware of Admiral Rojestvensky's presence at Kamranh Bay representations were sent to St. Petersburg, with the result that under the orders of the Emperor himself instructions were telegraphed to the Admiral desiring him to leave Kamranh Bay at once. The Russian squadron subsequently were reported to be at Hon-Kohe Bay, a few miles north of Kamranh Bay. Admiral De Jonquieres, commanding the French station, was sent there to report. He found Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron there, though not inside French territorial waters. Therefore the Governor of French Indo-China, who had received instructions to see that French neutrality was duly respected, sent the French resident at Nha Trang, the nearest point to that place, with directions to ask the Russian Admiral to leave. The Admiral promised to do so May 3.

As regards the reports that the Russian squadron received valuable assistance from the French authorities at Kamranh Bay, I am informed there are only two Frenchmen there, neither of whom is an official, but there are holders of concessions from the French Government in that place.

* * *

Hayashi Sees No Crisis.

In his connection Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister, said to-day:

"Although the situation is very difficult there is no crisis at present. At the same time it would be unwise to allow popular feeling in Japan to be further inflamed as it might become uncontrollable. This, undoubtedly, is fully appreciated in France and there is every reason to suppose that France will see the way to relieve the public anxiety and render the possibility of an extension of the sphere of conflict out of the question."

Baron Hayashi added that he was in a position to absolutely deny the reports that Japan was violating the neutrality of the waters of Borneo.

* * *

Lansdowne's Statement

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, in the House of Lords, made a statement to the same effect as Mr. Balfour made in the House of Commons, adding, with respect to the assurances of Admiral Rojestvensky that he would leave Hon-Kohe Bay May 6, that he, the Secretary, was unable to say whether the Russian squadron actually departed on that date.

FRENCH OFFICIALS

Adopting Active Measures to Assure Observance of Neutrality.

Paris, May 9.—The arrival in Paris to-day of Paul Cambon, the French Ambassador in London, following his conference with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne probably will permit the authorities here to learn the sentiments in British official circles concerning French observance of neutrality. Thus far only informal representations have been made from Great Britain, but it is gathered that informal talks between officials in London and Paris have permitted the British authorities to use friendly counsels with both sides toward preventing the controversy from assuming an acute form. Premier Rouvier, Foreign Minister Delcasse and Colonial Secretary Clemental are acting together in the adoption of various measures to secure the observance of neutrality. Admiral Touchard, chief of the naval staff, holds frequent conference with Messrs Rouvier and Delcasse relative to orders to the French squadron in the Far East. The officials here having done their utmost are holding Admiral De Jonquieres and other officers in Indo-China personally responsible for the execution of their orders.

The newspapers do not show a menacing attitude. The Figaro says: "We desire peace and friendship with Japan."

The Journal remarks: "We meet Japan's complaints and menaces with the coolness and calmness of a tranquil conscience. It remains to be seen if Japan will succeed in making her alliance with Great Britain more than platonic friendship."

The Gaulois says: "If the British Government shares the view of the British press France would like to know what the cordial understanding (between France and Great Britain) is worth."

The Humanite and other socialist papers accuse the Government of being mainly anxious to preserve Russia's friendship.

French naval critics maintain that Japan's real intention is to induce France to drive Admiral Rojestvensky northward, thus assisting in the execution of Admiral Togo's naval strategy.

Sighted a Floating Mine.

San Francisco, May 9.—The training schooner Triton, just arrived here from the Marshall Islands, reports sighting a floating mine adrift on April 21 in latitude 37 degrees 21 minutes north and longitude 169 degrees west.

Trouble At Kishineff.

Kishineff, May 9.—The disorders here are proving most serious. Two squadrons of dragoons have been dispatched to this town.

MASSACRE OF JEWS IN SOUTHWEST RUSSIA.

Twelve Persons Killed and Fifty Wounded In a Conflict At Zhitomir.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—Reports in circulation here last night that there had been a massacre of Jews at Zhitomir, Government of Volhynia, Southwestern Russia, are confirmed in a dispatch to the Novostko, which says the rioting began May 7 and continued for forty-eight hours. Orthodox Christians fell on the Jews in the streets. The Jews were armed and fought their assailants, many being killed or wounded on both sides.

Private dispatches from Zhitomir attribute the attack on the Jews to articles in M. Kroucheven's paper. Twelve persons were killed and fifty were wounded. On Sunday the Jews telegraphed to friends in St. Petersburg to ask the authorities to take strong measures for their protection, and orders to that effect were sent. A renewal of the fighting was expected today.

SHOCKED

The Railroad Magnates At the Festal Board.

TAFT SPOKE HIS SPEECH

AND THEREBY STARTED A DEBATE WITH FISH.

RAILWAY RATE LEGISLATION.

He Told Them, Must Come, and If They Were Wise They Would Not Hinder It.

HIS TALK HEARD IN SILENCE.

Washington, May 9.—Secretary Taft fairly took the breath of 300 railway men, members of the International Railway Congress, dining to-night as the guests of the American Railway Association at the New Willard, when after being introduced as "The Apostle From the Philippines," he emphatically declared that railway rate legislation must come; that if the railway men of the country were wise they would aid and not hinder it; that the sentiment of the country is such that failure of proper regulation meant a campaign on the subject that would do no good to the railroads."

Absolute silence reigned when Mr. Taft spoke his mind on the subject of rates. He was positively against Government ownership, he said, believing that nothing so deleterious could come to the country as this solution of the question. "But," he continued, "you cannot run railroads as you run private business. You must respond to the public demand. If there is danger of discrimination then you must allow the establishment of some tribunal that will remedy that discrimination." The Secretary saw no reason why a tribunal properly constituted should not be competent in every sense of the word to fix a maximum rate.

* * *

Mr. Fish Responds.

President Stuyvesant Fish, of the American Railway Association, had introduced Secretary Taft. In his capacity as toastmaster Mr. Fish was on his feet the instant the Secretary concluded. He answered the Secretary at length, taking the view that the law to prevent discrimination, double dealing and secret rebates, was ample, and he vigorously called for the enforcement of that law. Mr. Fish talked of the vested rights of the money tied up in railways. He apologized for allowing himself to be diverted, and, as he sat down, Secretary Taft, who sat next him, queried in a low tone: "May I have fifteen minutes to reply."

* * *

Rejoinder From Taft.

This time was given and the Secretary utilized it in making himself even more positive as to his position in favor of legislation which would create a tribunal with authority to name a maximum rate.

"The law now is," continued the Secretary, "as decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, that first a commission and then the courts may decide whether a particular rate is reasonable or unreasonable. Now in fixing that, in the very mental process in determining whether a rate is reasonable or unreasonable, one has got to fix what is a maximum rate. As I understand it, what is proposed is only that in litigated cases, a commission shall be constituted that shall fix a maximum rate; in other words, to go through the same process it now goes through to determine what is a reasonable rate. What I am strongly in favor of, though, is that we shall have a body that shall decide things and that those things shall be decided within a reasonable time finally by the courts."

* * *

Fish Resumes Argument.

Mr. Fish again took up the argument, contending it was the question of fixing the price for the seller of goods.

M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, Emile Heurteau, of Paris, a member of the permanent commission of the Congress; Jan Kologrivoff, Minister of Communication, Russia, and Wayne Macveagh also delivered speeches.

Previous to the banquet the sections of the Congress accomplished their allotted day's work and the delegates inspected the new Union station under construction here.

NEW ORLEANS AND MEMPHIS TERMINI OF NEW RAILROAD.

Goodyear Syndicate Asks For Proclamation of Incorporation In State of Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., May 9.—The Goodyear Syndicate which is now operating quite extensively in this State, backed by a capital stock of $25,000,000, will build a railroad direct from New Orleans to Memphis, coming up the Pearl river valley to Jackson, and thence on a direct northerly line from this city to the Tennessee metropolis.

Official confirmation of the plans of the Goodyear Syndicate was revealed at the Governor's office to-night when a request was received for the issuance of a proclamation incorporating the New Orleans and Great Northern Railroad Company, with New Orleans and Memphis stated as the terminal points. The request for incorpration does not fully reveal the plans of the syndicate, but it throws a great deal of valuable confirmatory light on the plans as heretofore published.

The incorporators set forth in the petition for charter are as follows:

Frank H. Goodyear and C. H. Goodyear, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Martin E. Olmstead, of Harrisburg, Pa.; Charles I. Jones, of Baltimore, Md.; I. C. Enochs, of Jackson, Miss.; N. J. Pearsall and C. K. Mullins, of Louisiana.

LARGEST ANNUAL INCOME IN THEIR HISTORY

Will Be Reported By Seven of the Eight Boards of the Presbyterian Church.

Auburn, N. Y., May 9.—The Rev. W. H. Hubbard, secretary of the special committee on systematic beneficence of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, received to-day the financial reports of the income of eight boards of the church for the year ending May 1, 1905. The total income of the boards is the largest ever reported to the general assembly of the church. The aggregate is $2,263,755, divided as follows:

Foreign missions, $1,161,919; home missions, $867,017; education, $119,105; Sunday-school boards, $155,732; church erection, $91,076; ministerial relief, $273,628; freedmen's missions, $189,654; college boards, $405,624. Seven of the eight boards will report this year the largest annual income in their history at the meeting of the general assembly at Winona, Ind., May 18, 1905.

GUARANTEE FUND OF $12,500 OFFERED FOR STATE FAIR.

Lexington, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-night of a committee composed of Mayor Combs, Desha Breckinridge, Frank Carr, Clay Elkin, Clay Hunt, Henry Milward and John G. Cramer, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, was apointed to go to Louisville to-morrow to confer with the board of directors of the Kentucky Live Stock Breeders' Association relative to the annual State Fair to be held here this year. Resolutions adopted by the Chamber of Commerce are to the effect that the fair shall be controlled by eight men, five of which are to be members of the Live Stock Breeders' Association and three to be named by the Chamber of Commerce, the eight to select a Lexington man as secretary of the board. The chamber further agrees to furnish the grounds for holding the fair and to guarantee a fund of $12,500 to insure the association against loss.

NO PURCHASE LIKELY OF WEST POINT CAMP SITE.

Washington, May 9.—[Special.]—Logan C. Murray, of Louisville, called upon Secretary Taft this morning and requested him to recommend through the President, when the next Congress convenes, the purchase of the West Point, Ky., camp site.

Secretary Taft said to-day that while he was favorably impressed with West Point as a place for a military camp site, he doubted if the condition of the Treasury would justify in the next year or so the expenditure necessary to obtain it for Government purposes. It is not likely that there will be any reference to the matter in the President's message, as the West Point camp site advocates had hoped.

WILL 'FESS UP.

ARMOUR OFFICIALS TO OFFER REDUCTION OF PRICES

TO COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Fifteen to Thirty Per Cent. to Be Knocked Off If Investigation Is Abandoned.

Chicago, May 9.—[Special.]—Officials of the Armour car lines will go before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-morrow and offer to reduce icing charges from 15 to 30 per cent. over the entire Michigan fruit belt on condition that what is known as the Michigan fruit case be dismissed. The compromise was offered to-day to George W. Plummer, attorney for the commission men, but was flatly refused.

It is understood that Vice President Robbins, of the Armour lines, will publicly offer to make the reductions in icing charges provided the commission will discontinue its investigation. He is said to have been told that if such an offer had come prior to the time the commission made an order in the case it might have been accepted. The car line officials stated that unless the compromise was accepted they would fight the matter to the bitter end.

If this resolution is adhered to it will be likely to put the Pere Marquette railroad out of the Michigan fruit business unless it can get hold of its own or of another line of refrigerator cars. The Michigan Central will have its own cars, and unless the icing charges are reduced in the Armour cars it will be impossible for the Pere Marquette to compete with it.

The commission men evidently are unwilling to make any compromise. Interest is added to the investigation by the fact that a suit has been begun by the Eastern Illinois against Edward G. Davis to collect a charge of $45 for icing a car of fruit from Decker, Ind., to Chicago, a distance of 200 miles. It is understood that following the conclusion of this case the commission men will start suits for damages against the railroads for having placed them on the black list.

BISHOP GALLOWAY

LIKELY TO HEAD BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Many Methodists Believe He Is Man to Meet Present Needs of Vanderbilt University.

Nashville, Tenn., May 9.—[Special.]—Although there will be strong pressure from Southern Methodists for the election of Bishop Galloway, of Mississippi, as president of the Board of Trustees of Vanderbilt University, nothing definite will be known until the board meets about the middle of June. Bishop Hargrove, who is now president of the board, is not in good health and there were intimations months ago that he would be superseded this year. Bishop Galloway seems to be the most likely man to succeed to the position, although it is said there is some opposition to his election. In view of the recent disastrous fire in which the university's main building was destroyed, it is felt by many of its friends that the Board of Trustees should at this particular time be presided over by a man of force and national reputation. Bishop Galloway is known to be such a man, hence the pressure for his election.

CAMPAIGN

Committee Named By Democratic State Central Committee.

JUDGE LASSING CHAIRMAN.

SENSATIONAL CONVENTION IS CALLED OFF IN TWELFTH DISTRICT.

PRIMARY IS "ADVISED."

Committee Lists Approved For City of Covington and County of Kenton.

NEW RULE PROMULGATED.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The State Central Committee of the Democratic party, in session here to-day, appointed a State Campaign Committee to manage the campaign this year in the several counties of the State for legislative and county offices; called off the convention ordered by the district committee of the Twelfth senatorial district to be held in Hardin county alone to select the nominee for the three counties composing it, and "advised" that committee to hold a primary election all over the district; adopted an amendment to the party rules to fit such cases in the future, the new rule providing that district nominations be made by the rotation system only when there is unanimous consent, and then to be ratified by the District Committee; and approved lists of precinct committeemen for the city of Covington and the county of Kenton.

The members of the State Campaign Committee for this year, five in number, are Judge John M. Lassing, of Boone county; Judge Lewis McQuown, of Bowling Green; Congressman Ollie M. James, of Marion; Dr. Milton Board, of Breckinridge county, and the Hon. Richard W. Miller, of the county of Madison. Judge Lassing was designated to act as chairman of the committee. A meeting of this committee for the purpose of organizing for the work before it will very shortly be called by Chairman Lassing.

Secretary Percy Haly, of the State Central and Executive Committee, will be chosen secretary of the Campaign Committee at its first meeting. The appointment of a State Campaign Committee this early was deemed a proper step because of the fact that the Republicans have maintained such a committee for months past and been actively at work. The committeemen named, and especially Chairman Lassing and Secretary Haly, are from experience in recent campaigns well qualified for the arduous duties ahead of them.

* * *

Twelfth District Case.

The calling off of the convention called for a single county of the Twelfth senatorial district was the result of a protest made to the committee by the Hon. W. W. Tabb, of Hardin, one of the candidates, supported by communications from a majority of the members of the Democratic committees of Hardin and Grayson counties urging that a primary election would be the most satisfactory method of making the nomination for Senator for the district.

Under the call for the convention, as issued by the District Committee, it was confined to Hardin alone, and County Chairman Charles Sommers, of that county, was designated in the official call to preside over the convention as its temporary chairman. This privilege Mr. Sommers agreed to waive should the State Committee not disturb the call as issued by the District Committee. The committee held, however, that the party law had been violated in the call, and that as Democrats of other counties of the district were asking to be allowed to participate in selecting the nominee by primary election, they could not be disfranchised, as there is nothing compulsory in the system of rotation of holding office, which has been in vogue in a number of districts over the State for quite a long time, and under which several nominations have been made for the Senate this year.

* * *

Committeemen Present.

The meetings of the committee were held in the parlors of the Capital Hotel. Present were Chairman Lewis McQuown, Judge John M. Lassing, of the State-at-large; Clem J. Whittemore, of the First district; Harvey S. McCutchen, of the Third district; Dr. Milton Board, of the Fourth district; John W. Vreeland, of the Fifth district; Joseph W. Pugh, of the Sixth district; Thomas A. Combs, of the Seventh district; R. W. Miller, of the Eighth district. The absentees were L. Powell Taylor, of the Second district; William Addams, of the Ninth district; James Hargis, of the Tenth district, and James Garnett, Jr., of the Eleventh district.

The first matter taken up by the committee was the question presented from the Twelfth senatorial district. Chairman Sommers, of the District Committee, appeared together with his attorney, L. A. Faurest, of Elizabethtown, Mr. Faurest made a speech before the committee in which he urged that it was without jurisdiction to revise the action of the committee of the district. He read at some length from the party law and construed it to support his contention. He presented a communication from Committeeman Snead, of Bullitt county, protesting against any action by the State committee in the matter. He was plied with questions by Members Board, Combs, Lassing and Whittemore as to the steps that had been taken in calling the convention in Hardin county alone.

The Hon. W. W. Tabb, of Hardin, a candidate for the senatorial nomination in the district, took the other side of the question and argued it at some length. He contended that the committee has full power in the matter. He filed with the committee a communication signed by twelve of the nineteen members of the Hardin County Democratic Committee and by twelve of the seventeen members of the Grayson committee, urging that the convention call be rescinded, and that the entire district be given voice in the selection of the nominee. Mr. Tabb told the committee that the people generally of his section of the State favor the primary method of making nominations, and urged them to take jurisdiction and order a primary election.

After hearing the representatives of

CHEAP, EFFECTIVE, PALATABLE.

APENTA

HUNGARIAN NATURAL APERIENT WATER.

A Wineglassful a Dose.

The Analysis shows that the richness of Apenta Water in natural saline aperients renders it the safest and most remedial laxative and purgative. READ THE LABEL.

$11.50 to Memphis AND RETURN.
$16.50 to New Orleans AND RETURN
MAY 16.
Correspondingly Low Rates to Other Points on
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD
Tickets good for 21 days. Stop-overs going and returning.
City Ticket Office S. E. Corner Fourth and Market.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Louisville Loan Co......Room 1.
Dr. Arthur K. Lord—Eyesight Specialist. Hours 8:30 to 5:30.....Room 2.
Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Tel. 924.
Orchard Knob Clay Works Co.—Press Brick and Terra Cotta Supplies.....Room 4.
Arts and Crafts Co.—Misses Bruce. Rooms 5, 6 and 7.
Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—A.....Room 8.
The Colonial Security Company of St. Louis (incorporated)—A. V. Christenden, Supt.....Room 9.
National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt.....Rooms 10 and 11.
Dr. Wm. N. Spohn.....Room 12. Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
Mme. Stokes—Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids. Room 12.
Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3689 A.....Rooms 14 and 15.
Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Stress and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron.....Room 16.
Val. P. Collins, Architect.....Room 16.
New Louisville Jockey Club..Room 17.
Dr. George H. Day.....Room 18. Hours 9-1, 3-7 p. m.; Sunday, 9-12 a. m.
Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist, Dr. W. M. Coulson. } Room 19
Western and Southern Life Ins. Co.—Alex. Altsman, Supt...Rooms 20, 21 and 22.
Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 23. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. 'Phone Main 30—M.
Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Tel. 218 A—Main.....Room 24.
Dr. C. C. Godshaw.....Room 24. Hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Tel. Main 218 A.
Dr. J. W Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Telephone 3689—M.
Hunter & Hellman—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28.
Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones.....Room 29.
Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor. Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689 Z....Room 30.
Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent Room 31.
Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Co. Office, room 32.
Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath. Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3689 Y.
H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency. Room 41.
Prof. Alfred P. Maas—Physical Culture. Rooms 42 and 43.
Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist.....Room 45.
The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co....Room 49.
Thos. E. Grove, Artist—Portrait and Ivory miniatures.....Room 50.
Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 4 o'clock.
Louisville Bureau of Designing—Architects, Engineers and Artists. Tel. Main 3220—M..... Rooms 52 and 53.
Inland Farmer.....Room 54.
John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency Room 55.
Miss Linda Nuss—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 56.
A. S. Keller.....Room 57. Decorator in China and Porcelain.
Mrs. F. G. McMichael—Acoustican and Massacon Instruments for Deafness..Room 58.

both sides the committee accepted the papers they desired to file, and went into executive session for consideration of the matter. A half hour later the decision was announced by the committee in the form of a resolution, and the promulgation of a new party rule to cover such cases in the future.

* * *

Committee's Resolution.

The resolution is as follows:

It appearing to this committee that in the Twelfth senatorial district, composed of Hallitt, Hardin and Grayson counties, the party law has been violated by the District Committee in ordering precinct and county conventions to be held in Hardin county only on August 26 and 29, 1905, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Senator in said district, said convention is therefore called off and the committee is ordered to again convene and take such action to nominate a candidate for Senator as the law provides; and, it further appearing that the people of the district want a primary election as expressed in a petition to this committee, signed by a majority of the committeemen in Hardin and Grayson counties, the District Committee is therefore advised to call a primary election and to see that the same is fairly conducted in order that party harmony may be preserved and the election of the Democratic nominee made certain in November.

* * *

New Rule Promulgated.

The new rule promulgated by the State Committee reads:

District Conventions and Primaries—How Called—In any senatorial or Legislative district having more than one county the Executive Committee may order a primary or convention to be held in only county of the district for the purpose of making a Democratic nomination for Senator or Representative, provided that this action is unanimously agreed to by the respective candidates and the district chairmen; but in case of disagreement between the chairmen, or upon protest from one or more candidates, then a primary or convention must be held in the entire district. In case a primary or convention is held in one county by mutual agreement, the action of said county must afterwards be ratified by the District Committee.

The resolution and new rule were adopted after some discussion among the members of the committee. The adoption was by viva voce vote, and was without dissent. Committeeman Vreeland, of the Fifth district, and Committeeman Miller, of the Eighth district, did not vote on the question of adoption. No proxies were presented at the meeting, or offered to be voted. It was understood, however, that two proxies were held, one of them being that of Judge James Hargis, held by Committeeman Combs, of Lexington.

* * *

Sixth District Matters.

The State Committee at an afternoon session took up the matter of approval of the appointment by Committeeman Pugh, of the Sixth congressional district, of members of the Executive Committee for the city of Covington, and the reports of its subcommittee composed of State Committeemen Lassing, McCutcheon and Combs, as to the ten contests in the twenty-four precincts of the county of Kenton. Without dissent, the City Committee as reported by Committeeman Pugh, was approved, as was the report of the subcommittee.

The precinct committeemen seated, and the precincts they represent are: Erlanger, A. S. Cates; Rosedale, Lawrence Odenthal; Decoursey, John Leisner; Ludlow, "A," L. D. O'Brien; Ludlow, "B," R. L. Goodenough; Ludlow, "C," A. R. Dwelly; Tranter, J. H. Bramlage; Davidson, Edw. H. Rouse; Grants Bend, Verner Schuster; Sandfordtown, Henry Koennersman.

In seating them the committee says: "The weight of the evidence is with the parties for whom we have decided, and they unquestionably represent the Democracy of their respective districts."

The new committee for Kenton county is directed to meet at Independence, after due notice and organize by electing a chairman and secretary.

* * *

Covington's Committee.

The new Executive Committee for the city of Covington is as follows:

First Ward—Frank Helm, Fred Kelly, Joseph Hogan, Jerry King, Joseph McLaren, George O'Mally, Frank Sheridan.

Second Ward—W. M. Abele, Steve Hollen, Joseph Coyne, James Nolan, B. Moore, Barney Lemker.

Third Ward—George O'Rourke, Tom Hanlon, Ed Pieck, Thomas Towers, Ed Kelly.

Fourth Ward—Jack Pohlman, Clem Helmbrock, Charles Schihorst, William Kranz, Frank Koenig, H. Brinkman.

Fifth Ward—F. W. Heckman, L. C. Bogenshutz, Pat Murphy, Henry Meyers, F. X. Mulvy, John Besterman.

Sixth Ward—W. A. Byrne, Herman Santel, Frank Rowekamp, M. H. McLean, J. D. Sullivan, J. J. Fisher, A. Monkedick, John Finan.

On the recommendation of County Chairman John T. Kimbrough, of the Democratic Committee of Bath county, the State Committee appointed the following members of the County Committee for that county, the Democrats of several precincts having failed to elect at the proper time: J. M. Brother, John W. Dawson and Ford Patterson, for the town of Owingsville, and W. C. Jackson, Frank Wells, Turner Evans, John Campbell, Lewis Adams, J. E. Green, James H. Crooks, Allie Robertson, Cliff Hardin, Robert Duff and Owens Ratliff for the eleven precincts of the county.

PRIMARY CALLED

To Select Nominees In Place of Two Who Have Died.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The Democratic Executive Committee of Calloway county has called a primary election to be held on July 29 next to select party nominees for the offices of county Representative and Sheriff. The primary was made necessary by the death of W. B. Albritton and J. E. Baker, who were the party nominees for these offices. But one candidate has so far announced for each place. Zeb A. Stuart wants the nomination for Representative, and Jas. A. Edwards has announced for Sheriff.

The Democratic Committee of the Third senatorial district will meet at Eddyville on Friday of this week to arrange for nominating a candidate for the Senate to succeed the late J. W. Gilbert, of Calloway. The counties of the district are Calloway, Lyon, Trigg and Livingston, and each has a candidate for the nomination. It will probably be made by mass convention.

REVISION

Of Tariff, Proper Way To Increase Revenue

IN OPINION OF DEMOCRATS.

RAISING OF TAX ON BEER ALSO FAVORED.

BANK FOR BOWLING GREEN.

Washington, May 9.—[Special.]—The reported plans of the Republican leaders to stand pat on the tariff and slap on a lot of internal revenue taxes to get rid of some of the increasing deficit, does not appeal to Democratic members who have dropped into Washington during the last day or two, and heard the Republicans telling how they are going to remedy present treasury conditions. While a majority of the Democrats are perfectly willing that an additional fifty cents or dollar be added to the tax on beer, and while most of them are not averse to a one or two cents' stamp tax on bank checks, there is among them a general feeling that the internal revenue system can well be let alone, and the treasury deficit done away with by a reduction of tariff duties, which will permit of importers shipping their goods to this country in quantities sufficient to yield some revenue to the Government rather than the exclusion policy now in force.

* * *

Increase of Beer Tax Favored.

Representative Clayton, of Alabama, said to-day that he favored—say a fifty cents increase on the beer tax. This he believed would not affect the consumer. As to the other taxes proposed, he was opposed to them. Mr. Clayton points out that there are few farmers in his section without more or less money in bank, and he did not favor their being bothered with a stamp tax every time one of them should draw a check. "The proper way to increase the revenues of the Government," said Mr. Clayton, "is through a revision of the tariff. With anything like economy and an honest revision of the tariff there would be in the treasury a surplus instead of a deficit that to-day amounts to over thirty millions of dollars."

* * *

Livingston Favors Tariff Revision.

Representative Livingston, of Georgia, who is also in Washington, favors a revision of the tariff, rather than additional taxation through the internal revenue system. Mr. Livingston has no idea that the Republicans will attempt either tariff or railroad legislation.

"I make bold to predict," said he tonight, "that the public will be 'bunconed' on these two subjects." Mr. Livingston does not entertain this opinion toward the House, but believes certain Republican Senators will be able to defeat any legislation proposed.

Upon his return to Washington President Roosevelt will hold a conference with Secretary Shaw and other Republican leaders upon the best means of recouping the country's finances. By the time the extra session meets in October it is hoped that a plan will be agreed upon for both raising revenue and regulating railroad rates.

* * *

The Monument to Gen. Murray.

Mr. Logan C. Murray, of Louisville, was in the city to-day superintending the erection of the monument to his brother, Gen. Eli H. Murray, who is buried in Arlington National Cemetery.

Gen. Murray was the youngest Brigadier General in the Civil War. The monument is of Scotch granite, eight feet in height, with a simple inscription of his birth and death and on the reverse side the words "A faithful young soldier of his country."

Mr. Murray left for home this afternoon.

The application of J. F. Cox, care the Union National Bank, Louisville; L. O. Cox, Allen R. White, John L. Helm and A. Cox to organize the Bowling Green National Bank, of Bowling Green, Ky., with $100,000 capital, has been approved by the Controller of the Currency.

George H. Allen has been appointed regular, Edgar B. Neill substitute rural carrier, Route 2, at Chaney Spring, Tenn.

Platt's Chlorides, the Best Disinfectant, an odorless liquid, prompt, cheap and efficient.

KENTUCKY RED MEN

FALL IN LOVE WITH THE STATE'S CAPITAL CITY.

After Electing Officers They Decided to Meet In Frankfort Again Next Year.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The eleventh annual Great Council of Kentucky, Improved Order of Red Men, convened here at noon to-day with several hundred delegates and members of the order in attendance. The visitors were royally welcomed by the local tribe and the citizens generally of the State Capital, and the delegates were so well pleased with their reception that they did the unusual thing, gave this city the next annual meeting of the council over several rival towns of the State. The meeting of the Great Council will continue through to-morrow and Thursday.

The delegates will be banqueted to-morrow evening. The address of welcome upon the part of the Capital was made by Mayor Darnell and for the local tribe by the Hon. Hiter Crockett. A response was made for the visitors by Henry H. Denhardt, of Bowling Green, a high official of the order.

At the business meeting to-day officers for the ensuing year were chosen as follows: L. L. Bebout, Paducah, great sachem; D. H. Russell, Louisville, great senior sagamore; R. L. Page, Louisville, great junior sagamore; Henry W. Ray, Maysville, chief of records; S. C. Moore, Louisville, great keeper of wampum; H. H. Denhardt, Bowling Green, great prophet.

The following delegates to the Great Council of the United States, at Nashville, were elected: H. H. Denhardt, M. B. Wallestein, W. A. Croder, Dr. Buschemeyer, Gus A. Ellerkamp.

ILL HEALTH

Causes Judge Cecil Pence To End His Life.

HE STANDS BEFORE MIRROR

IN HIS MOTHER'S ROOM AND SHOOTS HIMSELF.

DESPONDENT FOR MONTHS.

Cincinnati, May 9.—[Special.]—Cecil Pence, aged forty-four, Police Judge of Covington, shot himself in the head at 1 o'clock this afternoon at his home, 41 West Fourth street, Covington, and died instantly. Ill health is assigned as the cause of the suicide. He used a 44-caliber revolver, standing in front of a mirror in his mother's room to make sure his aim was correct. The bullet pierced his forehead between the eyes, and the whole top of his head was blown off. Still clutching the smoking revolver, he fell back on his mother's bed, beside which he had been standing. The hand with the weapon fell across his chest.

Pence had been despondent over his health for some time, and had been told by his physician, Dr. B. F. Eckman, that he was in danger of softening of the brain. It was this fear of losing his mind that especially preyed upon him and is supposed to have driven him to end his existence.

He fulfilled his duties on the Police Court bench this morning, passing upon two cases, and left for home after a joking request on Police Chief Shuler for a cigar.

At home he immediately went upstairs, but his strange actions caused Henry Kelsey, a colored lad employed at the house, to become suspicious and watch him.

On pretense of cleaning a grate, the lad entered the second floor front room, where the Judge was pacing to and fro, wringing his hands. Then the Judge left and the lad followed him to another room, thence down the back stairs to the barn and back again to the house.

All knew what it meant when a shot was heard, and, rushing to his side, found him already beyond the reach of mortal aid.

Pence was an Elk and a Blue Lodge Mason, had served a term in the Kentucky State Legislature and was serving his seventh year as Police Judge.

His term would have expired next January, and he had announced himself as a candidate for County Attorney.

For several months he had been in wretched health and had gone to Hot Springs in a vain effort to get well. Recently he was rejected as a bad life insurance risk.

NOW HAVE $8,000

WITH WHICH TO ERECT BUSINESS WOMEN'S CLUB NEW BUILDING.

Report Shows $2,000 Secured During Past Year—A Fine Showing.

Great progress toward raising a fund with which to construct a new building for the sole use of the Business Women's Club was shown last night at the anual meeting by the report read by Mrs. W. O. Bailey, the treasurer. It showed that during the past year $2,000 has been added to the fund, making a total now on hand of about $8,000. The progress in all other lines, in efficiency of service and in increased membership, was shown by the reports of the other officers and of the committees to be fully as great, making the year the most successful ever experienced by the club.

The meeting last night was the annual one, which is held to hear reports on the progress of work and plans for the future, as well as to give all the members a chance to meet each other socially. The rooms on Walnut street were attractively decorated in the club colors, white and green, and the parlor, where the punch was served, was a mass of cut roses and potted plants.

Mrs. Helm Bruce, the president, presided, and after the Rev. Dr. J. G. Minnigerode had led in prayer, made the welcoming address. She went over the work of the past year in a general way, without giving any figures, and congratulated the club on its most successful year. She was warmly applauded when she had finished. E. J. McDermott then spoke for several minutes, as the representative of the Advisory Committee. Delightful music was furnished by Mrs. Newton Crawford and Mrs. Edwin Whitney. After reports had been read by the following committees and officers, the remainder of the evening was spent socially:

Mrs. Marion E. Taylor, Finance; Miss Anna Barr, Nominating; Mrs. S. H. Edgar, House; Miss Lizzie Wood, Lunch; Mrs. John B. Castleman, Employment; Mrs. Chester Mayer, Exchange; Miss Pauline Eckenroth, Educational; Mrs. Henry Walbeck, Devotional; Mrs. F. M. Lampton, Comfort and Relief; Mrs. Ed L. Warren, Membership; Mrs. Alfred Brandeis, Library; Mrs. R. A. Peter, Hospitality; Mrs. E. C. Herndon, Boarding Place; Mrs. Samuel G. Boyle, Press; Miss Edith Griffiths, Junior; Mrs. John W. Green, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. W. O. Bailey, Treasurer; Mrs. Morton V. Joyes, Assistant Treasurer; Mrs. Bethel Veech, Recording Secretary.

Will Begin Work At Once.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—At a meeting to-day of the stockholders of the Frankfort and Versailles Traction Company, at which J. S. Mosely, of Cincinnati, representing Eastern capitalists, was present, it was decided to begin almost immediately the construction of a line to Versailles. The Glenn's creek route will be taken in order to connect for freight with several distilleries along the line.

Rigid Instructions.

Williamsburg, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—Circuit Court is in session here, and Judge Jarvis gave very rigid instructions to the grand jury on the illegal sale of whisky and certain drugs and ciders, and also the Sunday closing law.

Madison Represented.

Madison, Ind., May 9.—[Special.]—Madison has a large delegation at the seventeenth district meeting of Knights of Pythias at Vernon, which closes tonight, including its work team, commanded by Capt. John C. White. Union B. Hunt is among the speakers.

Killed In a Sawmill.

Corydon, Ind., May 9.—George Gleitz was struck by a board while working in a sawmill near this place and instantly killed. He was a son of Commissioner Michael Gleitz. He leaves a widow and two children.

SMILED

And Was Happy To See the Throng.

PRESIDENT IN PRAIRIE STATE.

THE CHILDREN STILL PLEASE HIM MOST.

AGAIN SPEAKS OF IRRIGATION.

Grand Island, Neb., May 9.—Despite the rain, 5,000 people had gathered at the Union Pacific depot at 6:20 o'clock this evening to see and hear President Roosevelt. The pilot train arrived at 6:10, and promptly at the minute the presidential train pulled into the station. The President, smiling and happy, was out upon the rear platform and lost no time in greeting the Nebraskans gathered here. He had already begun to address the throng, when Miss Anna Garmire and the members of the High School graduating class worked their way through the crowd and presented the President with a fine bouquet of flowers on behalf of the business men of Grand Island and of the school. The President expressed his appreciation, especially as coming from the school children, venturing the assurance that he need not to call attention for his fondness for school children.

After referring to his former visit here, his address took a more general turn. He had barely closed, when his train pulled out of the yards amid the shouts and hurrahs of the most enthusiastic and satisfied gathering that had ever taken place here.

* * *

An Uneventful Trip.

With only four stops for speeches, the trip of the presidential special from Denver to this city was uneventful. The train arrived here at 6:30 o'clock. United States Senator Burkett and Edward Rosewater, publisher of the Omaha Bee, were taken on board as the President's guests as far as Omaha. The speeches were all brief and devoted almost entirely to the discussion of the country through which the President passed and to the subject of irrigation. The President spoke longest at North Platte, Neb., where he said:

* * *

Pioneer Spot In Irrigation.

"This is the third time in recent years I have been in North Platte, and it is a peculiar pleasure to be with you once again. This neighborhood is one of the pioneer spots of the West in irrigation. It was your good fortune to lead in showing just what could be done by means of irrigation for the prosperity of the country. Nothing will count more in the next half century in building up the United States than what is done in irrigation. I am particularly glad to see all of you here, especially the children. I heartily believe in you and I am glad that the stock is kept up. Although I congratulate Nebraska on many crops, the best crop of all is the crop of citizens. What counts in any nation more than anything in the end is the average of the citizenship. Here as everywhere else in the West I see men who wear the button that shows that they fought in the great Civil War. In the Civil War the winning or losing of that fight depended upon the average quality of the average soldier. So it is in civil life.

* * *

Must Have Average People.

"The one thing that we have got to have is the average man and the average woman of the right type. So I congratulate you of Nebraska on your school system and your family life as being the two things that count for most in training up the children of the present to be men and women of the future. Success for any community, and, therefore, the nation, means success in having the average family the kind of family that it should be. Two years ago I went from the Atlantic to the Pacific. I have just been a little while ago down in Texas, as I had been previously in Maine and Oregon, and there is one thing that strikes me more than anything else in this wonderful country of ours, and that is fundamentally wherever you address a crowd of Americans it is a pretty decent crowd."

A MISSISSIPPI TOWN WIPED OUT BY FIRE.

Jackson, Miss., May 9.—The business district of the town of Flora was wiped out by fire to-day, all the principal stores being destroyed, including the large establishment of W. B. Jones & Son and the Bank of Flora. Fire started in the store of Bentley Brothers and spread with alarming rapidity. The telegraph and telephone offices were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

NOT A MESSENGER FROM THE HOLY SEE.

Rome, May 9.—The Vatican has issued a statement stating that the mission of the Rt. Rev. Francis Albin Symon, titlar archbishop of Attalia to the United States, is not from the Holy See. Archbishop Symon, it has been stated, is coming to the United States to investigate the condition of the Polish Catholics in this country.

Schiller Day Celebrated.

Evansville, Ind., May 9.—[Special.]—Schiller day was celebrated here today by the local German societies. Addresses were made by former Congressman Frank B. Posey and the Rev. August Lange.

Young Girls



Avoid The Dangers and Sufferings of Womanhood

Many a girl who graduates from high school or female college with a brilliant record and high standing is broken down before she is twenty.

Nowadays girls are pushed to the limit of their endurance both in school and society. They must make a success—even if they are forever unfitted for the larger school of life and debarred from wedded happiness and the bliss of motherhood.

At this time of life, when just entering upon womanhood, nature makes heavy drains upon the vitality, especially at each monthly period,

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

the most wonderful of all tonic restorative medicines for women, will tide a young girl over this trying time and bring her safely into strong, noble, beautiful womanhood.

Experience of a Beautiful High School Girl

Her First Letter.

MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to see if you can suggest some means to cure me. A little more than a year ago I was sick with menstruation for the first time, and since then I have been sick all the time in some way or other and suffered with painful and irregular menstruation. I went to a summer resort for my health and was doctored all summer, but to no effect. I have not menstruated for two months and thought I would see if you could do me any good. I attend High School and would not like to miss any time if it is possible. MARION BARBER, North Adams, Mass.

Miss Barber writes again after two years

MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:

Sometime ago I wrote to you for advice, being troubled with irregular and painful menstruation and womb disease. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and using the Sanative Wash, and I am glad to say I am completely cured and have not had any sickness since. I wish to thank you for your kind advice and shall recommend your medicine to my girl friends. MARION BARBER, 101 Bracewell Ave., North Adams, Mass.

Free Advice for Young Girls

All young girls are earnestly urged to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Thousands of women are well, strong, and beautiful to-day because they made a confidant of Mrs. Pinkham and followed her instructions at this critical time of their lives.



Cooling
Soothing
Delicious

There's a tingle and tone to Fehr's Beer. There is a characteristic quality and flavor that places it in a class to itself.

There is keen enjoyment in its snap and sparkle, and because of its absolute purity, it is refreshing, invigorating and healthful.

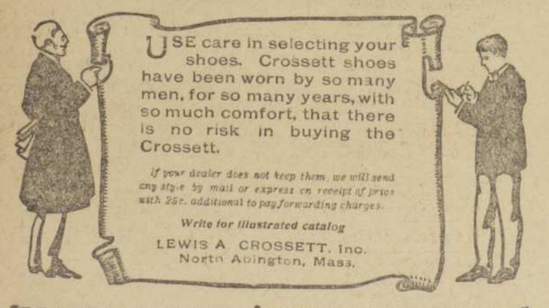
F.F.X.L.
WHOLESOME AS SUNSHINE

'Tis ideal for Family or Table use: so acceptable and nutritious for old and young. It is an aid to digestion and far better than Medicine for strengthening nerves and building tissue.

To get "Fehr" quality, "Fehr" flavor and "Fehr" purity one must get Fehr Beer. If your dealer can't supply you, advise with us. We'll see that you get genuine F. F. X. L.

Frank Fehr Brewing Co.
Louisville, Kentucky.

CROSSETT
$3.50 SHOE $4.00



USE care in selecting your shoes. Crossett shoes have been worn by so many men, for so many years, with so much comfort, that there is no risk in buying the Crossett.

If your dealer does not keep them, we will send any style by mail or express on receipt of price with 25c. additional to pay forwarding charges.

Write for illustrated catalog

LEWIS A CROSSETT, Inc.
North Abington, Mass.

"MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY"
(TRADE MARK)

NEW ANTITOXIN

SOUGHT BY FORMER LOUISVILLE CHEMIST

FOR SPINAL MENINGITIS.

Dr. Simon Flexner Working With Rockefeller Institute—Classifying Germs of Disease.

New York, May 9.—There is being made in this city a determined effort to solve the mystery of cerebro-spinal meningitis, says the Herald. The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, under the direction of an eminent bacteriologist, Dr. Simon Flexner, of Philadelphia, has combined in the work with the commission appointed by the city to study the disease, its cause and its treatment. Perhaps the greatest problem before these scientists is the discovery of an antitoxin.

Of the germ itself there is wide difference of opinion. Many cases of meningitis are declared to be due to the germ of pneumonia. Dr. Edward K. Dunham, of the commission, is said to have discovered varieties of the meningitis germ proper. Dr. A. Netter, of Paris, a recognized authority in this disease, says it is possible that the germ which science has been studying is but a degenerated form of the pneumonia germ.

Experiments are made difficult by the fact that the animals commonly used in the laboratory—rabbits, guinea pigs and dogs—are only slightly affected by this disease. The goat has been found sensitive, however, and it has been suggested by the commission that the ape would make a good subject. Apes, however, are hard to get and expensive.

* * *

Months of Work Ahead.

When asked yesterday how near the commission was to the production of an antitoxin for meningitis Dr. Simon Flexner said: "It will be months before we shall know what we have. We are experimenting in every direction. I only wish I had some results to make public."

The medical profession is awaiting with extraordinary interest the results of the commission's work, for never before have such a number of eminent men co-operated to obtain light upon this disease. Meningitis breaks all known laws of medicine. It has long been thought there was some connection between epizootia in horses and meningitis. Previous epidemics in America have been preceded by epidemics among horses. In France an epidemic in a regiment of artillery at Grnoble affected the regiment's horses. But during the present epidemic in New York there is no sign of epizootia.

In Gouverneur Hospital, where diphtheria antitoxin was first used, the mortality is far below that of the other hospitals where this antitoxin was used later. Gouverneur had by far the largest number of meningitis cases, and a careful bacteriological examination was made in every instance. It was the results obtained at this hospital under Dr. Edward Wartzfelder that induced practically the whole profession in this city to try the treatment. Yet in other hospitals beneficial results were not obtained and diphtheria antitoxin has been abandoned. Many writers have tried to classify varieties of the disease, but beyond the rapid or "foundroyant" type, such as the attacks that caused the death of little Livington Mellen, in Brooklyn, in a few hours Saturday, and the lingering kind that may last for months, the authorities cannot agree on a classification.

Experience the world over shows that this disease flourishes only between the months of January and June. The epidemic in New York is, therefore, near its end. At the end of an epidemic violent cases, such as the one cited above, are said to be rare.



It's in the laundry as well as on your back that a

Cluett
Coat Shirt

proves its superiority
Fast colors—
$1.50 and more
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.,
Makers of Cluett and Arrow Collars

L&N Special Train —TO— CINCINNATI
Sunday, May 14. $1.50 Round Trip.
Special trains leave Tenth and Broadway and First-st. stations 8 a. m.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CLASHES

Still Frequent, But Violence Is Subsiding.

CHICAGO STORES RESUMING

DELIVERIES OF GOODS ON ALMOST NORMAL BASIS.

MOTION FOR DISSOLUTION

Of the Strike Injunctions Is Taken Up and Evidence Is Being Presented.

EXPRESS AGENT TESTIFIES.

Chicago, May 9.—The large department stores and the express companies to-day resumed business on almost a normal basis. They sent their wagons into the extreme parts of the city, in some instances without police protection, and transacted their business without interruption or trouble of a serious character. Sixteen hundred teams were at work to-day and the number will be increased to-morrow. Notwithstanding this apparent gain, however, there are strong indications to-night that the strike will spread within the next few days, not only among the teamsters, but will involve other unions as well. The drivers of the Wenig Teaming Company, a large concern, chiefly engaged in delivering flour, went out to-day when one of their number was discharged for refusing to deliver flour to a boycotted house. The Wenig company is a strong factor in the Team Owners' Association, which has heretofore sided rather with the Teamsters' Union than with the Employers' Association. Its stand in line with the latter organization was something of a surprise to both sides in the struggle.

* * *

No Shortage In Flour.

In some quarters it was feared that the strike of the Wenig company drivers would produce a shortage in the supply of flour, but he officers of the company say to-night that they have a supply sufficient to last the city for a week and that at the expiration of that time they will be able to make deliveries as before. For some time this afternoon it was reported that a strike of the teamsters employed by the Crane company was imminent. This concern is an immense manufacturer of elevator and plumbing supplies and its shut down would be a serious detriment to many building operations now in progress.

The threat to strike was caused by the discharge of two teamsters who refused to make deliveries as ordered. The officials of the union sanctioned the strike, but it did not occur as expected. An adjustment was reached of some kind, but the statements of the Crane company and of the labor leaders differ as to its character. It is stated by the labor men that the two drivers were reinstated. This is denied by the Crane company. The fact remains, however, that the men did not strike, and the probability now is that they will remain at work.

* * *

Numerous Clashes.

There were numerous clashes in the streets to-day between nonunion men and the police and union teamsters, who attempted to block the passage of the wagons of the Employers' Association. They were also attacks made on nonunion men by workmen in buildings, who pelted them with all sorts of missiles from a safe distance. These fights were all in the character of rear guard attacks and bore no resemblance to the open violence committed during last week. The most serious fight of the day was at Lake and Clark streets where union teamsters formed a blockade and brought about a congestion of traffic and a series of fights that blocked the streets in that section of the city for the greater part of an hour. Nobody was seriously hurt, and numerous arrests were made by the police.

Coal teamsters in the business section of the city were the especial objects of attack by workmen in buildings, near which they drove. As soon as they were discovered missiles of all sorts were showered upon them and in several instances it was necessary for the wagon guards and the police to send a volley of bullets flying toward the windows. Nobody, however, was shot during the day.

* * *

The Injunction Suits.

The taking of evidence relative to the granting of the injunctions issued temporarily by the United States Circuit Court in favor of the Employers' Association and the seven express companies, commenced to-day before Master in Chancery Sherman. The first witness was Robert J. Thorne, assistant secretary of Montgomery Ward & Company. He described the commencement of the garment workers' strike, which was the original cause of the present trouble, and told of the boycott which had been placed against his firm and of numerous assaults on teamsters and others committed almost at the door of the Ward building. He was interrupted repeatedly throughout his testimony by the attorneys for the labor men, who objected to his answers on the ground that mobs and riots had nothing to do with the defendants in these cases.

* * *

Mr. Eddy's Statement.

E. B. Eddy, general agent of the United States Express Company, was the second witness, and held the stand until the final adjournment in the afternoon. He said:

"After the commencement of the strike against the express companies, I held a meeting with Cornelius P. Shea, president of the Teamsters' Union, J. B. Barry and Hugh McGee, of the Teamsters' Union. Mr. Barry suggested that inasmuch as only thirty-seven men had voted for a strike out of the 700 involved, it would be well to call another meeting and have a referendum vote on the proposition to strike. Shea said that notices were sent to all members and inasmuch as they had failed, with the exception of thirty-seven, to attend the meeting, the vote of the majority of those present was sufficient to call a strike and the leaders must be guided by that vote.

When the strike commenced some of our drivers assured me, said Mr. Eddy, that they were willing to work, but would have their heads knocked off if they did so. At present the only union men who are still working for us are two who drive wagons containing the Government money. They are working by permission of the union.

Attorney Leboskey, who appeared for the unions, said:

"I object to the remarks 'by permission.'"

"Well," said Mr. Eddy, "I saw the cards signed by the union officials giving these men permission to handle the money, and I heard that if the Government was interfered with the unions feared Federal troops."

"Did you ever have the pleasure of disarming a slugger," asked Attorney Mayer, who represents the Employers' Association. Attorney Getting, of counsel for the labor unions, objected to the use of the word "slugger."

Master in Chancery Sherman said:

* * *

Slugger "A Good Word."

"The word 'slugger' is a good square word when it is properly applied, and I see no objection to its use in a broad way."

Mr. Eddy then told of a struggle he and a United States Marshal had experienced with a man named Carnegie, who had threatened to kill the United States Marshal, and whom he had helped to disarm. Carnegie was taken into custody by the police and had never been brought up for trial, nor had the attorneys for the express company ever been able to find any trace of him.

In the afternoon Mr. Eddy was cross-examined by the attorneys for the defendants. He said that at least forty men have been arrested in the last two days who have violated the Federal injunctions. Action in the Federal Courts will be taken against them at a later time.

"Why do you arm the men on your wagons?" he was asked.

"Because they are assaulted, shot and they must have some means of protecting themselves and the company's property."

* * *

An Exhibit.

At this juncture Attorney Mayer introduced in evidence a large stone, an iron bolt, a wooden paper roll, and Mr. Eddy declared that these missiles were thrown into one of the express company's wagons by a crowd of men as the wagon passed Bricklayers' Hall, a headquarters for labor unions on the West Side.

The attorneys for the defendants attempted to show in the cross-examination that many of the assaults credited to strikers might have been perpetrated by robbers or other persons, and that many of the street blockades might have occurred at any time. Mr. Eddy will resume the stand in the morning.

WYNDHAM EXPLAINS

RESIGNED IN ORDER BETTER TO SERVE GOVERNMENT.

Sir H. C. Bannerman's Vote of Censure On Irish Policy Defeated By Large Majority.

London, May 9.—George Wyndham, who has been absent owing to illness since his resignation of the chief secretaryship for Ireland, returned to the House of Commons this afternoon, and as a preliminary to the introduction of the vote of censure of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, on the Irish policy of the Government, made a personal explanation of the reason for his resignation. He said he had insisted on retiring from the Cabinet, not on the grounds of policy, but because political and personal reasons had convinced him that he could better serve the Government as an unofficial member than as Chief Secretary for Ireland. His views had not changed in the smallest degree in regard to the Irish administration. The union must be the fundamental principle of any sound Irish policy. Mr. Wyndham thought the scheme for Evolution was in some way more open to criticism than even the plans for Home Rule itself.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman then moved his resolution, which amounted to a vote of censure of policy and proceedings of the Irish government connected with and subsequently to the appointment of Sir Anthony Macdonnell.

Premier Balfour, at considerable length, reviewed the situation. He denied that the Earl of Dudley, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, had any leanings toward Home Rule. The Premier defended Mr. Wyndham, saying it was natural that he should seek to find some solution of the Irish question. Mr. Wyndham had failed, but there had been many failures before. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's resolution in reality was intended as an attack upon Mr. Wyndham and himself which was absolutely unjustifiable.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's resolution was rejected by a vote of 315 to 252.

PREACHER DENIES

THAT HE MADE PROMISES HE COULD NOT FULFILL.

Notwithstanding, a Fraud Order Was Issued Against His Company.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 9.—[Special.]—Members of the South-street Baptist church have been greatly surprised within the past few days to learn that the pastor, the Rev. L. D. Bass, was at the head of a concern at Washington, D. C., a short time ago against which a fraud order was issued by the Government, and some of the officers of the church think that the pastor should be called upon for an explanation. Mr. Bass, it is charged, was at the head of what was known as a "civil service institute," and it is alleged that it promised to secure positions for such as received instructions through the institute; that the Government caused an investigation, then issued a fraud order which excluded the circulars and other matter issued by the institute from the mails.

When seen to-day Mr. Bass did not deny that he had conducted such an institute, but denied that he had promised to give its graduates positions in the Government service. He said he was conducting a "Union Teachers' Aid Agency" in Washington when the idea occurred to him to add an agency for persons desiring employment under the Government. He admitted that a fraud order was issued against him and that it was enforced, but said that it grew out of political prejudice; that he appealed from the order and all but one of his exceptions were sustained. He said that he was the pastor of a church in Virginia while the matter was pending in the courts and when he left the pastorate a letter of good standing was given him.

Four Prisoners At Large.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 9.—Officers of Claiborne county, Tenn., are in pursuit of four prisoners who broke jail there yesterday. Jailer J. T. Crutchfield was placing two men charged with small offenses behind the bars when four men inside overpowered him. They were: Richard Monsley, white, larceny; John Rucker, white, felony; Arthur Howling, colored, and Raleigh Lovins, white, both charged with murder.

ASSASSIN

Shoots Down Wm. Cundiff From Ambush.

TRAGEDY IN RUSSELL COUNTY.

SAMUEL SHEARER, AGED FARMER, MEETS DEATH ON RAILROAD BRIDGE.

COUNTERFEITER CONVICTED.

Jamestown, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—William Cundiff, who lived ten miles south of Jamestown, was shot and killed by an unknown person yesterday afternoon. He had been to town and was on his way home when shot.

FORMER SWEETHEART

Betrays Tilford Young and He Is Convicted of Counterfeiting.

London, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—In the United States Circuit Court here to-day the jury brought in a verdict of guilty against Tilford Young, of Whitley county, for making counterfeit money. The court has not yet passed sentence. Young was betrayed by a Miss Della Rogers, his sweetheart, who claims that Young promised to marry her and then refused to do so. She set the prosecution on foot and then appeared as witness against him. The case has been in court for three years and has attracted much attention.

A sister of the defendant created quite a sensation in the court room when the verdict was read by loud and continued screaming.

FOUND DEAD

Under Unusual Circumstances Near Bardstown Junction.

Bardstown Junction, Ky., May 9.—Mrs. Letitia Lymager, aged forty-eight years, met death peculiarly sudden. Her husband, Jacob Lymager, had left home early in the morning to go to a neighbor's for a load of corn, and upon his return he missed his wife, and with the assistance of his neighbors, began a search for her. It was not until about 12:30 o'clock that she was found by her husband. She was laying face downward in about six inches of water at the edge of a pond where she supposedly had gone to water some stock. There were no water in her lungs and no evidence of a struggle and her physician pronounced her death due to heart trouble.

RUN DOWN AND KILLED.

Fate of a Well-Known Farmer of Madison County.

Fort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—Samuel Shearer, one of the most popular farmers in Madison county, was instantly killed here at 6:30 a. m. while crossing the Kentucky river railroad bridge. He was hurled a distance of about sixty feet. He is survived by a widow and six children, Mrs. Tobe Green, Mrs. Florence Biggerstaff, Mrs. Dora Swanford, Messrs. Richard, Melvin and Allie Shearer, all of Lexington, Ky.

Candidates At Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—Announcement was made to-day of the candidacy of the following well-known business men of this city for Democratic nominations for members of the Common Council and for School Trustees: Councilmen, First ward, C. E. Collins, Z. J. Montgomery, O. B. Demaree, W. J. Gorman; Second Ward, William Congleton, W. S. Rosson, M. Busam, E. B. Weitzel; Third ward, W. G. Simpson, John R. Sower, C. M. Bridgeford, L. C. Guthrie; School Trustees, First ward, H. H. Roberts; Second ward, J. C. Hubbard; Third ward, S. W. Howell.

Died From Grief.

Covington, Ky., May 9.—Grief over the recent death of her husband caused the sudden death of Mrs. Ella Sommers this morning at 8 o'clock. A week ago her husband, Ben Sommers, formerly a well-known baseball umpire and hotel proprietor, passed away, and two months before this sorrow Mrs. Sommers' favorite brother died. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Sommers' grief has been pathetic and the attending physician says that a broken heart was the indirect cause of her death.

Hundreds After Robbers.

Barbourville, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—About 12 o'clock last night robbers broke into the stores of England Ellison & Co. and J. M. Lock, taking several articles of merchandise, including shoes, shirts and dress goods. Bloodhounds have been secured and are following a course northward. It is expected to catch the robbers before midnight. From 300 to 500 persons are following the dogs.

Preachers At Variance.

Owingsville, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—While a party of Mormon preachers were holding services on the street here they said they could perform miracles. Elder Edward Crump, a county preacher, took offense at this and the lie was quickly passed. Crump struck the Mormon, but the men were quickly separated.

Farmer Killed By Cars.

Owensboro, Ky., May 9.—James Smith a well-known farmer, was run down and instantly killed by a local freight train on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, six miles south of here. He was walking along the track and was struck by a box car and knocked down. He was seventy years old.

Leg Badly Crushed.

Versailles, Ky., May 9.—[Special—Andrew Trumbo was caught in the machinery at W. A. Gaines & Co.'s distillery near Millville, this county, and his leg was broken and crushed between the knee and ankle. It is feared that amputation will be necessary.

R. G. Harbison Dead.

Danville, Ky., May 9.—R. G. Harbison, who was local representative for the Western Union Telegraph Company at this place for some fifteen years, died this morning, after having been sick for two years. He leaves a wife.

MYSTERY IN DEATH OF A YALE SENIOR.

Young Ohioan Found In His Room With a Bullet Wound In His Head.

New Haven, Conn., May 9.—Arthur Haserot, a Yale senior, who resided in Cleveland, O., was found shot to death in his room in Welch Hall, one of the campus dormitories, to-day, and an investigation into his case is being conducted. Medical Examiner Bartlett stated to-night that he believed death was the result of an accident or suicide, but further than that he would not discuss the case. Haserot's body was found by one of his roommates, and after it was viewed by the medical examiner was removed to an undertaker's. The case is being kept very quiet, and further than the fact that the young man was found dead, nothing official has been given out. A revolver was found near Haserot's side and there was a bullet wound in his head.

BIG SHAKE UP AMONG THE NEW YORK POLICE.

Two Inspectors, Ten Captains and Forty-five Sergeants Retired By the Commissioner.

New York, May 9.—The most extensive shake-up in the New York police department in years took place to-day when Commissioner McAdoo announced the retirement of two inspectors, ten captains and forty-five sergeants on the ground of physical disability. The inspectors released are Thomas L. Druhan, of Brooklyn, and Elbert O. Smith, of Harlem.

Found Dead In Bed.

Evansville, Ind., May 9.—[Special.]—Mrs. Magalena Schulthuis, aged sixty-nine, and wealthy, was found dead in bed at her home in Haubstadt, Ind., to-day.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

STAGE OF THE RIVERS.

Louisville, May 9.

Stations.	Danger Line.	Height in Ft.	Ch'ge 24Hrs.	Rainf'l 24Hrs.
Louisville	28	5.9	—0.4	...
Frankfort	31	6.6	—0.1	...
Evansville	35	17.4	—1.0	...
Paducah	40	20.9	—0.4	...
Nashville	40	10.6	—0.5	...
Chattanooga	33	6.5	+1.0	T.
Cairo	45	29.2	—0.7	...
St. Louis	30	11.2	.....	.22
Memphis	33	20.7	+1.0	...
Helena	42	27.7	+0.6	...
Vicksburg	45	28.9	+0.6	...
Shreveport	29	22.2	+0.4	...
New Orleans	16	11.9	+0.1	...
Little Rock	23	12.7	+2.9	...
Kansas City	21	9.3	+0.3	T.
Davenport	15	4.2	—0.1	T.

+Increase. —Decrease. T—Trace.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 9 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	66	.02	Cairo	84	.01
Pittsburg	61	.06	St. Louis	82	.26
Washington	74	.00	Cincinnati	66	.36
Charlotte	84	.00	Indianapolis	56	.34
Atlanta	84	.01	Chicago	42	.01
Jacksonville	88	.01	Davenport	50	.10
Montgomery	86	T	Marquette	40	.00
New Orleans	86	.02	St. Paul	44	.16
Galveston	70	.00	Bismarck	36	.52
Cor's Christi	74	.00	North Platte	70	.04
San Antonio	86	.00	Omaha	68	.06
Shreveport	86	.12	Kansas City	78	T
Palestine	84	T	Dodge City	86	.00
Vicksburg	86	.00	Oklahoma	78	.02
Little Rock	84	T	Amarillo	80	T
Fort Smith	78	T	Abilene	82	.00
Memphis	84	T	El Paso	78	.00
Nashville	84	T	Modena	48	.12
Chattanooga	84	T	Yello'ne Park	58	.18

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 9, 1905.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.06	29.88
Temperature	55	75
Dewpoint	43	64
Humidity	63	67
Wind direction	NE	E
Wind velocity	9	10
Weather	Cloudy	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, May 9, 1905.

Maximum temperature	83
Minimum temperature	54
Mean temperature	68
Normal temperature	68
Departure for day	00
Departure for month	+48
Departure since March 1	+299
Prevailing winds	N-NE
Mean barometer	29.97
Mean relative humidity	65
Character of day	Pt.cl'y
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	—.12
Departure for month	+.57
Departure since March 1	—2.17

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton....Tell City, from and to Evansville....Iron Age and tow, New Orleans to Pittsburg.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati at 6:30 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m.....Tarascon, Capt. Zoll, for Tell City, Rockport, Owensboro, Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was falling last evening with 5 feet 9 inches in the canal, 3 feet 7 inches on the falls and 12 feet 5 inches at the foot of the locks. Business fine. Weather clear, cloudy and cool.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Tell City had a fine trip to Evansville last evening....The Peters Lee leaves for Memphis next Sunday morning....The Tarascon goes to Evansville this afternoon....The Avalon has abandoned the Cincinnati trade....The new Elinor is hauling mud scows in and out of the canal....Texas rivers are overflowed, the result of general heavy rains....The wharfmaster has added to the general appearance of the city wharf by establishing a handsome little park containing swings, seesaws, merry-go-round and fenced it in as a playground for children, and many will appreciate and enjoy it during the summer. It is an attractive and pretty playground....Capt. Ed Howard has contracted to build another steel double-hulled ferryboat for Capt. Alex. Halliday, of New Orleans. He has just completed a fine one for him and will leave for New Orleans in a few days....Capt. J. F. Ellison will take personal charge of the steamer Queen City, which will carry the Rivers and Harbors Committee on the inspection of the Ohio river with a view of ascertaining the needs of the river and the improvement of the stream by the lock and dam system so that a nine-foot stage of water will be maintained the entire year from Pittsburg to Cairo....The City of Louisville will not leave for Cincinnati this evening until after the races. She will leave at 6:30 p. m. This will give her passengers a chance to see the races run....There is no coal here ready to go South and no water to take it if there was....The Resolute and John A. Wood are the next towboats due from below....The Transit is dropping coal from Willow Landing down to Duffy's to make room for coal tows from Pittsburg....Frank Lindsay was the pilot down and back on the Iron Age and tow....The Convoy brought down two barges of salt for Speed and went back light....Capt. Tom Faudrey has succeeded B. B. Bradley as agent for the combine at Cairo, and Capt. Patton has succeeded Capt. N. M. Jones at Memphis....The Fulton assisted the Iron Age in getting her tow out of the canal....There are ninety empty barges, forty-three boats and twelve flats here waiting to be towed to Pittsburg....The Iron Age and tow passed up yesterday. She had the big barges Louisville and Allegheny loaded with sugar and molasses, a barge of lumber, Price's towboat and showboat, twelve empty coalboats and five empty barges....The water is getting thin in the upper Ohio....The Woodruff is wrecking barges at the Kenova bridge....The Henry Lourey is repairing boilers at Cincinnati....The Ranger has laid up at Cairo and the Wash Honshell has taken her place....The Fred Hartwig has gone to the assistance of the S. H. H. Clark, aground at Kennett's Castle. All will get afloat in a few days.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 9.—[Special.]—The members of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors of Congress to-day inspected the Government improvements in the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. To-night they are being banqueted at the Hotel Schenley. Chairman Theodore E. Burton and other members of the committee were greatly impressed with the work already finished, and spoke in favor of a nine-foot stage from Pittsburg to Cairo, all expressing the hope that the long-sought condition might soon be a reality. The members of the committee who were here to-day were Messrs. Burton, Dovener, Alexander, Bede, Lorimer, Davidson, Sparkman, Ransdell and Secretary Cassidy. The gauges to-night are as follows: Davis Island dam, 5.8 feet; Herr's Island dam, 5.9 feet; Monongahela wharf, 5.6 feet. Weather clear and cool.

Cincinnati, O., May 9.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 14 feet, rising. To-day's departures of packets from the port of Cincinnati were: Virginia, Pittsburg; Tacoma, Pomeroy; Courier, Maysville; Levi J. Workum, Madison, and City of Louisville, Louisville. Word was received along the river front to-day to the effect that navigation on the Kentucky river for the larger boats would be suspended for ten days or more, beginning on May 18. The river will be closed until about the 1st of June. This move is made on account of repairs which will be made on lock No. 2. In the meantime boat operators will do their best to supply the trade above lock No. 2 until the repairs are made. Weather clear and cooler.

Madison, Ind., May 9.—[Special.]—River 12.1 feet and stationary. Lizzie Bay, Avalon, Hattie Brown and City of Cincinnati up. Helen M. Gould, Levi J. Workum and City of Louisville down. Fair and cool.

Cairo, Ill., May 9.—River 28.8 feet, and falling. Weather cloudy and warm.

St. Louis, May 9.—River 11.2 feet, a fall of .2 foot in twenty-four hours. Departed: Stacker Lee for Memphis. Weather fair and warm.

Memphis, Tenn., May 9.—[Special.]—River 20.7 feet, a rise of one foot in twenty-four hours.

$12.00 Per 100 Bushels

The Best 4th Pool Pittsburg Coal $3.00 Per Load.



Atlas Coal Co.

OFFICE 436 WEST JEFFERSON.

CHAS. L. CRUSH, Gen. Manager.

READ CAREFULLY!

The time to lay in coal is when you can get most for the least money. Anthracite is cheaper now than it will be next month, or subsequent months. If you have a furnace, now is the time to buy anthracite—$7.75 per ton.

Pocahontas Smokeless coal is cheaper than it will be later on. If you use Pocahontas for your furnace lay it in now. Lump, $4.50; Run of Mine, $3.50.

If you lay in Pittsburg coal we are prepared to offer First Pool cheaper than you will be able to buy it later. Price $13.00 per 100 bushels.

Fourth Pool Pittsburg, large, clean lumps, cheaper than you buy it later in the year. Price $12.00 per 100 bushels.

Gem Block (Genuine Jellico) cheaper than you can buy it later on. Price $12.00 per 100 bushels.

Adams' Domestic Lump, the best Kentucky coal mined, cheaper than it will ever be again. Price $11 per 100 bushels.

Coke of all kinds.

Telephone and our salesman will gladly call on you; or write us a postal card, which will be answered promptly. We solicit your patronage and guarantee satisfaction.

Don't forget that we are not INDEPENDENT, but most DEPENDENT (on you for business.)

PACIFIC COAL CO.,

452 W. Jefferson.

Phones 1821. STANLEY ADAMS, Gen'l Mgr.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S TO-NIGHT ONLY

HENRIETTA CROSMAN

In the charming comedy, MISTRESS NELL. Prices $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Next—Lillian Russell.

Sale of Seats and Boxes

For first week of the GOODHUE STOCK CO., in the superb scenic spectacle

Notre Dame

Opens at the box office to-morrow morning. NIGHTS—All lower floor 50c. All balcony 25c. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. All seats 25c.

MATINEE To-day 15c, 25c Every Day AVENUE

Nights 15c, 25c and 50c.

The inimitable Hebrew Comedian JULIAN ROSE in "Fast Life in New York."

Next Week—New York Day by Day.

FONTAINE FERRY PARK THEATER.

Every Afternoon and Night

8—BEDOUIN ARABS—8

AND OTHER BIG ACTS.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STEAMER

CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Cincinnati

At 6:30 p. m. to-day, giving all an opportunity to visit the races before leaving. Phones 141.

Louisville and Evansville Packet Co.—For Owensboro, Evansville and way points, Steamer TELL CITY, Monday and Friday; steamer TARASCON, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m.

REDUCED PASSENGER RATES.

Owensboro.....$2 25

Evansville.....2 50

Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot Fourth. Both 'phones, 495-827.

C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

Steamer Avalon, semiweekly for Madison, Carrollton and Cincinnati, Thursday, May 11, at 2 p. m. $1 to Cincinnati and return. J. L. STAIB & CO., Agents, 124 Fourth st.

PROPOSALS.

Public School Building To Be Let. Bids Wanted.

The School Board of the Big Stone Gap school district, Wise county, Va., will let to the lowest and best bidder the building of a stone school building, containing about fifteen rooms, at Big Stone Gap, plans and specifications for which can be seen at the store of W. T. Goodloe, in Big Stone Gap, Va., on and after May 17, 1905.

All bids must be sealed and addressed to J. F. Bullitt, Clerk, Big Stone Gap, Va. Bids will be opened at noon, May 27.

Bond, with good security, equal to the amount of the bid, will be required of the successful bidder.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

BIG STONE GAP SCHOOL DISTRICT.
By W. T. GOODLOE, Chairman.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—MRS. DR. SEBASTIAN, 618 Fifth, advises on all affairs of business, love, marriage, divorce, family troubles, lost or stolen property, absent friends; gives names, dates, goes deep into all important affairs which interest you; if in trouble consult this wonderful medium. Readings daily at 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. •

PERSONAL—FOR WOMEN ONLY. Dr. Raymond's Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2. DR. R. G. RAYMOND REMEDY CO., Room 29, 84 Adams st., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—Massage. Miss M. McClellan, Wilkes Block, 562 Fourth ave. •

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Meals 10c. 4 meats, 3 side dishes, fruit, pie, ice cream, hot bread. $2 week. NATIONAL RESTAURANT, 336 W. Jefferson. •

BOARDING—Large second-floor room, with best board. 1057 Third st. •

BOARDING—Room and board. 215 E. Gray st. •

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

BLEMISHES, pimples, eruptions, rashes, medicated by Satin skin cream soon disappear. •

SATIN Tooth Powder, "finer than silk." 50c size jars 25c. TAYLOR'S. •

Branch Offices.

Classified advertisements, such as Wants, Rents, Sales, Lost, etc., or subscriptions for the COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES, may be left at any of the Branch Agencies named below. Rates same as at main office.

NO. 1—F. V. SIMMS, 549 Preston.
NO. 2—THEO. RECTANUS, S. e. cor. Market and Preston.
NO. 3—VOELCKER & CO., Clay and Market.
NO. 4—F. W. HOFMANN, N. w. cor. Shelby and Washington.
NO. 5—JOHN J. SEIBERZ, Story and Webster.
NO. 6—H. G. YOUNG, 1102 Frankfort.
NO. 7—CRESCENT DRUG CO., Frankfort and Park avenues.
NO. 8—W. B. YOUNG, Broadway and Baxter.
NO. 9—RILEY'S NEWS DEPOT, 1903 Baxter.
NO. 10—JOHN C. WEINEDEL, Baxter and Finzer.
NO. 11—J. D. JANSING, Breckinridge and Barret.
NO. 12—JULIUS H. SPELGER, Walnut and Campbell.
NO. 13—H. G. SAAM, 800 E. Broadway.
NO. 14—F. SCHNEIDER, S. w. cor. Broadway and Preston.
NO. 15—C. L. WOODBURY, Cor. First and Breckinridge.
NO. 16—H. MOORMAN, Book Store, Preston and Caldwell.
NO. 17—HENRY A. BENDER, N. e. cor. St. Catherine and Logan.
NO. 18—GOSS-AVENUE PHARMACY, Cor. Goss and Texas.
NO. 19—RADEMAKER'S PHARMACY, 2000 Shelby.
NO. 20—J. A. SNYDER, Brook and Ormsby.
NO. 21—J. E. KILGUS, Third and Ormsby.
NO. 22—LESLIE P. BAKER & CO., Cor. Third and L.
NO. 23—ROBERT D. PEYTON, Fourth and Hill.
NO. 24—BLACK'S STAR DRUG STORE, Seventh and St. Catherine.
NO. 25—NUCKOLS BROS., Fifth and York.
NO. 26—W. B. HOPKINS, Thirteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 27—SHAFER'S PHARMACY, Twelfth and Broadway.
NO. 28—E. N. MENAR, Twelfth and Zane.
NO. 29—W. P. OVERSTREET, Cor. Fifteenth and Prentice.
NO. 30—C. F. MELTON, Eighteenth and Harney.
NO. 31—HENRY F. COHN, Eighteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 32—CHAS. H. BODE, Cor. Magazine and Twenty-second.
NO. 33—PARKLAND PHARMACY, Dixon Hall, 28th and Dumesnil.
NO. 34—W. D. MORRIS, Chestnut and Twenty-eighth.
NO. 35—H. ELLMER, Grocer, 2600 W. Market.
NO. 36—L. BIEHL, Grocer, 2300 High.
NO. 37—ALBERT STRUBY, Cor. Portland and Twenty-sixth.
NO. 38—PFEFFER DRUG CO., Cor. Twenty-second and Griffiths.
NO. 39—J. M. COLL, Seventeenth and Bank.
NO. 40—J. E. KREKEL, Twentieth and Market.
NO. 41—KRIEGER BROS., Eleventh and Market.
NO. 42—EVANS DRUG CO., Tenth and Jefferson.
NO. 48—OAKLAND PHARMACY, 1818 Seventh st.
NO. 49—F. E. MONTGOMERY, N. e. cor. Seventh and Broadway.
NO. 50—FRANK J. VOLKMAR, Eighteenth and Jefferson.

NEW ALBANY, IND.

NO. 43—FRANK E. MILLER, 602 Vincennes, cor. Oak.
NO. 44—CRECELIUS' ANTI-TRUST CUT-RATE DRUG & PAINT STORES, 131-133 E. Main, near Pearl.
NO. 45—CALLAHAN'S DRUG STORE, E. Eighth and Oak.
NO. 47—A. K. HOOVER, 512 W. Main st.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.

NO. 46—C. A. SCHIMPFF & SON, Stationery, 435 Spring.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

IF you have from $100 to $2,000 in ready money I can show you how and where to employ it so as to make a fortune in a few years, without risk, in a legitimate business enterprise; I invite the most rigorous investigation and am prepared to submit satisfactory evidence to convince the most conservative. Address B. F., P. O. Box No. 1272, New York City. •

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—In Louisville, at C. and O. station, a black pocketbook, containing a sum of money and private papers; the finder will be rewarded by returning same to me at Shelbyville, Ky. My name is written in the book. J. DUDLEY SMITH, 1529 Perry st., Chicago, Ill. •

LOST—St. Bernard male pup, Friday, May 5; brown and white, with silver collar; answers to name Buster. Reward for return to MRS. CHARLES MIVELAZ, 2337 W. Chestnut. •

LOST—Bull dog, about half grown, white and light brown spots, wearing harness; answers to name of Billy. Reward for return to W. R. WAGNER, 2819 W. Chestnut. Home 'phone 3280. •

LOST—Speaking tube, Saturday afternoon on Fourth st., near Walnut. Finder please leave at Room 25, Courier-Journal Office bldg., and receive reward. ••

LOST—Gold watch and nickel-plated chain. Return to J. H. SEEBOLT, Hancock and Gray sts. •

LOST—Black purse, bet. Stern's and Hesse's. Return 609 Myrtle st. Reward. •

MEDICAL.

CONSUMPTION—A sure cure; a simple remedy, easily obtained, accidentally discovered 5 years ago by a physician treating a consumptive patient with typhoid fever. Has since cured hundreds. Full directions $1. P. O. order or registered letter. Address THE LEMOCON CO., Monterey, Ky. •

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—NOTICE TO DRAFTED MEN—Men drafted into military service of the United States in 1864, and who paid or furnished a substitute, can recover the money. Write or call at 208 Kentucky Title bldg.
PENNEBAKER & CO.•

WANTED—By June 1 three or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping; desirable location. Address, full particulars, M 33, this office. •

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market st. Home 'phone 727; Cumb. 3181—Z. •

WANTED—Made like new your old Panama by GEORGE ONNEYBECKER, 509 E. Market. My work speaks for itself.•

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd. •

WANTED—Occupants for sleeping apartments; private family. 911 Third st. •

WANTED—To rent cottage in suburbs. Address J J 93, care Times office. •

WANTED—Depot wagon, good condition. 211 W. St. Catherine. •

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agents, capable and competent parties to take State agencies for the "Business Man's Vade Mecum;" large profits; some knowledge of bookkeeping necessary. Address J. M. HEAD, Atlanta, Ga. •

WANTED—We have a bonanza for canvassers. You can make $50 a week. Spare time $1 an hour; salary if preferred; outfit free. ZIEGLER CO., Philadelphia.•

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Wideawake men; steady work; good pay. 707 W. Jefferson. •

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Ironworkers for structural, ornamental, elevator inclosure and stairwork, blacksmiths, layers off, riveters, punching machine hands, sheetiron workers, finishers, helpers, apprentices, both for inside and outside. Opening for machinists and others to become ironworkers. Open shop; 9 hours per day. Good wages. Steady employment. Apply L. Schreiber & Sons Co., Eighth and Culvert; Pothoff & Frey Iron Works, Front and Lawrence; Stewart Co., Third and Eggleston; Walton Iron Co., Spring Grove ave. and Monmouth; Ig. Grimm & Co., 153 E. McMicken ave.; Columbia Iron Works, 723 Hunt st.; Wm. E. Ward & Co., 1317 Central ave.; John Schumacher, 1444 Main st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Covington Arch. Iron Works, Ninth and Washington, Covington, Ky. •

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; more demand for our graduates than can be supplied; $12 to $15 weekly; can nearly earn expenses before completing; write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Men and boys to learn plumbing trade. We cannot supply demand for graduates; $4.50 to $5 per day; eight weeks' completes course; earn while learning. Address for catalogue COYNE BROS. CO. Plumbing Schools, Cincinnati, O., St. Louis, Mo. Employment guaranteed or money refunded.

WANTED—For U. S. Army: Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. •

WANTED—THOUSANDS to work; meet those who want you at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. Open 9 a. m. till 4 p. m. White and colored, native and foreign, male and female; city, country and abroad. •

WANTED—10 factory helpers, 1 shorthand and typewriter, 12 laborers, $1.75 a day; 1 night watchman, bar porters, housemen, 3 mill hands. These positions are open. EAGLE LABOR AGENCY, 327 W. Market st. •

WANTED—A good, competent man that can raise from 6 to 700 oil barrels per day; must be sober and willing to work; good price and steady job to a good man. Address P. O. 532, Savannah, Ga. •

WANTED—Baker; first-class cake baker, day work, or good second hand on bread and rolls, night work; only reliable ones need apply; call after 3 p. m. 423 E. Market st. ••

WANTED—Molder, experienced in stove plate or plumbers' sanitary iron work; works located thirty-five miles from Pittsburg. Address L 96, this office. •

WANTED—A few reliable boys to serve as messengers. Apply at once. WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO., cor. Third and Main sts. •

WANTED—First-class cabinetmakers on furniture; good wages and steady work. Address T. & CO., 1226 Harrison ave., Cincinnati, O. •

WANTED—Two first-class band sawyers, good wages and steady work. Address T. & CO., 1226 Harrison ave., Cincinnati, O. •

WANTED—Two good mill bench hands. Apply at DOW WIRE AND IRON WORKS, Franklin and Buchanan. •

WANTED—Boys, 14 to 18 years of age. Apply at MENGEL BOX COMPANY, Twelfth and Ormsby ave.

WANTED—Woodworkers and cabinetmakers, ST. LOUIS CAR CO., 8000 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. •

WANTED—No charge to register for position! HAMMERLE, Clerical Employment, Columbia bldg. •

WANTED—Presser, man that understands pressing of ladies' apparel. BESTEN & LANGEN. •

WANTED—Laborers at the Crescent Hill filter plant. Apply to EDWARD F. KIMBLE, Supt. •

WANTED—Baker to work at night at BUSY BEE BAKERY, 1702 Rowan st.•

WANTED—Good cake baker. NEW YORK BAKERY, 343 Second st. ••

WANTED—A boy to work at night at BUSY BEE BAKERY, 1702 Rowan st.•

WANTED—A boy to learn tinner trade. Apply at once. 714 Twelfth st. •

WANTED—Baker on pies and cakes; day work. 428 W. Green. •

WANTED—One wagonmaker at 438 E. Main st. •

WANTED—Carpenter and millwright. 940 Fulton st. •

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Ladies everywhere, steady, pleasant, home work during spare time; good pay. Send addressed return envelope for full particulars. MANAGER, Dept. W 121, Lock Box 1382, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Lady stenographers who are unemployed; Smith operator; also one Oliver operator. HAMMERLE, Clerical Employment, 415 Columbia bldg. •

WANTED—We have good places for girls, good wages and good homes. EAGLE LABOR AGENCY, 327 W. Market st. •

WANTED—Ladies; home work, transferring; $6 to $12 weekly; tools free. Reliable. Courier-Journal Office bldg., room 57.

WANTED—Ladies; home work, transferring; $6 to $12 weekly; tools free. Reliable. Courier-Journal Office bldg., Room 57.

WANTED—Lady bookkeeper and stenographer, with little experience. HAMMERLE, 415 Columbia bldg. •

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Situation by a young married man in a business where there are opportunities for advancement; good penman and have a public school education; sober, reliable and can furnish good references. Address V 162, this office. •

WANTED—Position; first-class stenographer; nine years' experience. M. M., 1107 Morton ave. •

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LISTEN!
WE LOAN THE PEOPLE.
WHEN IN NEED OF MONEY.
See us.
$5 to $500
On household goods or salary.
Low rates. Private and confidential.
KY. LOAN AND BROKERAGE CO.,
Room 1, 423 Fourth. Home 2495.

$5 TO $200.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
Without Removal.
LONGEST TIME—LOWEST RATES.
Easy Payments—Strictly Private.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor.

FIDELITY LOAN CO.,
LOANS ON FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, ETC.
ALSO ON PLAIN NOTE,
ON SALARY, PAYMENTS
TO SUIT INCOME.
FIDELITY LOAN CO.,
502 FOURTH, 2d FLOOR.

MONEY ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE
We guarantee to do anything for you that any other company can or will do.
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 4th, 2d floor, bet. Jefferson and Green.

PRIVATE LOANS
On Furniture, Salaries, Etc. Lowest Rates.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.,
Room 216 Columbia bldg., 4th and Main.
Home 'phone 1516.

MONEY TO LOAN,
PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
MUTUAL BANKING CO.,
Rooms 551 Fourth ave., op. J. C. Lewis Co.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL.
We do all that others CLAIM to do.
LOUISVILLE LOAN CO.,
Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Established, successful manufacturing business in Louisville, paying 20 per cent.; will bear closest investigation; reason for selling given to those interested; a bargain to quick purchaser. Address X 22, this office. ••

FOR SALE—Genuine Welsbach lights and mantles give better illumination; see my new light. SHULHAFER, plumber, sole agent, 449 W. Jefferson st.; both phones 636. Pasteur filter agency. •

FOR SALE—One bay and one sorrel saddle and harness horse, one bay mare, all gentle for lady to drive. Write or telephone to G. W. LYON, Jeffersontown, Ky. •

FOR SALE—Coal reduced; best screened nut $2.50, 25 bushels; best Falcon lump, 25 bushels, $2.75 c. o. d. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., Home telephone 1262.•

FOR SALE—Automobile, 2 passenger; Olds make; will trade for horse and buggy or property. Address C 165, this office. •

FOR SALE—CHEAP—SEVEN PARIS MUTUALS, IN GOOD ORDER. COLUMBIAN LOAN CO., 509 W. MARKET.•

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For real estate, established department store; invoice $8,000. Address E 107, this office. •

FOR SALE—I want to sell my driving horse; must be sold at once. 611 W. Chestnut st. •

FOR SALE—5-year-old Whisky, $2 gallon. RADEMAKER'S, Shelby and Camp. •

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third. •

FOR SALE—Horse, gentle; runabout, new; bargain. 100 Jacob st. ••

FOR SALE—Horse, wagon and harness. 640 E. Ormsby, in rear. ••

FOR SALE—Fine Jersey cow at 432 E. Chestnut st. •

FOR SALE—Fine surrey. Apply at 1725 Clay st. •

FOR SALE—Good milk cow. 1205 W. Market. ••

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY HOME—By J. C. HALE & CO., Agents, 208 Keller bldg.: A charming place of 22 acres at Beard's, only 5 minutes' walk from station, 30 minutes to or from Louisville, on the L. and N. railroad, or 45 minutes on the electric express. The place is highly improved and extremely well watered. There is a great abundance of choice fruit of all kinds, also well shaded with large maples, stately pine and oak trees. Surrounding the residence of 10 or more rooms are a great variety of ornamental trees and flowers, with walks and drives never muddy 5 minutes after hard rain. Must be seen to be appreciated. Price $8,500. J. C. HALE & CO., Agents, 208 Keller bldg. •

FOR SALE — Beautiful homes in Avery Court. If you want a combined summer and winter home, with every modern convenience, go to Second and Avery and see those artistic, up-to-date colonials and beautiful court. Home phone 414 and 1272; Cumberland Main 414 and 1769. •

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Very desirable 11-room, nearly new residence, 2413 Second st.; has reception hall, breakfast room, 6 chambers, separate bath, furnace, etc.; lights, both gases, all modern conveniences. Apply at premises. •

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; 10 days' trial free. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main. •

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts. •

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Modern S. Second st. residence, 9 rooms, unexpired lease, cheap to right party. EUGENE B. MALONE, 20 U. S. Trust bldg. Phone 210. •

FOR RENT OR SALE—Two 8-room houses, 1530 or 1631 Coral ave.; large yard and stable. EDW. F. WIEGEL, 'Phone 3188. •

FOR RENT—7-room house, with all modern conveniences; Crescent Court, Crescent Hill; $25. E. F. WIEGEL, 'phone M—3188.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms 52 and 53 in the Courier-Journal building; suitable for light manufacturing purposes; power at reasonable rates; immediate possession given. Apply at COUNTING ROOM of Courier-Journal. •

FOR RENT—A 4-room and bath apartment in the Ansonia building; steam heat, hot water, janitor, etc.; $25 per month. G. W. GRANT, 238 Fifth. Phone 4036.

FOR RENT—A large double room, Nos 38 and 39, on 4th floor; reasonable rates. Apply Counting Room of the COURIER-JOURNAL. •

FOR RENT—Office, 4 rooms, 509 Second st., formerly occupied by Dr. Leachman. Apply E. B. SCHIEMAN, First and Walnut. ••

FOR RENT—Rooms 37, 46 and 47 in the Courier-Journal Office Building. Apply at counting-room of the Courier-Journal.•

FOR RENT—4-room flat with bath and large attic. 1617 Coral ave.; $15, water included. E. F. WIEGEL. 'Phone M—3158•

FOR RENT—One nice cool room, furnished. Pope bldg., Third and Walnut. Inquire at POPE RESTAURANT. •

FOR RENT—Desirable suburban home; convenient to electric cars; near city. Address W. W. 99, Times office. ••

FOR RENT — Furnished apartment in the St. James. Apply DR. CHEATHAM, 203 W. Chestnut st. •

FOR RENT—Rooms, connecting; nicely furnished, attractive; reference required. 848 Sixth st. •

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with bath, 212 W. St. Catherine st. •

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 717 First st. •

Courier-Journal.

—Published—

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

Rates.

Daily edition, one year......$6 00
Daily and Sunday edition, one year. 8 00
Daily and Sunday, one month...... 75
Weekly edition, one year...... 1 00

To City Subscribers.

Daily, delivered......10c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered..15c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered, 1 month...65c

Postage.

Entered at the Louisville post-office as second-class matter.
10, 12 and 14 pages......1 cent
16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 pages......2 cents
28, 32, 40 and 42 pages......3 cents

Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

Telephone Numbers.

Business department......1340
Editorial rooms......276

TEN PAGES

WEDNESDAY........MAY 10, 1905

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, May 9.—The stock market improved in tone to-day, but was decidedly quiet. Business fell off to the minimum for several months, but optimism appears to prevail in financial circles, though important interests are not disposed to encourage speculation at present. The market narrowed down to a trader's affair, and closed irregular, but rather strong.

Money on call was quoted in New York at 2¼ to 2¾ per cent., with time loans at 3¼ to 3½. Sterling exchange was steady.

Profit-taking in anticipation of the Government report on wheat was responsible for the easier tone, July at the close being off ⅛c. Corn was down ½c to ⅝c, and oats show a loss of ⅛c.

The cotton market was lower on profit-taking, but the news was rather bullish. Closing prices were off about 10 points from the opening figures.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market steady to 5c lower, and sheep and lambs steady.

Philadelphia Discontented.

The city of Philadelphia has long been known as "corrupt, but contented." It has been ruled by two bodies called Councils—the Common Council and the Select Council—which are popularly known as "gangs of thieves." Back of them is the machine, which contrives to cast, or count, from 80,000 to 100,000 fraudulent votes at elections, so that the legal voters have a poor chance to make their influence felt under ordinary conditions. But it must be said that the most of them have made but poor use of the opportunities they have had.

Recently, however, there has been a change in the prevalent content under bad government. The city has just passed through a remarkable experience, which called into exercise its reserve forces of self-protection to a degree seldom witnessed anywhere. The gang wanted more money, and turned its attention to the gas works, which are owned by the city. In 1897 these were leased to the United Gas Improvement Company for thirty years. By the terms of this lease the city was to get free all the gas needed for municipal lighting and a share of the receipts from private consumers. The rate was not to exceed a dollar per thousand feet, but the city could reduce it to ninety cents; after ten years to eighty-five cents; after fifteen years to eighty cents, and after twenty years to seventy-five cents. All over these prices was to go to the city, which has been collecting ten cents per thousand feet, while the consumer paid one dollar. Under this arrangement the city's receipts rose from $340,103 in 1899 to $650,683 in 1904. The steady increase promised a payment of a million dollars or more after 1907, and ultimately $1,750,000. Meantime, the company that leased the works was doing well, paying dividends of more than 12 per cent. As it buys the gas from a subsidiary company for thirty-four cents a thousand feet, there is no reason why it should not thrive.

However, the payment of so much money to the city was disagreeable both to the gas company and the gangs of thieves. They wanted this money for themselves. So a proposition was made to extend the lease to seventy-five years and capitalize the payments for a lump sum of $25,000,000 to the city. How much more was to go to the thieves was, of course, a secret. The proposition created intense excitement, for the people had no doubt that the deal would go through if some very decided action were not taken. They knew the sort of men who had charge of the deal, and they determined to make strenuous efforts to head them off. Popular meetings were called, at which plain speaking was the rule. There was no hesitation in saying that the deal was a "steal." Moreover, it was shown that the existing lease was obtained by bribing a competing company to withdraw. Arrangements were also made for an assemblage of the people near the City Hall when the proposition was to be voted on, whence a march was to be made to the Council chambers to protest. Some of the Councilmen were threatened with personal violence if they voted for the deal, and altogether there was a degree of popular excitement such as is seldom seen in any city, especially one so staid and outwardly respectable as Philadelphia.

These great demonstrations alarmed the men back of the proposed outrage. The Mayor signified his determined opposition to the scheme. The Councils decided to defer the final vote and to advertise for other proposals. For the time the opposition has scored a victory; but it would be rash to assume that the danger is past. The thieves are in the same old business, and if they cannot put through the gas deal they will turn their attention in some other direction.

Racing In Louisville.

If the skies are favorable to-day the New Louisville Jockey Club will have a typical inauguration of its spring meeting, with the Kentucky Derby as its chief attraction, and a throng of visitors from all portions of the State and elsewhere. After a severe winter, forbidding outdoor amusements, the occasion will be enjoyed with zest by its votaries. Although the field will be small, the lack of numbers will be made up by the quality of the contestants, and the indication are that there will be a "sure-enough" horse race.

The present season marks the thirty-first annual meeting of the Jockey Club, with a record scarcely equaled in this country in its uninterrupted success, the great names in turf history in has made famous, and the high standard it has sustained in its fair and honorable management. In Kentucky an institution like this stands for more than the merely speculative race courses in some States, as sources of profit to the projectors or as offering opportunity to lay wagers on the horses. In this State the breeding of horses has long been and is one of its staple occupations, involving the expenditure of large outlay and bringing corresponding returns according to the excellence of the product. A properly conducted race course furnishes the only practical test of the qualities of the colts when they attain the proper age to demonstrate their value, and the race track offers the best means of promoting the interest of the breeders. By sustaining a high standard for the thoroughbred the effect is felt as to other classes of horses, the breeders of which manifest a similar esprit du corps. Hence from the early development of the race horse in Kentucky has come similar excellence in its strains of trotters, saddle horses and those for all other purposes. So while superficially racing in the abstract may seem a mere diversion and means of sport, in Kentucky it plays a very practical part in our political economy and agricultural thrift.

Strictly speaking, Louisville may be said to have been the first place west of the mountains where racing was held. While the continuous existence of the Louisville Jockey Club has not been so long as that of the Lexington Association, which dates from 1826 and has been revived after an interregnum of several years, organized racing dates farther back in Louisville than in Lexington. As early as 1783 races were seen in what is now Market street until prohibited by the municipal authorities. Afterward there was a race track at the foot of Sixteenth street. In the Louisville Advertiser of October 3, 1823, is the following announcement: "The Louisville Jockey Club races will commence October 15, 1823, and continue ten days. First day three-mile heats. Second day two-mile heats, Third day one-mile heats, free for any horse, mare or gelding." In the Louisville Focus of October 5, 1827, this announcement is made: "The Louisville Jockey Club will commence the first Wednesday in October 1827, on the Louisville turf, Hope Distillery, and continue four days. First day three-mile heats $120; second day two-mile heats $80; third day one-mile heats $50; fourth day three best in five, one mile and repeat." The Hope Distillery was at the foot of Sixteenth street.

It will be observed that while now there is rarely a race for a greater distance than a mile and a quarter and no more heat races, the test being for speed, in the early days in Kentucky it was for endurance quite as much as speed, whereby was laid the foundation for the high standard developed. The most famous course in Louisville prior to the present one was the Oakland Course at Seventh and Magnolia streets, now built over. In the Louisville Journal of June 5, 1838, Mr. N. J. Oliver announced that he had purchased the course and the races would begin October 15, when there would be four-mile heats, purse $1,200; three-mile heats, $600, and two-mile heats, plate value of $500. It was on this course that the great four-mile heat race between Gray Eagle and Wagner took place September 3, 1839, the greatest race up to that time ever run in America. It was a match race for $14,000. Gray Eagle being a Kentucky horse and Wagner from Tennessee, the Kentuckians backed Gray Eagle heavily at odds. The attendance from both States was very large and excitement high. It was a heat race, best two in three. Wagner won the first heat in 7:48. The backers of Gray Eagle were still hopeful, but Wagner also won the second heat in 7:44. But the Kentuckians were not satisfied and on the 5th of October there was a second contest for a purse of $1,500, same distance and terms. Greatly to the joy of the Kentuckians Gray Eagle won the first heat in 7:51, while Wagner took the second in 7:43, then regarded as extraordinary time. But in the third heat Gray Eagle let down in the second mile. The Kentuckians went broke and Gray Eagle retired from the turf. Many of the most famous horses appeared at the Oakland Course, as Boston, Singleton, Whip and Glencoe, whose names figure largely in the pedigrees of the best horses of history. For fifteen or twenty years Louisville was without a race course, until in 1866, when the Woodlawn track was established six miles east of the city. But after five or six years of varying fortune it was wound up in litigation and the present Jockey Club Course was its successor.

The Case of Farmer Smith.

"Back to the soil," said an Englishman after studying social conditions in American cities.

From South Dakota comes the story of I. D. Smith to prove whether the soil pays. In the past fourteen years he has made $1,500,000 farming near Madison.

Mr. Smith began his career as a farmer in Illinois. He managed to save a few hundred dollars, with which he made a payment on a farm in that State. He earned the money from the farm to pay off the debt. Then he bought another farm and paid for it in the same way. He conducted his farming as a large manufacturer manages his plant. He got the largest possible crop from his land each year at the minimum of expense. He would not permit waste of acreage, labor or money. He was systematic in his work and he worked hard. He was quick to seize new ideas and new machinery that would save money and improve his crops.

In 1891 he went to South Dakota. By that time he had built up an estate of $100,000, every cent of which he invested in land. Then he plowed the virgin soil and sowed his crops. He had faith and his faith won. His land became valuable. He sold and resold. He never relaxed his energy and system.

Now Mr. Smith has nearly $2,000,000. Besides stock in banks and other real estate, he owns ninety-four magnificent farms in central South Dakota and 3,000 acres of highly-improved land in Iowa. "A third of my money I earned with my hands, the remaining two-thirds with my head," he said to a newspaper man.

The man to whom this millionaire farmer spoke described his farm thus:

"In a plain, rambling house, not far from Madison, boasting none of the luxuries that come so readily to those with fortunes, Mr. Smith is reaping his reward and is perfectly happy. In the broad rooms of that home are to be found no plush carpets, no dancing floors, no reception halls, no mahogany furniture. The home shows that the last dollar needed for comfort has been spent, and not one cent more. About that home spread no gleaming lawns, no spouting fountains, no winding drives. Instead loom up great red barns where the echo of tramping horses resounds day and night, long rows of hay stacks, low-spreading sheds for his cattle."

Does the soil pay?

Ponder the case of Mr. Smith. It furnishes the answer.

Blotting Out a Name.

When a committee of the American Bankers' Association removed the portrait of Frank G. Bigelow from the group of its former presidents and scratched his name from the stationery of the organization, it did an act that must sting the Milwaukee embezzler to the quick.

"His remembrance shall perish from the earth, and he shall have no name in the street," wrote the holy man Job of a despised enemy.

And we behold the association of American bankers trying to wipe the remembrance of Bigelow from the earth and to render him nameless in the street.

Such acts as this make men smart most, and despite the vision of penitentiary doors looming dark before him, the physical discomforts of penury and the depressing thought of his disgrace, this prompt and conspicuous act of his former associates to blot him from their memory must hurt Bigelow as nothing else could hurt him. He sees in the action the obliteration of every trace of the days when he ranked among the country's most honored men and held the office of which he was proudest. He is not to have the consolation of knowing that his name lasts among those who once respected him. He is repudiated utterly as a thing loathsome and unclean.

Insurance In Kentucky.

The magnitude of the insurance business is well shown by the report of the doings of the fire insurance companies for 1904 made by the Kentucky Insurance Department. The risks assumed by these companies during the year, in round numbers, amounted to $266,000,000, a very liberal percentage of the assessed valuation of the property of the State which is liable to damage from fire. Of this vast sum Kentucky companies insured about nine and a half millions. Of the remainder foreign companies carried risks on approximately one-fourth, while the companies of other States had the remaining three-fourths. For carrying these risks the companies received $3,641,538.29, while they paid in losses but $1,619,093.98. Thus the premiums exceeded the losses by more than two million dollars. The percentage of loss is 42 per cent. of the premiums received by foreign companies and about 44½ per cent. for the companies of other States. This shows a very handsome margin, but the expenses incident to the business of insurance are large. Besides, the fat years are needed in part to cover the losses of the lean years, when the ravages of fire are excessively large. Nevertheless, the business would appear to be promising when managed with care. On this, indeed, almost everything depends, for without competent management the business is practically certain to be disastrous.

The number of insurance companies doing business in the State increased from 115 at the beginning of the year 1904 to 119 last month, two of which have been authorized to do business since January 1. Of the 117 operating last year, twenty-five were Kentucky companies, twenty-five foreign and sixty-seven companies of other States. The risks written by the companies outside the State averaged from two to three millions per company.

Of the necessity of insurance there is no longer any question among prudent business men, but there are many questions of management and rates which are still the subject of contention between the insurers and the insured. The need of rigid supervision by the State is also generally recognized, that the business may be confined to such companies as are able to fulfill their obligations to their patrons.

A Typical Legislature.

The regularity with which State Legislatures fail to respond to the expectations of the masses of the people has become one of the most notable features of our political life. The Legislature which has just adjourned in New York was no exception to this rule.

The Legislature was in session just four months. After its adjournment its apologists said that it had not proved as bad as had been expected. This was rather faint praise, but it was the best that could be said truthfully. It is so far correct that several very bad bills failed to pass. Among these was what was known as the "Niagara Grab Bill," which turned over Niagara Falls to certain corporations, without compensation, to be destroyed, as the opponents of the measure contend. So this great national wonder has a respite for a time. On the other hand, several important measures were defeated, three of which the Governor had made the subject of emergency messages. Among the measures strongly urged were the bill giving New York City seventy-five-cent gas, the repeal of the savings bank tax, the investigation of the Equitable Assurance Society, and the bill for the suppression of corrupt practices in elections, all of these failed to become laws. A bill creating a State Commission on Gas and Electricity was passed, but this is regarded as a political machine rather than a useful measure of relief, though there are some hopes that if properly made up the commission may do some good.

Among the laws passed against which bitter protests were made was the bill imposing a tax on transactions in stocks and that taxing mortgages. What is known as the "Civil Pension Grab" also got through. The bill transferring the right to grant franchises from the New York City Aldermen to another board was passed. This was done in obedience to the desires of the Pennsylvania railroad, which had experienced difficulties in getting the franchises needed for its extensions.

A bill to wipe out the Raines' hotel evil not only in New York City, but elsewhere in the State, though bitterly opposed, was also quite agreeable to many people in New York City, though there seems to be some doubt that it will accomplish the intended purpose. The appropriation of $50,000,000 for good roads is hailed as a long step forward in a matter of the first importance.

But though the New York Legislature was typical in failing to come up to public expectation and also in failing to do all the mischief threatened, it was far worse than the average in its susceptibility to corrupt influences, if the stories told of bribery are at all to be credited. A New York paper says that "the Senate has been the most commercial, the most easily driven from party caucuses, the most corrupt and the most generally contemptible in recent years."

Gov. Higgins threatened to call a special session of the Legislature to meet immediately if certain measures were not passed. He has not done this, but it is given out that a special session will be called next month to deal with the case of Justice Hooker, who, according to the finding of a committee, has been guilty of practices unbecoming a Judge. Whether other matters will be laid before this special session is not yet clear.

In the speech which Ambassador Choate delivered at a farewell banquet given him by the British bench and bar at Lincoln's Inn, London, the distinguished speaker was in turn witty and profound in his reference to English law, learned in his historical allusions and pathetic in the candor of his gratitude for the friendship shown him and in his regret at parting from such friends. In opening he congratulated his hearers that their meeting was exclusively of members of the bar. "No profane presence of laymen," said he, "no troublesome affairs of clients can disturb us here to-night. We are all lawyers, except the judges, and they, too, are lawyers who have soared in ascension robes to a higher and nobler sphere." This is a novel evolutionary idea in its application to lawyers, but conforms to the process in nature by which an insect passes from the chrysalis stage to that of the butterfly. In England the application is rendered more appropriate by the Mother Hubbard which the lawyer puts on when he steps from the bar to the bench.

A German publication attacks American food products as being mostly adulterated. For example it says that coffee consists chiefly of pulverized cocoa shells and dried hog's liver. This is probably a slander to cover the fact that German exports to America have been found largely adulterated. But as to coffee it may be remarked that most of the cooks do not put enough into the beverage to endanger anybody's health.

Pat Crowe, who a week ago was the subject of lengthy interviews and posed as a man of note for whose arrest $25,000 was once offered, and who had apparently returned voluntarily to vindicate his good name from aspersion, has suddenly fallen from his exalted position. He disappeared mysteriously between two days and is again a fugitive from justice with a measly reward of $200 offered for his arrest.

Judge Parker's remarks on his instructions in the Hargis case simply make it all the clearer that, if he expounded the law correctly in that instance, it is contemptible law-

CRY OF 2,000

Realized By Louisville Commercial Club.

V. H. ENGELHARD PRESIDENT.

DR. E. L. POWELL FEELINGLY ACCEPTS LIFE MEMBERSHIP.

TRIBUTE FROM JUDGE GORDON

Annual Meeting of Big Business Organization Marks An Epoch.

MR. M'DOWELL STEPS DOWN.

At the annual meeting of the Commercial Club held at the Louisville Hotel last night, the officers and directors for the year were elected as follows:

Victor H. Engelhard, president.

C. J. Meddis, first vice president.

Fred Levy, second vice president.

Directors to serve two years: Robert S. Brown, W. Clyde Williams, W. W. McDowell, W. H. Bradbury and C. M. Robertson.

Director to serve one year, A. E. McBee.

The officers were elected without opposition, the secretary authorized to cast one ballot in each case. There were sixteen candidates for the directorate, and those chosen received the greatest number of ballots in the order given.

* * *

Cry of 2,000 Realized.

When the meeting was in progress, J. C. Van Pelt, secretary of the Membership Committee, handed in the application of Judge A. E. Richards for membership. It had just been announced that the membership had reached 1,999 and the application of Judge Richards made the number 2,000, making a realization of the old cry:

"Make it 2,000."

Judge Richards was called for and spoke in part as follows:

"I am proud to be the two thousandth member of the Commercial Club, but I would be prouder still if I could boast of having been one of the founders of this superb organization.

"When I recall that the Commercial Club has been in existence only eighteen years, I am amazed at the number and the magnitude of its achievements."

He paid the club many high compliments and told how its history has been linked with the history of the advancement of the city. The certificate of honory membership, which is given each year to some citizen by the Commercial Club, was in evidence behind the speakers' table and Judge Thomas R. Gordon was introduced to present it to the Rev. Dr. Edward L. Powell, to whom it was awarded by the directors.

In the course of his remarks, Judge Gordon said: "The name of Powell is a word to conjure with just now. I am not sure that there has ever before been a time in the city of Louisville when the concensus of popular approval has been expressed for one man as it is now expressed for Dr. Powell and openly shown in the last few days.

"I will take this occasion to repeat a statement that was made to me in a private conversation at lunch the other day by one of my associates on the bench. He said: 'Gordon, Louisville has had some great preachers. There are Dr. Humphrey, Dr. Stuart Robinson, Dr. Broadus and now we have Dr. Powell.' I know of no greater compliment and I know it was justly paid."

* * *

Responds Freely.

Dr. Powell was enthusiastically received when he arose to accept the certificate. He said in part:

"I don't know which I appreciate more—the kind and gracious, although extravagant, words of Judge Gordon or this certificate, which is an honor high enough to fulfill the inspirations of a lifetime. It is both a compliment and a call to duty. As a compliment, I value and treasure it and I shall not only give it a place in my home, but I shall give its meaning a place in my heart. As a call, it sounds the trumpet word of duty. No man upon whom such an honor is conferred could look upon it selfishly as a compliment, but as a summons to go to work.

"Before I finish I wish to announce a creed, which I would put in some such words as these:

"I believe in Louisville—its present dignity and its future glory.

"I believe in the Commercial Club—it has sought only the best things for the city. No cause that it has ever espoused has not prospered. It has opened the public mind to a consciousness of duty; it has opened the eyes to the responsibilities, and it has opened the ears to the hum of prosperity and industry. Its motto is progress; its method is co-operation, and its aim is the business welfare of Louisville—believing that what is good for Louisville is good for the State. It has a sound heart throbbing in a sound body and a hospitality for all things good.

"I believe in a greater Louisville yet to be and coming more and more to be. It is called the 'Gateway to the South,' and the inscription, 'The Gateway of the Nation,' has been added. Let it be an open gateway to foreign capital, factories, new influences and new ideas.

* * *

"A Wide-Open Town."

"I believe in a wide-open town—open to all that is good, and I would have as a device upon the archway a mailed hand against all that is corruptible and hurtful, as lawnessness is as dangerous to business welfare as it is to moral character.

"I believe in the Auditorium—big enough for the largest gatherings and beautiful enough to satisfy the esthetic tastes. Anything big in a city makes us feel big."

He closed with a compliment to R. A. McDowell for his use of the term "2,000 man power."

* * *

Thanks to Mr. M'Dowell.

Fred Levy introduced the following resolution, which was adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Louisville Commercial Club be voted its retiring president, Mr. Robinson A. McDowell.

First—Because he has been a most faithful officer, untiring in his efforts for the advancement of Louisville and Kentucky.

Second—Because he has been a most successful officer, bringing to the organization new fame and glory, and to the city and State fresh laurels in the field of competitive commerce.

Third—Because he has been a fair officer and a fearless one, giving to every member his due and exacting from all fidelity to purpose.

Fourth—Because, stepping from chairman of the Membership Committee to the highest office within the gift of the members, he has pushed the battle cry "Make it 2,000" to the front until to-night his endeavor finds its reward.

* * *

"Make It 5,000."

Victor H. Engelhard made a speech of acceptance, in which he pledged himself to give his best energies to the work of the club and sounded for the first time a slogan of "Make it 5,000." C. J. Meddis and Fred Levy also made short speeches of acceptance.

A motion was passed making the meetings of the board of directors semi-monthly instead of monthly as heretofore.

The result of the voting for those whose names were presented for positions in the directory was as follows:

R. S. Brown	172
W. Clyde Williams	167
W. Wallace McDowell	166
W. H. Bradbury	164
C. M. Robertson	158
A. E. McBee	157
Thomas B. Harrison	51
David B. G. Rose	17
Edwin Perry	15
W. W. Mitchell	6
John J. Saunders	4
—— Bridges	4
Enos Spencer	4
F. W. Keisker	2
Hayden W. Moise	2
T. H. Robertson	1

* * *

The President's Report.

R. A. McDowell, the retiring president, read an exhaustive annual report covering the work done by the club during the year. The report in part is as follows:

May 9, 1905.—Report for the fiscal year 1904-5.—To the members of the Louisville Commercial Club—Gentlemen: One year ago by your votes you invited me to take the front seat on the right hand side and run your automobile, christened the "Commercial Club," for one lap upon the track of time.

The trip has been successfully made, many records have been broken, and I now stand ready to yield the post to whomsoever you may designate.

We have brooked no interference, having run down or run over every obstacle appearing in our road, with no accidents, though many incidents worthy of note. The only stops made were made for the purpose of strengthening the machine and increasing its power. After each stop greater results were always accomplished.

I desire to report your machine in first-class order, all the weak parts have been materially strengthened and the force and power have been greatly added to. You turned over a machine of about 1,500-man power; I return it to you with 2,000-man power, an increase in man power (or membership) of 33 1-3 per cent.

The automobile in the dictionary is described as a machine with the propelling power within itself, and if the Commercial Club is not an automobile then there is no such thing as an automobile.

Before going into the report of what has been accomplished this year, I wish to thank you most sincerely for surrounding me with a board of directors upon whom it would be a hard task to improve, and allow me to say that in making this report to you of, as I honestly believe, the most successful year the Commercial Club has ever known, that I fully appreciate that except for the considerate, earnest and active support of the members of the board of directors and the secretaries there would have no report to-night of things accomplished.

* * *

Tribute to State Exhibit.

During this year we saw the fulfillment of one of the greatest tasks which has proved to be one of the grandest achievements ever undertaken by this club. I refer to Kentucky's representation at the St. Louis World's Fair.

The organization of the Kentucky Exhibit Association was your work; from your membership were selected typical Commercial Club men, who never even asked themselves the question: "What if we fail?" They feared no failure, and today the success of Kentucky at the World's Fair is an everlasting monument to the Louisville Commercial Club, which cannot show too much appreciation of the leading spirits in accomplishing this great result.

Gentlemen, you owe much to the members of the Kentucky Exhibit Association, as well as to their successors, the Kentucky World's Fair Commissioners, but beyond that you owe undying appreciation to the head of both of these organizations, Mr. A. Y. Ford, and his most enthusiastic and able assistant, Mr. Robert E. Hughes.

One of the most conspicuous achievements of the Commercial Club was its successful effort to have the new million-dollar capitol building at Frankfort located on a suitable site, where sufficient ground could be secured to properly show off the capitol of our proud State.

The Public Policy Committee, headed by Mr. W. E. Ambrose, has had a number of important questions of policy to determine; probably the most important being the question to be voted on next November, whether or not Kentucky shall return to the viva voce voting system, one long since decarded by every State in the Union. The committee reported against returning to this system, and the directors unanimously approved the report. The club is going to try by whatever means lies within its power, by securing the co-operation of other organizations and in other ways, to defeat this measure; and I urge upon the members of the Commercial Club to work and vote against its adoption.

The Mercantile and Manufacturing Committee, under the leadership of C. J. Meddis, has completed a year which stands out in the history of the club as the busiest and most successful year the club has ever known in the effort to bring new capital and establish new factories in the city of Louisville. The increase in new factories in Louisville during the past year has been much greater than in any year in our history. There have been forty-five entirely new manufacturing plants established within the city during the year just ended, representing capital invested of something over $5,000,000.

Along the line of entertaining, the club has quite a list of successful entertainments and the chairman of the Entertainment Committee, who is Mr. John J. Saunders, has become a most popular host, by reason of the manner in which he and his committee have so delightfully cared for both the club's guests and her members on the various occasions when the Commercial Club was at home.

* * *

Speaks of Mr. Ford.

It seems to me that the club was particularly fortunate in its selection of Mr. A. Y. Ford as a member of the board of directors. His connection with the World's Fair put him in touch with all parts of the State and enabled him to acquire a full knowledge of Kentucky's resources and her need for developing them. His connection with the newspaper business also put him in touch with the press of the State, thereby easily opening to him the opportunity of placing these resources and needs before the people of the State and the outside world.

Of course Mr. Ford was selected for the head of the State Development Committee, where he, with the active support of a splendid committee, has quietly and systematically set on foot plans which are and will continue to result in great good to the State.

The Executive Committee of the State Development convention, at the suggestion of the Commercial Club, has called another convention to be held in Louisville next October. The association's Executive Committee has requested the State Development Committee of the Commercial Club to make all arrangements for this convention. Many necessary steps in behalf of this meeting have already been taken. The convention will be of broader scope than ever before, and I feel that the fact that it is backed by the Commercial Club, as well as the fact that Mr. Ford and his committee are in active charge of the arrangements, insures to it unprecedented success.

One of the most active committees this year was the Publicity and Promotion Committee, with Mr. Fred Levy as its chairman. I have already referred to the advertising done by this committee in St. Louis during the World's Fair. In addition to that Mr. Levy and his committee have kept the city advertised in many ways at home and abroad. He has secured for Louisville from time to time publications in different magazines.

The work of the Finance Committee, of which Mr. S. B. Lynd is chairman, has been most efficiently and effectively done. The chairman has, in compliance with my request, furnished me with a few items that I believe should prove of interest::

	Year ending May 1, '05.	Year ending May 1, '04.	Year ending May 1, '99.
Receipts	$6,529	$5,520	$3,475
Disbursements	5,533	5,268	3,139
Surplus	$996	$252	$305

Showing a steady increase in the condition of the club for the last six years and a material increase for this year over last. The balance on hand at the beginning of the year was $1,085.33, while after payment of all bills against the club we show you a balance of $2,081.

Notwithstanding our expenses increased with our growth in all other directions, the surplus this year is four times as great as it was last year. The expenses are made up of the following items in round numbers:

Salaries, office rent, etc.	$3,000
Entertainment	1,100
Postage	450
Printing	500
Advertising	500

The Board of Directors had a meeting to-day at noon for the purpose of electing new members, in order that we might make the best possible showing in this report. I now report to you that the membership of your club stands at the high-water mark, the roll showing 1,999 members in good standing.

Several months ago it became apparent to all those actively participating in the club's affairs that it would be impossible for the secretary to remain at his desk if the club was to reap the benefits of the opportunity offered for an increased membership. Mr. J. C. Van Pelt, who was then the secretary, realized the situation, and after he and I had conferred together about the matter he addressed a letter to the Board of Directors laying the condition fronting us before it and urging that he be allowed to devote all his time toward securing new members; he also called the attention of the board to the fact that Mr. Robert E. Hughes was about to wind up his duties as secretary of the World's Fair Commission and that he might be secured as secretary to look after the office work.

* * *

Results Have Justified.

The results have fully justified the change. The secretary, having his entire time to devote to his office duties has been able to revise and systematize the office work as it has never been done before, and Mr. Hughes being most active, capable and energetic, has inaugurated many plans for the more effective putting forward of the Gateway of the South. On the other hand, Mr. Van Pelt has far surpassed the expectations of anyone in increasing our membership.

It may be remembered by some of you that in accepting the high compliment you bestowed upon me by electing me to the presidency of the largest, most active and most influential organization in the South, that I made a promise that I would convince you that a lawyer could be a business man. I have sincerely tried to redeem that promise; whether I have succeeded or not I leave to your decision. I can only say, gentlemen, I have done my best. Respectfully submitted,

R. A. M'DOWELL, President.

A LESSON

In Every Word of Bible For Everyone.

THE REV. SCHIVEREA'S PLEA.

ADDRESSES CROWD AT SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

PARDON, PEACE AND HEAVEN.

"Jesus Christ" was the subject of the Rev. Ferd Schiverea's address at the Second Presbyterian church last night. The noted evangelist was greeted by a well-filled house. Many of the friends he made during his former stays in Louisville were present to renew old acquaintances. His address, delivered in his familiar style, was listened to attentively by everyone in the house.

Mr. Schiverea began by saying that there is in every word in the Bible a lesson for everyone, if it is only studied long enough to get its full significance.

The name, Jesus Christ, as all other names, stands for what it is associated with, he said, and those who are unsaved are unsaved because they haven't stopped or haven't been wise enough to stop and find out that the significance of Jesus Christ is Saviour.

Christ had, he showed, by His suffering on the cross atoned for the sins of the world and offered pardon, peace and heaven to those who would only ask for it. "If the Governor of Kentucky," he said, "should offer a pardon to any convict inside the walls of the State prison, the convict would not spurn it and trample it under foot, but would clasp it to his heart. But how is it with Christ's pardon? Nine out of ten have placed it under their feet instead of taking it to their heart. Men prefer to be without it because their deeds are evil. A pardon signed by the Governor of Heaven admits the recipient to eternal happiness. The man who makes light of it will sooner or later regret it."

* * *

The Pursuit of Peace.

Speaking of peace, Mr. Schiverea asked why men travel, why they strive after money, why they give society functions. They are looking for peace, he said, whether they know it or not. "You search in every avenue for peace," he said, "but fail to find it. Why? Because it is not to be obtained in any way but the way of the cross."

"Peace," said he, "is a jewel, a rare jewel. There are very few who know anything about it, but it is not God's fault. In Jesus Christ He has provided a way."

For fifty-two years, the evangelist said, he had been looking for a man or woman who did not want to make heaven. His search, he said, has been futile. It was not that people did not want to get to heaven, but that there were so many of the pleasures of the world that they did not want to give up. "Everybody wants," he said, "to go to heaven, but there is only one class that can go. This class is made up of those who accept Jesus Christ as their Saviour."

"People of the Nineteenth and Twentieth centuries have said," the evangelist asserted, "that God does not know His business, and have straightway set about providing a saviour of their own. We are making culture, refinement, riches, education, church membership, philanthropy or morality our saviour."

Mr. Schiverea closed by saying that in all his thirty years' experience as an evangelist he had found no place where he had learned to love the people more than in Louisville. He always, he said, looked forward to the times he could come here, and always regretted leaving.

The Rev. Neander M. Woods, pastor of the church, conducted the services.

Points About People.

Mrs. Charles Chase was the hostess at a charming tea given yesterday afternoon in honor of her guests, Mrs. George Evans and Miss Lula Evans, of Portland, Me.

Mrs. Chase's apartment at the Weissinger-Gaulbert was charmingly decorated in snowballs and other spring flowers, and the tea table was arranged with pink hydrangeas in the center, encircled by silver candlesticks with pink candles and shades.

Mrs. Edwin Chase presided at the tea table and Mrs. Chase and her guests of honor were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Dexter Belknap, Mrs. Samuel A. Culbertson, Mrs. George E. Evans and Miss Fannie Craig.

The invitations were limited to Mrs. and Miss Evans' former friends in Louisville when they made this city their home, and those present included the following:

MESDAMES.

William Culbertson,	Rhodes Rankins,
A. A. Cowan,	M. L. Akers,
Arthur Granville Langham,	Charles G. Strater,
G. A. Winston,	L. O. Cox,
George C. Norton,	George M. Davie,
Kenneth Castleman,	W. L. Lyons,
John Hughes,	Sanders P. Jones,
W. W. Hite,	Gilmer S. Adams,
Victor Meddis,	Powhatan Wooldridge,
Louis Hite,	Charles Pettet,
Frederick N. Lewis,	Ludie Johnston,
Percy Thomas,	Charles Garth,
Shackelford Miller,	James M. Fetter,
Henry Burnett,	S. K. Henning,
Charles Freeman Smith,	A. R. Cooper,
Floyd Jefferson,	Henry Hewett,
Edith Wilder,	Mallory Davis,
John L. Helm,	John J. Otter,
Alex. P. Humphrey,	John D. Otter,
Charles T. Ballard,	Alex. McLennan,
William Heyburn,	Clint Kelly,
Alex. Barret,	Isaac Tyler,
W. O. Roberts,	Harry Bishop.

MISSES.

Lily Kent,	Nannie Hite Winston,
Barbour Bruce,	Marie Burnett,
Annie May Wooldridge,	Elizabeth Burnett,
Mary Tyler Wooldridge,	Ethel Wilder,
Lulie Henning,	Fannie Ballard,
Edith Norton,	Susie Ballard,
	Louise Bell.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Bolton, of Baltimore, is in the city visiting Mrs. Ap Morgan Vance.

* * *

A number of young Louisville men will leave Friday, May 26, for Cincinnati, where they will remain over Saturday as the guests of "The Stumps." They are going to play ball with a team of college men in Cincinnati, and most of the Louisville men are college graduates. Those in the party will include the following:

Pettet Robinson, pitcher; John Helm, catcher; Coleman Robinson, first base; Tom Jefferson, second base; Barbour Minnigerode, shortstop; Floyd Jefferson, third base; Clay Lyons, center field; Ike Hilliard, right field; Lewis Johnson, left field.

They will be accompanied by a number of rooters, including Mr. Charles Myer, Mr. Ainslie Hewett and Mr. Leavell McCampbell.

Mrs. Floyd Jefferson will also accompany the party and will probably chaperon a party of girls, who will go up for the game on Saturday afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. E. H. Truex, of Brooklyn, who has been spending the winter in Louisville, has returned home.

Mr. Truex is a charming musician, having a beautiful barytone voice, and during his stay in Louisville he sang at Calvary Episcopal church.

* * *

Mr. Tom Jefferson will leave about May 23 for Columbus, O., where he will be a groomsman at the marriage of Mr. John Woodruff.

* * *

Mrs. John W. Price will give a small bridge party to-morrow afternoon in honor of Mrs. George Clover, of New York.

* * *

Misses May and Carrie Halderman, of Detroit, are in the city visiting Mrs. Charles Jackson, of 19 St. James Court.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Biscoe Hindman will give a coaching party this afternoon to the Derby. It will be followed by a drive through Cherokee Park and a dinner at the Hindman home.

Mr. and Mrs. Hindman's guests will include Mr. and Mrs. Harry I. Wood and the following:

MISSES.

Nannie Wood,	Marie Thompson,
Georgie Wood,	Bessie Brand.

MESSRS.

Richard Van Vredenberg,	George Forman,
Samuel K. Greene,	Samuel K. Bland.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Heuser, who has been ill for several days at the Louisville Hotel, is convalescent.

* * *

Mrs. M. A. Tyler, who has been spending the past month at Greenburg with her mother, Mrs. William Lewis, has returned home.

* * *

Mrs. J. M. Cobb, of Chicago, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Claggett, has returned home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Cowan will leave to-day for New York to be gone ten days or two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. S. H. Mitchell, of Chicago, who is the guest of Mrs. Charles Claggett, will return home to-morrow.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Wortham Otter entertained informally at bridge last night.

* * *

Mr. James P. Donahue, of Davenport, Ia., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hermany, will return to-day from a short visit to West Baden. He is coming to Louisville to take his wife home, and they will leave to-morrow.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter C. Leake, of New Orleans, arrived last night on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. John James McHenry.

* * *

Mrs. John A. Burton, of Lebanon, spent Monday in Louisville with Mrs. J. S. Lyons on her way home from Lawrenceburg.

* * *

Mrs. C. Troxler, Jr., of 1931 First street, will entertain at progressive euchre to-morrow afternoon.

* * *

Miss Sarah Spencer, of Lawrenceburg, returned home yesterday after a visit to Mrs. J. S. Lyons.

* * *

Dr. William R. Nisbet left last week for Oklahoma, Okla., where he will locate.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Witherspoon, of Lawrenceburg, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Eugenia Witherspoon, are the guests of Mrs. Witherspoon's sister, Mrs. J. S. Lyons.

Mrs. R. H. Lillard and Miss Mary Louise Lillard, of Lawrenceburg, are also guests of Mrs. Lyons.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Button, of Anchorage, will celebrate their crystal wedding on Monday evening, May 15, from 6 to 12 o'clock. They will be assisted in receiving their guests by the two flower girls at their wedding, Mrs. Henry J. Tilford and Mrs. William J. Finley.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Asher Caruth, who have been spending the past two months in California and Honolulu, are expected home to-morrow.

Mrs. Caruth has been quite ill, and their return may be delayed by her health.

* * *

Mr. Clarence Pratt, of Selma, Ala., is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Martin.

* * *

Mrs. John Wakefield, who is in Memphis visiting her sister, Mrs. Major Guthrie, will return home next week.

* * *

Mrs. Offutt and daughter, Miss Barry Taylor, who have been living in Terre Haute, Ind., have returned to Louisville and have taken a house at 418 Fountain Court.

* * *

Miss Margaret Merker will speak this afternoon at the Woman's Club at the meeting of the civics department of the club.

Among other topics that she will discuss will be schoolroom decorations, truant schools and juvenile courts.

Miss Merker has just recovered from a recent illness.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Filson announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jane C. Filson, to the Rev. Francis F. Soren, of Brazil.

The wedding ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. E. Y. Mullins on the evening of Monday, June 12, at 9 o'clock at East Baptist church.

The groom is pastor of the First Baptist church of Rio Janeiro, Brazil, and one of the most brilliant young men of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

After an extended trip through the North and East the young couple will sail from New York July 1.

* * *

Mr. I. W. Bernheim and family have closed their town house and are occupying their country place at Anchorage for the summer.

* * *

Miss Viola Roseboro, of New York, one of the editors of McClure's Magazine, is the guest of Mrs. Atwood Martin at Anchorage.

* * *

Dr. Charles Lucas will give a box party at Churchill Downs this afternoon, followed by a supper at The Seelbach in honor of Misses May and Carrie Halderman, of Detroit. Besides the Misses Halderman, the party will include Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jackson.

* * *

Messrs. Will Shanks and Louis Stege will leave Saturday morning for Portland, Ore., where they will locate after attending the Lewis-Clark Exposition.

Engagement Announced.

Nicholasville, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Clio Club this afternoon, the engagement of Miss Mary Buford to Perry West, of New York City, was announced. The wedding will take place in June. Miss Buford is the daughter of Postmaster W. L. Buford, and is quite attractive and popular. Mr. West is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Elliott West, of this place. He was first honor graduate in the class of 1901, Kentucky State College, and is now with the Edison power plant of New York.

Claybrooke-Litsey.

Springfield, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The marriage of J. R. Claybrooke, Jr., to Miss Beulah Litsey will take place to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride. The Rev. W. H. Williams, of the Springfield Baptist church, will perform the ceremony. Miss Litsey is the daughter of A. L. Litsey, one of Washington county's most progressive farmers. Mr. Claybrooke is the oldest son of the Hon. J. R. Claybrooke.

PRIEST

Against Preacher In a Saloon Fight.

LATTER OBJECTS TO LICENSE.

ONE HUNDRED WITNESSES HEARD IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

DECISION NOT YET GIVEN.

After being bitterly fought before the Board of Commissioners of Clark county, Ind., at the courthouse in Jeffersonville for two days, all the evidence was concluded last evening on the remonstrance against granting a license to Fred Metzger, Jr., to open a saloon at Henryville. No decision will be given, however, until after some points of law are discussed. The town at this time has no saloon and an effort is being made to keep it dry.

Fully 100 witnesses were examined and fifty-two names on the remonstrance were challenged by the petitioner. On the action of the board in accepting the challenges the result hinges. It was the opinion of former State Senator James W. Fortune, who is representing Metzger, that if the challenges were allowed to stand Metzger would be given a license. The other side was confident the board would hold the challenged persons were legally entitled to sign the remonstrance and Metzger would be refused a license.

There is a bitter feeling existing in the vicinity of Henryville on account of the fight, and the Rev. S. J. Cross, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, is leading the forces opposed to the saloon being opened. Strangely enough, Metzger is being championed by the Rev. Father James Shea, who is the priest at the church the applicant belongs to, and for the two days he occupied a seat by the side of Senator Fortune and advised with him.

TWO ARTIFICIAL LEGS

Enable Mr. Stoner to Give Friends a Surprise.

George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, Ind., surprised his friends yesterday by making his appearance at the courthouse at Jeffersonville walking in an upright position, many of them having seen him only as a cripple walking on his knees. By an accident Recorder Stoner lost both legs below the knees twenty-three years ago, and when he came into prominence as a candidate for the office he now holds he walked on two peculiarly-shaped shoes and literally "stumped" Clark county, Ind. Recently Recorder Stoner decided to purchase artificial limbs, and is now getting broken in on them.

When he put the artificial members on and stood erect at his home six of his seven children could hardly recognize him, they never having seen him in that way before. One son, Elmer Stoner, who is deputy in the Recorder's office, could recall when he had seen his father walking on two feet. Mr. Stoner wore artificial legs for six years, but his health became impaired by their use, his physician claimed, and he had to discard them. For thirteen years he made his way on his knees, and this fact gained him the Democratic nomination for Recorder and elected him.

When he started to make his race he was comparatively unknown and was brought out by several persons who wanted to defeat W. T. Armstrong, who was seeking a second election. Mr. Stoner started out and made his way from house to house over the county. He had many amusing experiences and was often taken for a mendicant by persons who did not know him and they would toss coins to him and walk on. He always took the mistakes good-naturedly.

As a young man Recorder Stoner was a perfect specimen of manhood and an athlete, but an unfortunate accident twenty-three years ago last Christmas eve rendered him a cripple for life. He was at Memphis, a small town north of Jeffersonville, and took a sudden notion to go to Underwood. The train was just pulling out, and in attempting to board it he missed his footing and fell, the wheels passing over both legs, cutting them off at the ankles. More dead than alive he was picked up and given surgical attention, recovering in due time.

JEFFERSONVILLE NOTES.

—Frank Johnson was fined $1 and costs, $11 in all, by City Judge Schwaninger in the Police Court yesterday morning for intoxication, and the amount was paid.

—The written examination of the plaintiff was filed yesterday in the suit of William H. Porter against Bert Ooley to eject the defendant from a small farm in Wood township.

—General denials were entered yesterday in the divorce actions of Hiram Yates against Ella Yates and John F. Metzger against Minnie Metzger, the suits being brought to an issue.

—Andrew Thomas, Charles Jackson and James Taylor, of Carr township, were brought to the county jail yesterday by Constable L. B. Wagner to pay out fines of $6 each in Magistrate Jones' court.

—A default was made yesterday in the suit of Sarah Bower against James G. Bottorff and Thomas E. Bottorff, a suit on a note for $100, dated December 10, 1901, and judgment was given the plaintiff.

—John W. Nicholson, who had been ill of lung trouble for months, died yesterday morning at his home, 530 East Court avenue. He was seventy-two years old and had lived in this city for a long time.

—The military company now being organized in this city will go into camp at Indianapolis in July, and as soon as mustered in the men will be furnished practically the same equipment as regular soldiers.

—The case of Whitson T. Gore against James G. Bottorff and Thomas E. Bottorff on a note of $125, given to Sarah Bower August 20, 1900, which was to be tried this week, has been reassigned to May 27.

—Elmer M. Frank, secretary of the Commercial Club, will make an effort to arouse an interest among the citizens of this city to build an armory for the use of the new military company and for public gatherings.

—An execution was issued from Circuit Clerk Badger's office yesterday afternoon against Henry E. Blakely and Daniel Stoll to satisfy a judgment of $59 in favor of William Metzger, rendered June 1, 1900, and $43.20 costs.

—Cyrus DeCamp, of Otisco, has been granted an increase of pension from $17 to $30 per month, and Otto Franz, of Ohio Falls, has been allowed an original pension of $6 per month as a soldier in the Spanish-American War.

—Cornelius Burrell, a blacksmith, yesterday filed suit for divorce from Luella Burrell, to whom he was married in 1900. It is alleged in the complaint that the defendant was cruel to the plaintiff and abandoned him two years ago.

—Judge Montgomery has called off a holiday in the Circuit Court for to-day on account of the Louisville Derby, but will hold a short session this morning, adjourning in time to allow those who desire to attend the race to do so.

—The Union Trust Company, receiver for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Indiana, was given judgment yesterday for $267.26, with 10 per cent. additional for attorney's fees, in a suit for foreclosure against Melvin A. Brenton.

—An axle broke under a car in the bridge freight on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway, back of the Reformatory, and three cars were so badly wrecked that they had to be burned. Councilman Lawrence Ford was slightly injured.

—Daisy Webb was arrested yesterday on a bench warrant issued on an indictment returned against her by the grand jury for assault and battery on Nona Washington some time ago; the latter being nearly killed by a knife thrust. Bond was fixed at $500.

—City Judge Abraham Schwaninger yesterday fined Gus Tudor, the paroled convict arrested by Capt. Clegg, $5 and costs for intoxication and a second charge of carrying concealed weapons was held up until it is seen whether he is to be taken back to Michigan City.

—A telegram received by Constable Frank Walford yesterday stated that his brother, George Walford, was dying at his home at Stillwater, Okla., of dropsy, and that his demise was expected at any hour. He was formerly one of the best-known men in this township.

—A motion was made by the defendant yesterday to remand the suit of James Hall against the National Life and Accident Insurance Company to Floyd county for trial. The action is for $60, alleged to be due for sick benefits, and came here from New Albany April 27.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CITY'S FINANCES ARE IN EXCELLENT CONDITION

Mayor Grainger's Annual Message Shows Improvement All Along the Line—Detailed Statement of Expenditures.

Mayor Grainger's annual message to the General Council showed the city to in excellent financial condition and that every department of the city government is in first-class shape. The message was accompanied by the annual reports of the departments.

The Mayor's message is as follows:

To the Honorable General Council of the City of Louisville:

Following the usual custom and in obedience to the city charter, I transmit herewith the annual reports of the various departments and bureaus of the city government for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1904.

These reports show in detail the general condition of the affairs of the city, and I submit them to your body for its consideration, action and order for publication in the customary printed book form.

The reports are as follows, viz.: Report of the Controller; report of the Treasurer; report of the Auditor; report of the Assessor; report of the Board of Park Commissioners; report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund; report of the Industrial School of Reform; report of the Louisville Gas Company; report of the City Gas Inspector; report of Board of Public Safety; report of Fire Department; report of Chief of Police; report of Chief of Detectives; report of Health Officer; report of City Hospital; report of St. John's Eruptive Hospital; report of Home for the Aged and Infirm; report of Workhouse; report of Poundkeepers; report of Building Inspector; report of Plumbing Inspector; report of Firemen's Pension Fund; report of Inspector of Weights and Measures; report of Board of Public Works; report of Public Baths; report of Public Wharves; report of Gasoline Lights; report of Superintendent of Pumps and Wells; report of Bureau of Engineering; report of Street Cleaning Department; report of Cook Benevolent Institute; report of Home Telephone Company; report of Children's Guardians; report of Louisville School Board; report of Louisville Water Company.

These reports contain accurate and minute information about each department, and while they may not prove interesting to the average citizen on account of their statistical nature, they are valuable nevertheless to those in the present or future time who seek information concerning the conduct of this municipal corporation for the year 1904.

* * *

City In Excellent Financial Condition.

The work shows and speaks for itself, hence it is not necessary for me to go into details in regard to what has been accomplished during the twelve months covered by these records. Your membership has co-operated with me in striving to promote efficiency and economy in the several bureaus, and I am pleased to say that all have kept within the appropriations made by your honorable body, and that at the close of our fiscal year the financial condition of the city of Louisville was excellent; in fact, it compared most favorably with any municipality in the American Commonwealth.

The report of the Controller, which I incorporate herein, should be very gratifying to you, showing as it does, that we have conducted our financial affairs along strict lines and on business principles.

* * *

Controller's Report.

Following is a statement of the Controller, showing amounts appropriated, claims registered and balances unexpended to date for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1904:

DEPARTMENTS.	Amounts appropriated for the fiscal year 1904, August 30, 1904	Unexpended balances of appropriations for 1903, and brought forward as per Sec. 2982, City Charter	Total appropriations for the fiscal year 1904	Amount expended for the fiscal year 1904	Unexpended balances of appropriations for the fiscal year 1904, and brought forward to 1905
Police Department	$295,856 39	$15,183 14	$311,039 53	$291,100 05	$19,939 48
Fire Department	324,832 43	14,390 76	339,223 19	325,359 92	13,863 27
Street cleaning	132,312 88	948 17	133,261 05	132,372 55	888 50
Sewer cleaning	12,810 60	2,859 04	15,669 64	14,967 15	702 49
Reconstruction streets	128,698 37	28,323 24	157,021 61	152,002 43	5,019 18
Repairing streets	67,674 56	159 23	67,833 79	65,971 59	1,862 20
Sewer construction	9,624 86	5,673 59	15,297 45	13,461 25	1,836 20
Sewer repairs	2,056 47	3 68	2,060 15	1,764 76	295 39
Sprinkling streets	....	156 55	156 55	61 96	94 59
Home for Aged and Infirm	26,500 00	....	26,500 00	21,790 79	4,709 21
City Hospital	60,045 76	....	60,045 76	58,490 87	1,554 89
Eruptive Hospital	8,500 00	351 49	8,851 49	7,587 22	1,264 27
Workhouse	26,580 14	98 70	26,678 84	26,500 45	178 39
Assessor's Department	18,245 92	....	18,245 92	18,245 92	....
Board of Public Safety	8,899 80	....	8,899 80	8,899 80	....
Board of Public Works	11,619 72	....	11,619 72	11,619 72	....
City officers	50,250 00	69 38	50,319 38	50,225 76	93 62
City Hall expenses	15,000 00	689 32	15,689 32	15,531 08	158 24
Cisterns	1,000 00	412 20	1,412 20	1,353 78	58 42
Cemeteries	720 00	....	720 00	720 00	....
City pounds	1,440 00	....	1,440 00	1,440 00	....
Engineer's Department	32,460 00	455 82	32,915 82	32,593 40	322 42
Gasoline lights	10,370 00	82 22	10,452 22	10,434 85	17 37
Incidental expenses	162,379 97	2,677 28	165,057 25	140,631 32	24,425 93
Insurance	986 05	....	986 05	986 05	....
Interest on warrants	7,100 00	513 48	7,613 48	7,613 48	....
Inspector of Buildings	3,720 00	....	3,720 00	3,720 00	....
Police Court	22,000 00	337 00	22,337 00	22,119 23	217 77
Printing and stationery	20,000 00	158 55	20,158 55	18,084 29	2,074 26
Pumps and wells	9,200 00	494 54	9,694 54	9,188 04	506 50
Public lights (taxes, $96,000; dividends, $55,500)	151,500 00	2,631 68	154,131 68	152,555 46	1,576 22
Receiver of Taxes	11,390 00	....	11,390 00	11,290 00	....
Sanitary expenses	17,000 00	....	17,000 00	16,053 49	946 51
Veteran Firemen's Home	900 00	....	900 00	796 06	103 94
Public baths	1,500 00	294 90	1,794 90	1,477 19	317 71
Improvements on Von Borries avenue	23,500 00	3,695 66	27,195 66	26,289 20	906 46
Secret service	1,000 00	....	1,000 00	1,000 00	....
Interest on city's notes	5,833 38	....	5,833 38	5,833 38	....
Totals	$1,683,507 30	$80,658 62	$1,764,165 92	$1,680,232 49	$83,933 43

Unexpended balances as shown by this statement have been forwarded to Register No. 22 and added to the first appropriation made by the General Council on September 22, 1904, for the year 1905, for the respective accounts, as per requirements of the City Charter, Section 2982.

The following accounts are liable for unfinished contracts for the fiscal year 1904:

Fire Department	$10,462 00
Police Department	1,800 00
Home for the Aged and Infirm	4,500 00
Total	$16,762 00

Respectfully submitted. SAMUEL M. WILHITE, City Controller.

* * *

Police and Fire.

Under the Board of Public Safety our Police and Fire Departments have shown greater efficiency and have proved equal to every emergency, and not before in the history of the city have these departments been as modern and up to date in every respect as they are to-day; their heads, the subordinate officers and men have conducted themselves in a manner highly creditable. Many improvements have been made for the betterment of the service in both of these departments, limited of course to the appropriations. Our policemen and firemen are capable and have attended to their duties as faithfully as any similar forces in other metropolitan cities of the country. Our charitable and penal institutions are also in excellent condition.

* * *

Street Work.

Under the Board of Public Works extensive improvements have been conducted in the line of streets, alleys, sidewalks, etc., and the construction has been done at low cost to the property owners compared with similar work in other cities. The streets have been kept clean and in good repair.

* * *

More Sewers Needed.

It is to be regretted, however, that the city has not made as much progress in the matter of sewer building during the year as she has made in other branches of public improvement. The members of your boards are well aware of the efforts made for several years to secure an adequate system of sewers; in this work we have not met with the success desired, and the city must suffer, but it is hoped in the near future that this deplorable condition will be remedied.

* * *

Wonderful Progress In Building.

In the building line Louisville has made wonderful progress. Much unimproved land has been covered with residences and factories, and our advance has been so swift in this respect that we have attracted the attention of the outside world, which is constantly seeking information relative to our rapid growth.

* * *

Believes In Louisville.

Our population has increased, and the city has cause to congratulate herself upon the fact that she has been so fortunate in being free from epidemics, serious strikes, or other unhappy incidents to mar the peace and happiness of her people. I am a believer in Louisville. I can see that she is fast assuming her justly-entitled position as the metropolis of the South and the most available place in the United States for the location of large manufacturing enterprises, by reason of her geographical position and splendid transportation facilities by both rail and river; she has a progressive municipal Government, and it has done and is doing its share toward bringing about greater progress and prosperity.

Respectfully submitted,
CHARLES F. GRAINGER, Mayor.

HANDSOME STAG OUTFOOTS THE HOUNDS.

Lexington, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—A large stag which W. H. Gentry had purchased from the West for the purpose of giving an exhibition chase with hounds as a feature of his Colonial Day entertainment here, made its escape last night and to-day Col. Rager D. Williams with a pack of hounds started on the trail. The hounds followed the deer several miles toward Versailles and finally gave chase, but the stag outfooted them, and made his escape. He is one of the finest specimens ever seen here. Mr. Gentry says he will secure another for his entertainment.

Will Be Buried In New York.

Lexington, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The funeral services of J. Warren Dey, the wealthy trotting-horse breeder who died at St. Joseph's Hospital here Thursday, were held to-day and the remains were taken to New York for burial. The funeral was delayed, awaiting the arrival of Richard V. Dey, brother of the deceased, from New York. The pall bearers were J. N. Camden, W. E. Simms, Edward Wallace, John B. Ewing, H. M. Skillman, C. D. Chenault, John Welsh and Dr. John W. Scott. The Rev. L. W. Burton, of the Lexington diocese, officiated.



Heels of New Rubber

The spring of the year brings back the buoyancy of life, just as the spring of new rubber brings back the buoyancy of youth.

It is the responsive spring of new rubber which makes O'Sullivan Heels so popular and has earned for them the respect and endorsement of that guardian of health—the family physician.

If your neighbor is wearing rubber heels there must be a reason for it. He is careful of his health—is studying his comfort—has an eye to economy.

Either of these reasons ought to be enough for any thoughtful person. Neither of them could be realized without new rubber. Substitutes for O'Sullivan's are of no value, although they cost the same, 50c. pair, attached.

Send 35c. to makers for a sample pair if dealer cannot supply. O'Sullivan Rubber Company, Lowell, Mass.

FINE POINT

Raised In Effort To Quash Indictment.

PLEA FOR U. G. SUTHERLIN

THAT JURY COMMISSIONER WAS DISQUALIFIED.

BUSY DAY IN FLOYD COURT.

When the case of the State of Indiana against the Rev. U. G. Sutherlin, the minister charged with the murder of his wife, was called in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday morning at 10:15 o'clock, Mr. Sutherlin, by his counsel, filed a plea in abatement to quash the indictment.

The plea was made on the ground that James W. Dunbar, one of the jury commissioners appointed last January by Judge Utz and who assisted in drawing the grand jury which returned the indictment against Sutherlin, was disqualified from serving in that capacity for the reason that at that time he was an interested party in suits pending in the Circuit Court that might be tried by the jurors selected by him. It was held in the plea which was prepared by Judge Dowling that Mr. Dunbar is a stockholder and director in the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company, which has damage suits pending, and consequently is not qualified to select a jury. This, it is said, is in accordance with the law of Indiana which recites, "No person can serve as a jury commissioner who is a party to or interested in a cause to be tried by a jury drawn in the calendar year next succeeding his appointment."

The defendant had not been arraigned and after the plea in abatement was filed, Mr. Jewett, one of the attorneys for the prosecution, said that in his judgment the defendant should have been arraigned before the plea in abatement was filed. To this Judge Dowling replied that the defendant, his client, could not answer to an indictment from the fact that no legal indictment had been returned. The attorneys for the prosecution, George B. McIntyre, Prosecuting Attorney; Mr. Jewett and B. P. May, of Bedford, asked for time in which to examine the plea. Judge Utz passed the case until this morning when the plea in abatement will be argued. Should the court hold the plea not good, Sutherlin will be arraigned, enter a plea of not guilty and the case will be set for trial.

If the court sustains the plea in abatement nearly a score of indictments found by the last grand jury against a number of persons may be quashed. Several of these have been arrested and have made pleas of either guilty or not guilty. They will not be affected, as they have lost their remedy by not making the plea in abatement at the time they were brought in for arraignment. One of these, Thomas Blair, pleaded guilty to a charge of petit larceny Monday and is now serving a term of thirty days in the county jail.

The Rev. Mr. Sutherlin continues to receive numerous callers at the county jail. Yesterday afternoon in the county jail was the first time he has spoken bitterly concerning his late wife. In the course of conversation he referred to her as being insane, with both homicidal and suicidal tendencies, and also spoke of the mysterious action of the grand jury in finding a true bill against him. He said that enemies of his had collected the testimony and had been most careful to see that nothing went before the grand jury that might be at all in his favor. Mention was made by him of several witnesses who had seen Mrs. Sutherlin in the yard at their home an hour after he left the place, one of whom had stated that she saw her enter the house and close the shutters to the room, at the door of which she was found hanging dead several hours later. The fact that he was compelled to dispose of his home, representing the savings of a lifetime, in order to secure funds with which to retain an attorney for his defense was mentioned with much bitterness by the minister.

HEARING SET FOR FRIDAY

On Construction Company's Mandamus Proceedings.

Mandamus proceedings were instituted in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday morning by the Marion Construction Company against Edward B. Coolman, as City Engineer of New Albany, to compel him to give the construction company the necessary stakes and surveys required in the construction of the sewer system of that city.

A writ of mandamus was ordered issued and the hearing will be Friday, May 12. Should the suit be decided in favor of the Marion Construction Company it will practically settle the validity of the contract entered into several months ago by the New Albany Common Council with P. J. McNerney & Co. for the construction of the sewer system, this contract having afterward been transferred to the Marion Construction Comany by consent of the New Albany Council. Mayor William V. Grose and the Board of Public Works of New Albany will dispute the legality of the validity of the contract and it is likely that no matter what the decision is in the Floyd Circuit Court next Friday an appeal will be taken to a higher tribunal.

Other Cases Up.

Considerable business was transacted yesterday in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany in addition to that connected with the murder case of the State against Sutherlin. The suit for divorce brought by Carrie against John Schueler was dismissed and the same course was taken in the damage suit of Junius Johnson against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and that of Ollie Bruder against the Henry Klerner Furniture Company was set for May 23.

Cases were set for trial as follows: Union Trust Company, receiver for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Indiana, against Victor Herb, Jacob Shaffer and Elizabeth Hassenmiller, May 13; the damage suit of Thomas Neal against the Southern Railway Company, May 15; John F. Armstrong against the same defendant company, May 25; B. B. Brannon against the K. and I. Bridge Company, the Pennsylvania and Southern railway companies, May 29; Daisy Nicholson against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company, May 17; Frank H. Hildebrand against the same defendant company, May 17; Mary Daugherty, administratrix of the estate of Patrick Daugherty, deceased, against the Pennsylvania Company, June 5; Alonzo Benson against the Pennsylvania Company, June 2; Emmett Cuddy against Henry Schnull and others, May 9.

NEW ALBANY NOTES.

New Albany subscribers not receiving the Courier-Journal regularly and promptly will please report to McQuiddy & Alberts, City Newsstand Building, 137 East Spring street. Cumberland 'phone 318 Y. Home 504 A.

—Martin J. Hauser, of Jeffersonville, and Miss Katherine S. Loebig are to be married to-night at the rectory of St. Mary's Catholic church by the Very Rev. E. M. Faller.

—George Kleitz, aged thirty-five years, was struck on the breast by a board thrown off at a sawmill near Corydon Monday, sustaining injuries that caused his death a few hours later.

—It was reported in the city yesterday that the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, at Chicago, has reversed Judge Anderson's decision in the Ryerson case in the Zier bankruptcy proceedings and had allowed the claim of W. W. Watts for attorney's fees of $1,200, which had been disallowed by Judge Anderson.

—The funeral of Henry Reinecke, who was killed Sunday by a Southern switching engine, took place yesterday afternoon from the family home, Floyd and Ferry streets, in the West Albany suburb. The Rev. C. W. Locher, pastor of the German Evangelical church, conducted the services, and the body was taken to Fairview for burial.

—John O'Sullivan, forty years old and giving his residence as Chicago, was taken into custody by Sheriff R. J. Morris and Constable James Kirk. He was apparently demented, and had been terrorizing the people living along the Monon, a few miles north of the city, for several days. He will be detained until the Chicago authorities are heard from.

—John Horn, 320 East Third street, returned yesterday morning from Cincinnati, where he had been called by the illness of his daughter, Miss Eva Horn, a probationary nurse at the City Hospital in that city. Miss Horn was reported to be suffering from an attack of cerebro spinal meningitis, but it was afterward learned the malady was tonsilitis. When Mr. Horn left Cincinnati she was greatly improved.

—William Nance, a native of this city, died recently at his home in Salinas City, Monterey county, Cal. He was seventy-two years old and he leaves his wife and five children—two daughters and three sons. Mr. Nance went from Indiana to California in 1849 when but sixteen years old, crossing the plains with his father and the other members of the family. He arrived in Sacramento August 28, 1849, and was among the first that engaged in mining at Suter's Fort.

—The case of Peter J. McNerney against the city of New Albany in the Jackson Circuit Court at Brownstown was continued yesterday to the September term of that tribunal on motion of Mr. Shea, of Seymour, the attorney for the plaintiff. The reason assigned for the continuance was that important witnesses, including the plaintiff, were absent. Mayor W. V. Grose and Attorneys Joseph S. Foley and Evan B. Stotsenburg went to Brownstown yesterday morning to represent the city in the suit. They returned home last night.

—Gov. Hanly has notified the committees of New Albany, Bedford, Seymour, Columbus, North Vernon and Madison, the Indiana cities contesting for the location of the new Southeastern Indiana Hospital for the Insane, that the commission while on its tour of inspection will not accept any hospitality whatever. The commission, while traveling, will pay its own hotel bills, hiring the carriages to convey the members to and from the hospital sites in the various cities. There will be no receptions, big dinners or speechmaking.

—During a brief absence of Miss Emma Farver, the P., C., C. and St. L. agent at East Ninth street and the railroad, yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, an unknown thief climbed through a rear window of the office and stole between $6 and $7 from the cash drawer. As far as is known, none of the tickets was taken. In their rounds the officers picked up four men who were idling their time away under the North Y trestle, but they gave satisfactory accounts of themselves and were dismissed. This is the third time Miss Farvar has been robbed. Once as she was returning home after night from the station the money was taken from her by force, and another time the cash drawer at the station was tapped.

—William Rady, a member of the Board of Trustees of the public schools, has charge of the enumeration of school children, which will be completed Friday. The enumeration is being taken this year by R. L. Johnson and Justus Kraft, who are doing the work in the most thorough and complete manner. The enumerators have been greatly assisted in the work by a preliminary enumeration, taken by the school children between April 10 and April 30. This method was introduced by Prof. C. A. Prosser, Superintendent of Schools, among the school children of the city, and New Albany is the only city in Indiana in which it is in vogue. By its use the enumeration has been increased about 800 in three years, thereby largely adding to the revenue for school purposes in this city.

BUSINESS NOTICE.
LOST—White bull terrier, brindled ears. Return to 1612 Dewey. Reward.

"MY OWN STORY," WRITTEN BY CALEB POWERS.

Book Has Some Literary Merit and Covers Prisoner's Life From Boyhood to Present.

"My Own Story," written by Caleb Powers, has been issued by the Babb-Merrill Company. The title is explained as "an account of the conditions in Kentucky leading to the assassination of William Goebel, who was declared Governor of the State, and my indictment and conviction on the charge of complicity in his murder." The book is of forty chapters. Numerous appendices, fully illustrated with photographs taken during the troubled times at Frankfort preceding and following the assassination of Gov. Goebel.

The book is well written and has some literary merit, although he apologizes for any lack of brilliancy because, he says, he wrote the book in jail, surrounded by prisoners and almost entirely under the eyes of curious people. The picture of John R. Pflanz appears among the cuts. He refers to him as "my kind-hearted jailer."

SOUTHWEST KENTUCKY DOCTORS AT PADUCAH.

Paducah, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The Southwestern Kentucky Medical Association held its thirty-fourth annual meeting here to-day.

There are about seventy-five prominent physicians of Southwestern Kentucky in attendance, and the meeting promises to be a delightful success. The session was called together at the City Hall this morning by Dr. Willis Moss, of Clinton, first vice president of the association.

An elaborate banquet was given at the Lagomarsino Hotel to-night.

Married By a Magistrate.

Paducah, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—Pleasant Shoemaker, aged fifty-eight, and Mrs. Lou Sexton, aged thirty-two, came to this city this morning from Smithland and were married at 12 o'clock in the office of Justice Jesse Young, that magistrate officiating.

Was Mayor For Twenty Years.

Norfolk, Va., May 9.—J. Thompson Baird, for twenty years Mayor of Portsmouth and a veteran of the Confederacy, died to-night of paralysis.

A Summer Resort

Just two weeks off
Try to do it all the first day
Get up at eleven the next morning
Feel like the old scratch
Dark brown taste and all that sort of thing
Brace up with a bottle of

Red Raven

The ideal aperient water and headeaser for folk who try to live twenty-eight hours out of the twenty-four

For sale everywhere

TO ENFORCE

Law Requiring Gongs At Railroad Crossings.

INQUIRY IN UPPER BOARD.

MR. HARRIS ASKS ABOUT MIDNIGHT CLOSING ORDINANCE.

A PROMISE TO REPORT IT.

An ordinance, approved August 27, 1884, requiring electric gongs to be placed at all railroad crossings within the city of Louisville, but which has never been enforced, was revived last night by a resolution introduced in the upper board of the General Council by Abner Harris, and it is probable that the ordinance will be enforced strictly in the future. The resolution was adopted by the upper board, but was referred to a committee in the lower board. It directs that the Board of Public Works shall require the strict enforcement of the ordinance. Mr. Harris discovered the ordinance when he received a letter calling attention to the dangerous condition of the L. and N. crossings at First and G streets.

Mr. Harris also called up the ordinance requiring all saloons to close between the hours of midnight and 5 a. m. Charles F. Taylor, the chairman of the committee, said the committee will have a report ready at the next meeting of the General Council. To-day was declared a half-holiday on account of the opening of the New Louisville Jockey Club. Both boards adjourned to meet again Tuesday, May 23. The pay rolls for the month of April were passed, and a number of claims and vouchers were allowed.

T. H. Campbell, W. J. Baird and Thomas C. Timberlake were elected members of the Board of Managers of the Industrial School of Reform to succeed themselves. The Louisville Times and the Louisville Anzeiger were elected public printers.

SALOON CLOSING ORDINANCE

Called Up In Upper Board and Will Be Ready At Next Meeting.

The board was called to order by Paul C. Barth, the president, eleven members being present. Abner Harris offered a letter from R. C. Watkins, calling attention to the dangerous condition of the Louisville and Nashville railroad crossings at First and G street. The letter was read by David W. Parkhill, the clerk, and stated that the view of the track is obstructed and a person traveling along the street cannot see the trains approaching, and on account of noise from factories cannot hear them until the train has almost reached the crossing. Mr. Harris called attention to an ordinance approved August 27, 1884, requiring electric gongs to be placed at all railroad crossings in the city of Louisville to warn of an approaching train. He wanted to know why the ordinance had not been enforced and said he would like to find out whether the Mayor or the Board of Public Works had been negligent. Mr. Barth suggested that the question directly pertained to that board, and suggested that the matter be referred to them. Mr. Harris objected to this and said he wanted some resolution adopted by the board. The regular business was continued while he drew up the resolution.

The Railroad Committee favorably reported an ordinance granting to the Louisville and Nashville railroad the right to construct a switch across Knapp street, between Shelby and Preston streets. It was passed without objection. A resolution was adopted declaring to-day a half holiday on account of the opening of the New Louisville Jockey Club.

The Kentucky and Indiana Bridge and Railroad Company was granted the right to construct a switch from Missouri avenue across Thirtieth, Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets to the yards of O'Donnell & Co. Mr. Harris offered a resolution directing the Board of Public Works to enforce the ordinance requiring electric gongs at railroad crossings. It was adopted without discussion. The annual message was read, received and filed.

Dr. R. B. Gilbert, chairman of the Committee on Renumbering of Houses, reported that the City Attorney is now preparing an ordinance carrying into effect the changes which have been agreed upon by the committee after consultation with a number of business men and business organizations. Main street will be the dividing line.

* * *

Calls Up Saloon Measure.

Mr. Harris asked what had become of the ordinance requiring the closing of saloons from midnight to 5 a. m. Charles F. Taylor, chairman of the Revision Committee, to which the ordinance had been referred, said J. George Miller, a member of the committee, had the ordinance, which they had hoped to present last night, but owing to the absence of Mr. Miller, the committee would ask the board for a week's more time.

"Mr. Harris seems greatly interested in this ordinance for some reason, and seems to be anxious to have it passed right away," said Mr. Taylor. "I want to say that the ordinance does not take effect until August 5, so I can see no need for any hurry, but as Mr. Harris seems so interested, I will ask that the board adjourn for one week only and at the next meeting we will be ready to make a report." Mr. Harris said he did not want any haste, but he wanted to know what had become of it. A resolution was adopted, however, providing that when the board adjourn it be to meet again May 23.

"I'd like to ask the next Mayor of Louisville to excuse me. I've got to go to work," said Humphrey Knecht, creating a laugh.

"The president of the Board of Aldermen excuses you," replied Mr. Barth, and Mr. Knecht departed.

Many claims and the pay rolls for the police and fire departments were approved. The board then adjourned, after hearing from S. Wallace Embry, who said he had had letters informing him that certain lights in the city have not burned for four months. He said he would take up the question later.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS

Occupy Most of Time of the Lower Board In Long Session.

The lower board was called to order by Dr. Bernard Buckle, the president, sixteen members being present. The resolution declaring to-day a half-holiday was adopted. The Mayor's message was read and filed. Judge A. E. Richards, the City Attorney, sent in an opinion in which he said the Louisville Railway Company has a right to lay curved tracks in Third avenue at Green and Jefferson streets. The question was raised by a resolution offered several weeks ago by S. S. Blitz. The curves connect the tracks of the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company with the tracks of the street railway and give an entrance into the depot on Jefferson street.

The resolution directing the Board of Public Works to require the enforcement of the ordinance ordering electric gongs at all railroad crossings was received and referred to the Revision Committee. The revised plumbing ordinance was referred to the Revision Committee. A number of claims and pay rolls were passed.

The board then went into joint session to elect public printers and three members of the Board of Managers of the Industrial School of Reform. Mr. Barth presided. The following were elected managers: T. H. Campbell, W. J. Baird and Thomas C. Timberlake. Councilman Christen nominated the Evening Times as the public printer and Alderman Knecht nominated the Louisville Anzeiger. Alderman O'Hearn seconded both nominations, and the two papers were elected. The joint session adjourned, and the lower board resumed discussion of a number of ordinances for sidewalks and alleys.

An ordinance was reported by the committee granting to the Kentucky Refining Company the right to construct a switch from the L. and N. railroad at Dandridge avenue across Logan street to the plant of the company. Councilman Baron said he had not been present when the ordinance was considered and moved that it be recommitted. The motion was lost. Councilman Miller suggested that the ordinance did not require standard crossings and suggested that it should be put in the ordinance. President Buckle said he had had experience with the Kentucky Refining Company and expressed himself as of the opinion that the company will do nothing unless it is in black and white and required by law. The ordinance was passed as reported by the committee.

Councilman Herndon offered an ordinance providing for a public market to be located in the district bounded by Market, Green, Floyd and Jackson streets. This removes the market from Brook street on account of the inconvenience to St. Michael's church on Brook street. The board then adjourned.

WOODMEN MEET ON LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 9.—The annual convention Sovereign Camp, Woodmen of the World, convened here to-day. Sessions are being held on Lookout Mountain. A brief address of welcome was delivered by Sovereign Commander J. C. Root, and several committee reports were made at the morning session. The election and installation of officers will occur to-morrow. The session will continue three days.

Will S. Hays to Capt. James Howard

The following tribute written by Col. Will S. Hays upon the death twenty-five or more years ago of Capt. James Howard, of Jeffersonville, is republished in compliance with a number of requests:

He has launched his last boat and got in it alone,
And sailed to that beautiful clime,
Where angels are waiting to welcome him home,
On the banks of the river of Time.
He will land by himself in Eternity's port
Then pull the boat out on the shore,
And quietly walk through the beautiful gates,
And never come back any more.
We trust that some angel will show him the way
That leads to the great throne of Grace,
Where God in His mercy will give him a seat,
And smile on his time-wrinkled face.
If ever a man was true, honest and kind,
We think it was old "Uncle Jim,"
And if God has a home and a crown for good men,
He will certainly give them to him.

Through Sleeper To Bristol.

Commencing Tuesday, May 9, the Louisville and Nashville railroad will operate a through sleeping car daily from Louisville to Bristol, Tenn., leaving Tenth-street station 8 p. m. Car will arrive from Bristol daily at 8:05 a. m.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Neglect your hair and you lose it. PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM renews growth and color.
Parker's Ginger Tonic strengthens the weak.

INQUIRE at your book dealer's about "Kindergarten In the Home."

DEATHS.

BERLE—Tuesday, May 9, 1905, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., Gervas Berle, in his 79th year.

Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, George Dehler, 1144 East Broadway, Friday morning at 9:30 and from St. Mary Magdalene church at 10 o'clock. Interment at Cave Hill cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

BOCRIE—Robert C. Bocrie, Tuesday morning, aged 74 years.

Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m. from Bax's Chapel, Clay and Chestnut. Burial in Eastern cemetery.

HAUGH—May 9, at 5 p. m., John Haugh, in his 19th year, at the residence of his brother, James Haugh, 2041 Lytle street.

Due notice of his funeral will be given.

HUMPHREY—May 9, 1905, at her home in this city, Jessamine Barkley, wife of Edward W. C. Humphrey.

Funeral from residence, 1403 Fourth avenue, Wednesday, May 10, at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

MUELLER—Entered into rest, William Mueller, Tuesday, May 9, at 8 a. m., beloved son of Chris and Katherine Mueller, aged 25 years 7 months and 21 days.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, 817 East Jefferson street, Thursday, at 2:30 p. m. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

PROAL—Louis M. Proal, at 5:30 p. m., May 9, aged 55 years.

Funeral from residence, 1627 West Chestnut street, Thursday at 3 p. m. Interment in Cave Hill. Private.



Was recommended to us by one of TORONTO'S JUDGES as a valuable household remedy. Thus writes a prominent citizen of that place.

Radway's Ready Relief

For External and Internal Use

CURES

Sore Muscles, Sprains, Strains, Bruises, Good for Athletes; Toothache, Headache, Backache, Pain in the Chest, Pain in the Kidneys; Neuralgia, Coughs, Grip, Lumbago, Sciatica; Sore Throat, Colds, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism

For over FIFTY YEARS this wonderful Remedy has proved itself the best safest and surest antidote for pain in the world.

In every family this invaluable Specific Remedy for all inflammatory diseases should be constantly kept on hand. The expense is a mere trifle, and saves more than twenty times the amount in doctors' or druggists' bills.

Dr. Radway: Having been an old patron of your R. R. R. and other medicines in raising a family of 7 children to manhood and womanhood, I am pleased to recommend it to others, as I do now, and have always done. Respectfully, MRS. LUCY BINNS, Feb. 6, 1904. 66 East Kinney St., Newark, N.J.

Sold by all Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., Radway Square, New York City.

Where's Your Money?

"Gone where the woodbine twineth!" Gone in little dribs! Pennies and nickels and dimes and dollars that you might have had safe in a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here bearing COMPOUND INTEREST. Stop it! And start an account, which it takes only a dollar to do.

Ky. Title Savings Bank

Fifth and Court Place.

Open daily until 3 p. m.
Saturday until 7 p. m.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

WESTMINSTER PALACE HOTEL
Opposite Westminster Abbey
Victoria st., London, England

A thoroughly comfortable, home-like Hotel, located in one of the best districts in London. Offers superior inducements to American Travelers. Our former patrons are our best references. Moderate tariff of rates furnished on request.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Reservations are now being made for the summer season at CHALFONTE, a fireproof, up-to-date city hotel, located on the Boardwalk at Atlantic City, midway between the Piers. Write for illustrations.

THE ST. CHARLES.

Most select location on the ocean front, Atlantic City, N. J. With an established reputation for exclusiveness and high-class patronage. Hot and cold salt and fresh water in every bath. Bell telephones in rooms. Courteous service. Golf privileges. Booklet. Orchestra of soloists. NEWLIN HAINES.

SUMMER RESORTS.

IN THE BEAUTIFUL ALLEGHENIES.
Brookside Inn and Cottages
Now Open for Season. Send for Unique Booklet.
E. J. KIRKPATRICK, Brookside, W. Va.

WARM SPRINGS, BATH CO., VA.
are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address
EUBANK & GLOVER, Warm Springs, Bath County, Va.

HOTELS.

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN,
Old Point Comfort.
Open all the year. For booklets, etc., address GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

L&N $1.50 Round Trip TO CINCINNATI

Sunday, May 14. Special trains leave 10th & Broadway and First-st. stations 8 a. m.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Greene Consolidated Gold Co.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

24 Broad st., New York, April 17, 1905.

The Greene Consolidated Gold Company has declared DIVIDEND NO. 2 OF TWO PER CENT. (2 per cent.) on the capital stock of the Company, payable May 20, 1905, to stockholders of record at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, May 6, 1905. Transfer books will close at 12 o'clock noon on May 6, 1905, and will reopen May 22, 1905.

JOHN H. MARTIN, Assistant Secretary.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Louisville Horse Show Association.
[Incorporated.]

The annual meeting of the Louisville Horse Show Association will be held at the Horse Show building, promptly at 11 o'clock a. m., Wednesday, the 10th inst. The Board of Directors will make reports. Directors will be elected and current business transacted. It is a very important meeting and every member should attend. BETHEL B. VEECH, Sec.

MEETINGS.

Preston Lodge, No. 281, F. and A. M., will meet in called communication, in their hall, Main street, above Shelby, this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock for work in M. M. degree. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited to attend. By order of W. B. TRUMBO, JR., W. M.
J. MEFFERT, Sec.

UNDERTAKERS.

Schoppenhorst Bros.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers
1820 West Market.
Telephone 1841 Chapel for use of patrons

MONUMENTS.

JOSEPH H. PETER & CO.
(Incorporated.)
MONUMENTS
At Manufacturers' Prices.
923 E. Broadway.

MME. BUSH—HAIR STORE.
Graduate of New York School of Dermatology
613 FOURTH AVENUE.

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

"I give him his Mellin's Food and he sleeps 'til morning." How many mothers can say this of their babies? If your baby does not sleep well it may be that he is not properly fed. A poorly nourished baby is a poor sleeper. Mellin's Food babies are good sleepers. Our book the "Care & Feeding of Infants," sent free of charge.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

AGILE AND RAM'S HORN TO FIGHT A GREAT TURF DUEL THIS AFTERNOON.

Dr. Leggo Goes Lame and Will Be Unable To Start In the Derby.

CHAFF TAKEN FROM WHEAT.

Several Colts To Run In the Hope of Winning Third Money.

THE DERBY WEATHER.

The local Weather Bureau last night announced that the conditions were favorable for thunder showers this afternoon, with moderately high temperature.

A DUEL will be fought in Jefferson county this afternoon. The authorities will not interfere and probably 30,000 people will witness the battle. This affair will not be contested with rapiers, no guards will be used, but it will be a contest such as will go down in history like no duel was ever recorded.

Over the sandy track and between the whitewashed fences that mark Churchill Downs as the meeting place for great equine heroes, Ram's Horn, a poor man's horse, will measure strides with Agile, the property of Capt. S. S. Brown, of Pittsburg, who does not know probably how many millions he possesses. Not with swords will these dumb brutes battle, but it will be a meeting of steel-clad hoofs, of speed, of endurance, of courage and stout hearts; it will be a contest in which blood and training and condition, and not previous performance, are sure to cut a figure. It will be something the equal of which has not been witnessed over this course, which has helped to make America's turf history, since 1883, when Proctor Knott and Spokane staggered blindly across that invisible line, heads apart, fighting for the glory of all that the Kentucky Derby means.

Twenty years ago almost to a day Joe Cotton beat a good field in the Kentucky Derby for the then young Jim Williams, a poor man. This was the beginning of Williams' fortune. Twenty, thirty, fifty thousand dollars he accumulated as the direct result of the victory of this relative of the immortal Ten Broeck. Then came the reverses which come to many men, and two years ago at a horse sale in Lexington Capt. Williams paid $250 for a yearling colt by Bute—Aunt Tessa. This youngster had been bred and foaled at J. B. Haggin's great Elmendorf stud and very little was thought of him as a race horse. And yet under the guiding hand of the man who now owns him he has proved to be the wonder of the Western turf, and a short time ago at Memphis Capt. Williams was offered $30,000 for Ram's Horn.

Agile, the millionaire's colt, is also a product of Kentucky, the best of the get of Sir Dixon, and this spring, as well as last summer, he has shown himself to be one of the best three-year-olds produced in this home of the thoroughbred horse.

And, so it is that, this afternoon around the circular track at Churchill Downs these two grand colts will fight a duel. To Jim Williams, the poor man, the result can make a difference of $50,000; to Capt. Sam Brown, the multimillionaire, it can be a pleasant afternoon's entertainment or a disappointment that carries little of the sting with it.

There is a good deal more to the running of the thirty-first Kentucky Derby than the ordinary spectator will understand. From the Bluegrass land of Kentucky are coming the fairest of American womanhood, in their best bib and tucker, and stalwart men of big hearts, who expect to see Ram's Horn returned the victor—because all of them are the personal friends of the owner of the colt. From their farms are coming his children, and his wife, who has seen one race since 1884, when Bob Miles beat Thackery in the Stockton Stakes at Long Branch. Then from all about Kentucky and Tennessee and Indiana and Ohio are coming others by the thousands who want to see the question decided as to which of these two colts is entitled to the three-year-old championship of the Western country.

It will be a grand race—there can be no doubt of this. All the preliminary preparations have been completed, and both colts are right on edge for the struggle, and last night they were guarded with jealous care by men who slept with them in their stalls.

Of course, there will be other horses in the race, as the official entries will show, but these others are being started merely to try to save their entrance fees or for that money which goes to the horse which finishes third. The chances are that several additional colts will be added before the race is run, and the field will be much larger than recent developments have indicated.

But remember, please, that Ram's Horn, the son of Bute, the poor man's colt, and Agile, who came from the loins of Sir Dixon, will furnish the struggle this afternoon, a pastime that is known all over the world as "the sport of kings." Also remember that each hoofbeat will mean a heartbeat to at least a few people in the vast crowd, and that it will be a horse race, every inch of it, from the instant the barrier is sprung way down there beyond the turn in the stretch until they pass the wire fighting for victory as only game horses can fight.

About twenty years ago the writer asked an old and illiterate turfman for his opinion of a grand race horse, and in reply he said: "He's as big as an elephant and as fast as lightning and can stand a drive like a wedge."

This is exactly what Trainer Tucker and Trainer Williams think of their respective charges, and the contest this afternoon will decide whose judgment is the best.

* * *

Agile's Final Work.

With Dr. Leggo standing with bandaged legs in his stall, and the other Derby aspirants waiting to see if Leggo would start, the interest of the clockers yesterday was centered in the final work of Agile and Ram's Horn.

The Brown representative was given his finishing touches early in the morning, so that Trainer Tucker could catch the 8:20 train for Lexington. It was the colt's first stiff work since his arrival from Lexington and therefore local turfmen and trainers were anxious to see him at it. The big stable boy who gallops Agile was on his back, and with the saddle probably weighed 115 pounds. After warming up the colt he was set down for business. Agile is notoriously not a good work horse, and requires a contest to make him run, but if he does better in a race than he did yesterday he deserves the confidence of his backers. Swinging away from the stand he swept around the circle as steadily as an express train and going as strongly, with the whole weight of his rider on the bit. He made the circuit in 1:43 flat. The time was not particularly fast, and it was evidently not meant to be, but the performance was a very impressive one on account of the infinite ease with which it was accomplished despite the efforts of his rider to slow him down.

Trainer Tucker had a grim smile on his face as the colt trotted back to the stand. He said the work was perfectly satisfactory, and as far as he could see Agile was as fit as could make him. He believed that he would win, but if he lost he would have no complaint to make.

Mr. Tucker was forced to go to Lexington as soon as the work was over because several of Capt. Brown's stable, of which he has charge, were to start in races there yesterday. He returned last night, and brought with him J. Martin, the stable jockey, who will ride the colt to-day.

* * *

Capt. Williams Pleased.

Ram's Horn had received his work Sunday and needed only a pipe-opener for his finishing touch. Capt. Williams announced that he would only breeze him half a mile in about :50. The colt did the stunt in :49¾, carrying 118 pounds, and with the boy on his back swinging his head and calling "whoa" all the way down the stretch.

Capt. Williams was highly pleased with his champion's condition, and was found an hour after his colt had been taken to the barn, leaning comfortably back in a chair tilted against the stable wall, and facing a big green parrot, which is the stable mascot and which for the nonce was perched on the fence. Both master and bird were whistling to quick time "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town To-night," with the parrot leading by a couple of bars. While the visitors were talking to the Captain about the prospects of his colt he was jestingly asked if he was afraid of Agile. "To h—l with Agile! To h—l with Agile!" suddenly squawked the parrot, as he hopped angrily up and down the fence. "Now, I didn't teach him that. That's some of the boys' work," laughed Capt. Williams.

* * *

Dr. Leggo Is Lame.

Poor Dr. Leggo stood in his stall most of the day nursing what his attendants said was a very bad leg. Trainer McCafferty was too nervous and worried over his pet's plight to stay about the stable much, and did not make an official statement whether he would start his colt in the Derby or not. The colt was not on the track during the day, and while he was walked under the shed he is undoubtedly a very lame horse.

It is hard on Mr. McCafferty to have the horse which swept everything before him in California to fall him the first time he was expected to parade at the real races. An unfortunate feature of the case was that while the horse was standing very lame in his stall, according to his attendants, his admirers, which are more numerous among the public than those of any other horse, were pouring money into the future book, which still kept him up at 3 to 1.

To his intimate friends, it is understood that Mr. McCafferty stated he would not start the horse if the track was dry, but might do so it it was muddy and soft.

The saddest man in the vicinity of the track was the original Dr. Leggo, a prominent dentist of Chicago, for whom the horse was named. He is a handsome, round man of middle age, and came down with a party of friends yesterday morning to see his namesake win the Derby to-day. The doctor in his grief blames himself as a sort of hoodoo to the horse. He has seen the colt run twice, but on both occasions he was beaten.

Tooman, the little jockey who has ridden the horse in all his great races, and who is deeply attached to him, however, has a different version of the trouble. In Mr. McCafferty's absence Tooman had a noisy altercation with the negro groom who is the personal attendant of Dr. Leggo, the horse. "That's what you get by having his picture taken," exclaimed he angrily. "You let 'em take his picture here last Sunday, and now the horse is broke down."

* * *

More Starters Added.

The reports of Dr. Leggo's ailment, with the probability of his not starting, quickly brought to the surface two added starters in McClellan, from the Gerst stable, and Layson, belonging to T. P. Hayes, who will make a fight for third money. As neither of the new candidates has, on form, the slightest chance to beat either Agile or Ram's Horn, or even Dr. Leggo, should he start, it is probable that a separate book will be made on these two horses, simply on the contest between these two, who were rivals at Nashville. Indeed, neither may get third money if Leggo does not start, for Capt. Williams announced last night that he would also start Ram's Horn's stable companion, Whippoorwill. As Whippoorwill is a horse of neat speed, he will carry the field a merry clip for a part of the distance at least. J. Walsh will ride him.

* * *

Gene Elrod's special train arrived from Lexington last night, bringing 250 horse owners, trainers and bookmakers.

Among the prominent turfmen and racing officials who arrived from Lexington last night were T. C. McDowell, Judge Charles F. Price, W. H. and H. B. Laudeman, W. C. Scott, Max Samuelson, Judge J. H. Rees, Will Shelley, John Walsh, Dick Murphy, J. C. Rogers, J. Bennett Woodson, Tom Lynch, Ed Franklin, Col. W. E. Applegate and Fred Edwards.

Gene Elrod, who will have charge of the betting ring, announced late last night that there had been applications by twenty-two bookmakers for stands in the big ring, two field books and one combination book. Secretary Davis has provided accommodations for thirty bookmakers in the big ring, and that number will probably cut in.

* * *

All the boxes at Churchill Downs were sold several weeks ago. A list of those who will occupy these sections is as follows: Gov. Beckham and staff, Mrs. Charles F. Grainger and party, Capt. S. S. Brown's party, George Hendrie and party, of Canada; Geo. L. Peters and party, Edward Corrigan, Chicago; W. S. Barnes and party, Lexington; Judge James A. Murphy, St. Louis; W. J. Abram and party, Senator W. J. O'Brien and George B. Gibbs, Chicago; Robert Tyler and party, M. C. Anderson, A. Callahan and party, W. O. Parmer and party, Nashville; Laban Pheips and party, Messrs. and Mesdames Geo. B. Cox, Harvey Myers, H. M. Ziegler and August Herrmann, of Cincinnati.

* * *

The officials will be as follows: In the judges' stand—Charles F. Price, presiding Judge; Charles F. Grainger and May Overton, of Nashville, associate judges.

Official Timer—George Lindenberger, official timer for the American Turf Association.

Starter—"Dick" Dwyer.
Entry Clerk—Fred Gerhardy.
Clerk of Scales—Will Shelley.

* * *

Fine Opening Card.

Aside from the interest that is manifested in the running of the Derby, the list of entries for the other five events have filled unusually well, and all of the races are expected to result in fine finishes.

Never in the history of the New Louisville Jockey Club has the entry list for the outside races filled as well, nor has the class been as high. Chief interest is centered in the events for two-year-olds, and it is more than likely that the winners of these events will prove to be stake horses of exceptional ability.

In the first race nine of the best sprinters in the West will face Starter Dwyer. Numbered among the entries are Kurtzmann and Saulsberry, both eligibles for the Kentucky classic; Delagoa, one of the best horses at short distances in California this winter; Bad News, one of the star handicap horses of the West, and who finished second to Wain-a-Moinen on the opening day last year; Rusk, the Canadian sprinter, and Braden, from the barn of T. T. Hayes. Mr. Hayes, however, may decide at the last minute to start his colt in the Derby.

The second event is for two-year-old fillies at four furlongs. Lady Tarascon, owned by Billy Smith, the Louisville turfman, is the only one of the lot that has won brackets, but a majority have never faced the starter. Minnie Adams is from the stable of Fred Cook, and has worked well in her trials. Ed Alvey also has an entry, as have several other local turfmen, and it is highly probable that the colors of a Louisville stable will be seen going first under the wire.

The third race will bring out sixteen for the six-furlong journey. Ice Water, Omealca, Norwood Ohio, Enchanter, La Pucelle and Determination are expected to put up the argument.

In the fifth race, which is at four furlongs, George C. Bennett, from the stable of Fred Cook, is entered. This is the colt that ran in such sensational time at Churchill Downs. He is coupled with Henry Hendricks. Henribell, owned by Ed Alvey and named for the local politician, will also face the starter, as will Hyperion, a three-time winner at Memphis; Little Mike and Tichimingo, also winners.

The closing race is at one mile and will bring out sixteen starters.

The Messenger has just returned from St. Louis, where he won two races; Chamblee won the other day at Nashville at odds of 30 to 1; Belle Dodson, who finished third at Lexington on the opening day, and Miss Doyle, who was heavily backed in the Montgomery Handicap, and who ran a fine race, finishing fifth, being just back of Ram's Horn, King's Trophy, Otto Stifel and Dalvray.

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; purse; Inaugural dash:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Saulsberry	95		Delagoa	115
	Darthula	95		Bad News	117
	Kurtzmann	105		Braden	105
	Batts	107		Pretension	114
	Rusk	114			

Second Race—Four furlongs; purse:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Nondace	103		Mamie Adams	103
	Moccasin Maid	103		Sister Maud	103
	Patiman	103		Floss S	103
	Limavady	103		Latifa	103
	Cantrome	103		Lady Tarascon	107
	Nun's Velling	103		Lady Tod-dington	103

Third Race—Six furlongs; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Blue Reveler	85		Alone	103
	*Norwood Ohio	92		Slambok	103
	*Bradley's Pet	97		Determination	103
	Omealca	98		Hobson's Choice	103
	Goldspink	99		Chanterelle	103
	*Judge Traynor	106		La Pucelle	104
	Rhodello	101		Woods Perry	107
	Enchanter	102		Ice Water	111

Fourth Race—One and one-quarter miles; the Kentucky Derby:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	McClellen	110		Agile	122
	Ram's Horn	117		Dr. Leggo	122
	Layson	117			

Fifth Race—Four furlongs; purse:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Hugh Keough	105		Silent Jean	105
	Maneuver	105		Suds	105
	**George C. Bennett	105		Charafield	105
	**Henry Hendricks	105		King Abyssinia	105
	Henribell	105		Wreme	105
	Mingita	105		Little Mike	108
	Director	106		Tichimingo	108

Sixth Race—One mile; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	*Belle Dodson	91		Marshal Ney	103
	Mindor	97		Annie Williams	105
	*R'ger Smith	98		The Messenger	105
	Bluegrass Girl	99		Miss Doyle	105
	Lyrist	99		*Florizel	106
	Kilmorle	101		Bugler	106
	*Ebony	103		Benvollo	110
	Glendon	104		Chamblee	116

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
**Cook's entry.

* * *

Dr. Leggo's 1905 Record.

Won at five and one-half furlongs, Oakland; track very heavy; 112 pounds; won in a gallop. Time, 1:14.

Won at seven-eighths of a mile, Oakland; track slow; 104 pounds; won easily. Time, 1:29½.

Won at one mile, Oakland; track fast; 112 pounds; won easily. Time, 1:41.

Won California Derby, one and one-quarter miles, Oakland; track slow; 127 pounds; won easily. Time, 2:11¾.

Won at one mile, Oakland; track fast; 104 pounds; won handily. Time, 1:39.

Won Ascot Derby, Los Angeles; track slow; 122 pounds; won in a canter. Time, 2:03¾.

Won at one and one-sixteenth miles, Oakland; track good; 105 pounds; won handily. Time, 1:47⅘.

Won at one and three-sixteenths miles, Oakland; track fast; 110 pounds; won easily. Time, 1:59½.*

Won at one mile and fifty yards, Oakland; track fast; 110 pounds; won easily. Time, 1:42⅘.*

Won at one and-eighth miles, Oakland; track muddy; 111 pounds; won easily. Time, 1:55.

Ran second to Ellie, beaten but three-quarter length with 85 pounds; in world's record time, 5:22.

Ran second to Bombardier; beaten but one-half length; 109 pounds; in heavy going. Time, 1:56⅘.

Ran third at Oakland twice at three-quarters of a mile and at a mile, respectively.

Was unplaced but twice in fourteen starts up to and including April 15, 1905.

Total earnings in 1905 up to April 22 amounted to $11,035.

*Pacific coast records at the distance.

Will See the Derby.

Nashville, Tenn., May 9.—(Special.)—A large delegation of local turfmen and breeders left here to-night for Louisville to witness the running of the Kentucky Derby. The party included May Overton and J. W. Russwurm, of the Tennessee Breeders' Association; Walter O. Parmer, Ed Sinclair, Marcus Cartwright, Capt. Jack Price and Charlie Eastman. Another large party will leave in the morning, arriving at Louisville at 1 p. m.

Marine Intelligence.

Genoa, May 9.—Sailed: Citta di New York, New York.

Christiana, May 5.—Sailed: United States, from Copenhagen, for New York.

Bremen, May 9.—Sailed: Prinzess Alice, New York.

New York, May 9.—Arrived: Finland, Antwerp. Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Prinz Oskar, Naples and Genoa; Boyle, Liverpool.

Liverpool, May 9.—Arrived: Cornishman, Portland.

Glasgow, May 9.—Arrived: Furnessia, New York.

London, May 9.—Arrived: Minnetonka, New York.

Antwerp, May 8.—Arrived: Kroonland, New York via Dover.

Gibraltar, May 9.—Arrived: Prinzess Irene, New York, for Naples and Genoa, and proceeded.

Trieste, May 3.—Arrived: Carpathia, New York via Naples.

Genoa, May 4.—Arrived: Citta di Genoa, New York.

Bremen, May 9.—Arrived: Kron Prinz Wilhelm, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

THESE ARE THE COLTS ON WHICH ALL TURF EYES ARE CENTERED FOR THIS AFTERNOON.



RAM'S HORN



AGILE



JOCKEY J. MARTIN,
Who will ride Agile in to-day's Derby.

WHAT DERBY DAY MEANS HERE

Churchill Downs Rich In Historic Incidents Connected With the American Turf.

DERBY DAY at Churchill Downs! Where, in all the romantic Southland or the picturesque Middle West, is there thought or expression fraught with a greater depth or sincerity of meaning, and attended by more roseate mental portraits, drawn by the subtle hand of fancy? Wherever "the sport of kings" is honored and patronized, wherever dwell votaries of the pastime, the name of Kentucky's historic course is known and courted. For all that is clean and sportsmanlike in racing, and of the highest excellence in patronage and entries, for that stands the track which, for more than thirty years, has been closely linked with the name and destiny of Louisville. Traditions as bright and enduring as the racing world may claim or ever know cluster about this course upon which monarchs of the turf have gone from novitiate to the acme of achievement, upon which as great performers as racing annals show have risen from obscurity to the zenith of their calling.

In a country that is looked to and talked of the world over as the birthplace and home of the thoroughbred, there is no track anywhere to precedent our own Churchill Downs in speed, in symmetry and beauty. Rich in the historic treasures of memory, it has given to turfdom the best it could offer in entries and performances, and it is with just pride that Kentuckians may point to the record established in these thirty years agone, and welcome again to this course the fairest of American womanhood and the best of American manhood at this, the thirty-first renewal of one of the most historic and coveted classics of the turf.

There is no sport or species of recreation to gainsay or deny the place of greatest prominence to these contests and conquests of the track. Equines of purple and ermine lineage they are who play the leading roles, aristocrats of horsedom, typifying the best of the breeders' efforts and the acme of the trainers' art, whose very instincts convey to them the meaning and importance of these struggles, and whose natures go to stimulate the best of physical effort they can give. And as they stretch away from starting point to goal, viewed by thousands upon thousands of straining eyes, spurred on by heartfelt cheers and wildly waving hands, struggling for victory and yearning for the caress that will soothe away the stinging memory of only a moment before, it is a view to tax the psychology of myriad minds for description, to challenge the brightest words and best of thoughts in the telling.

Another time of racing begins to-day at Churchill Downs. The field was never stronger and conditions never better. Racing as racing should be at its best, and is, will be the offering, and with the smart set there to grace and ornament the day, it is a time that marks for the beginning of what, these months agone, have been mind pictures of brightest colors and anticipations rich in their promised holdings.



JOCKEY LUCIEN LYNE,
Who will have the mount on Ram's Horn.

EXPERT OPINIONS ON THE DERBY.

ROME RESPESS, owner of Dick Wells: Agile. Ram's Horn don't look like a weight-carrier to me.

DR. B. A. LEGGO, for whom the horse was named: Ram's Horn if McCafferty's horse does not start.

DOC PERRY, owner of Coruscate: Agile, but it will be close.

EDDIE CASSIN, the former jockey: Ram's Horn.

WILLIE MARTIN, the once great rider and present trainer: Agile.

LON BELLEW, trainer for the Bashford Manor stable: Looks close.

AL BELLEW: Ram's Horn sure.

HARRY LEACHMAN: Ram's Horn; he is known to be fast and game.

JAKIE MARKLEIN, owner of Norwood Ohio, etc.: Agile.

AMOS TURNEY, owner of a big stable: Agile.

WILL HAYES: Agile will win.

HENRY WEHMHOFF: Agile looks good.

JOHNNY FOY: Agile will be first in my opinion.

C. C. M'CAFFERTY IS ARRESTED

Trainer of Dr. Leggo Is Put In Jail On Bail Writ.

ACCUSED BY SCOGGAN HEIRS.

Noted Horseman Declares He Has Been Done a Great Injustice.

HORSE DEAL THE TROUBLE.

C. C. M'CAFFERTY, the well-known horse trainer, is in jail in default of the payment of a judgment in the sum of $2,400 rendered in the Jefferson Circuit Court in favor of the heirs of Hiram Scoggan's estate. McCafferty was arrested on a bail writ by Deputy Sheriff Edmund Bate yesterday morning, but he was allowed to attend to urgent duties at the race track the greater part of the day. Toward night, in company with the officer, McCafferty came to town and was turned over to Jailer Pflanz.

It was impossible to get a statement from any person representing the plaintiff in the action last night. McCafferty was seen at the jail, where at 9:30 o'clock he was enjoying a finely-flavored cigar. He was assigned to the room in the jail just over the office. McCafferty talked freely about his trouble and stated that he had been done a great injustice. He declared that he does not owe the Scoggan estate a cent, the matter having been adjusted between him and Hiram Scoggan before the death of the latter. Said he:

"Some years ago, I think it was in 1894, when I was in Kansas City, I had some horses in the care of Scoggan. I sent for the horses, but he kept two of the colts, one which I paid $825 for and the other which cost me $800. In a letter he stated that I owed him $1,500, and that the two horses would square the debt. I wrote him back that it was satisfactory. Scoggan raced the two horses afterward. Of course, I took no receipt and when Scoggan died the matter was left open on his books. Within the last few years fortune has not smiled on me as of old. Where I once had money and valuable horses now I have nothing. I am training horses for G. W. Wilson, the California turfman. Had I not thought that the debt was settled I most assuredly would have paid when I had plenty of funds.

"The only thing that is left for me to do in this world is to take the insolvent debtor's oath. This I intend to do. I hope to secure my liberty to-morrow morning and witness the Kentucky Derby."

Capt. Jim Williams, the Kentucky turfman, stated last night that he would do all in his power to secure the liberty of McCafferty. When he found out that McCafferty was in jail he called him up by telephone and assured him that he still had some friends left. It is not known what procedure will be taken in securing the release of McCafferty, but some steps will be taken this morning.

NEW AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE.

[Vienna Cablegram to the Baltimore American.]

An automatic telephone has just been introduced among a limited number of the Vienna subscribers. The chief advantage of the system is that it makes the telephone girl unnecessary.

A sender merely turns a revolving disc, bearing the numbers 0 to 9, attached to his telephone, until each digit of the number he wishes to call up has been in turn brought opposite an index hand.

The subscriber who has that number is then automatically called up by ringing the bell. If his number is already engaged the sender's telephone reveals the fact. So far the invention is reported to be working well.

Capt. Brown's Horse Works a Mile at the Downs In 1:43.

FINE CARD FOR OPENING DAY.

City Crowded With Visitors and An Immense Throng Will See Race.

RACING PICTURE PUZZLE.



FIND THE MAN WHO LOST.

Beginning To-day
Greatest Spring Meeting in the West.
SIX RACES DAILY.
DERBY DAY
RUNNING OF THE
OLDEST CLASSIC IN AMERICA
FIRST RACE 2:30 P. M.
Admission $1; Ladies 50c; Boxes $5 and $8.
Tickets on sale at Gatto's, Boston Cafe, Humter & Nolan's, Levi's, Buschemeyer's, Dolph Mathey's, United Cigar Stand, Dan Coleman's, McNairy's Cafe, J. W. Fowler's, all Hotels. No improper characters allowed.



Rambler

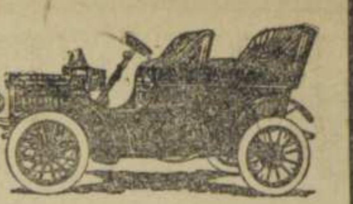
YOU WILL SEE THEM AT THE DERBY.

18 H.P.—Price $1,350

More beautiful Rambler Touring Cars sold in Louisville than all others combined. They are so simple any child can drive them; so luxurious they ride like a palace car. When you buy a Rambler it is complete with five Lamps, Horn and complete Kit of Tools. *Nothing to buy but gasoline.*

Prince Wells

AUTO ANNEX, 638 4th Avenue.



18 H. P.—Price $1,350

WIDE SWING LOSES FOR SIDNEY C. LOVE

Little Em Takes Advantage and Wins In a Drive.

HARLEM SELLING STAKES.

Fire Ball, At a Good Price, Takes the Event of the Day At the Fair Grounds.

ROUGH TIMES AT UNION PARK.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Little Em, well played, won the Harlem Selling Stakes at Belmont Park to-day. Sidney C. Love made the pace to the head of the stretch, where he swung a trifle wide, while O'Neil, on Little Em, kept close to the rail and won driving. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs:
Hannibal Bey, 94 (Murphy), 12 to 1....... 1
Supreme Court, 91 (Powers), 6 to 1....... 2
Tommy Waddell, 104 (Hildebrand), 9 to 5 3
Time, 1:17 2-5. Jackstaff, The Gadfly, Flat and Miss Modesty also ran.

Second Race—Five furlongs:
Israfel, 110 (Hildebrand), 13 to 5....... 1
Merry Boy, 110 (Baird), 9 to 5....... 2
Gold Badge, 113 (O'Neill), 7 to 5....... 3
Time, 1:04 2-5. Only three starters.

Third Race—Four and one-half furlongs:
Comedienne, 107 (Baird), 9 to 10....... 1
Pythia, 107 (Burns), 7 to 2....... 2
Bivouac, 107 (W. Davis), 12 to 1....... 3
Time, :56 1-5. Pemelia, Miss Point and Agnita Marie also ran.

Fourth Race—Harlem Selling Stakes; one mile:
Little Em, 111 (O'Neill), 9 to 5....... 1
Sidney C. Love, 109 (Baird), 5 to 2....... 2
Lord Badge, 111 (L. Smith), 10 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:41. Red Knight, DeReszke and Gilpin also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; seven furlongs:
Neptunus, 101 (Baird), 12 to 1....... 1
Oarsman, 115 (Redfern), 3 to 1....... 2
Orfeo, 105 (Romanelli), 20 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:27 1-5. Jack Ratlin, Sighlight, Gold Dome, Monte Carlo and Jerry C. also ran.

Sixth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles:
Flyback, 112 (Hildebrand), 5 to 2....... 1
Dekaber, 120 (O'Neill), 7 to 5....... 2
Bouvier, 95 (Powers), 40 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:48. Preen also ran.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; straight; selling; three-year-olds and up: Cannon Ball, 113; Old England, 107; Hippocrates, Consideration, Cascine, Right and True, 104; Memphis, 102; Et Tu Brute, 101; Duchess Ollie, Emergency, 99; Lochinvar, Sandown, 96; Campo, 95; Julia M., 94; Little Woods, 88; Miss Modesty, 86; Black Ball, 85; Noralight, 84.

Second Race—Four and one-half furlongs; straight; maiden two-year-olds: Optician, Guiding Star, Voorhees, Calaboque, Gallavant, Penrhyn, Timber, Waterbok, Adesso, New England, Billy Banastar, 112; Fulbert, Sweet Heart, Belle of Pequest, Ballotta, 109.

Third Race—The Laureate, five furlongs; straight: Veronese, Battle Axe, 118; Old Guard, Green Room, 115; Penrhyn, Woolwick, Voorhees, 110; Ironsides, Bribery, 107.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs; on main track; selling; three-year-olds and up: Sir Shep, Arsenal, 109; Sailor Boy, 96; Carrie Jones, 93; Black Ball, 93; Prince Eris, 91.

Fifth Race—Steeplechase; about two miles: Cheiro, 162; Arian, 159; Dromedary, Messina, 153; Champs Elysees, Russell Sage, 138; Flying Machine, 130.

Sixth Race—Handicap; one and one-eighth miles; three-year-olds and up: New York, 112; Migraine, 111; Duke of Kendal, 110; The Huguenot, 108; Amberjack, 104; Bouvier, 98.

ELM RIDGE RESULTS.

Thistle Do, At 8 to 1, Beats Odds-On Favorite.

Kansas City, May 9.—Thistle Do, at 8 to 1 in the betting, won the fourth race at Elm Ridge to-day from Bondage and Leila, the odds-on favorite. Thistle Do set the pace all the way, and Bondage, which came with a fine burst of speed, could not catch her in the stretch. Orbicular, a 15 to 1 chance, won the first race, in which fourteen horses started. Sand Bath fell in the second race, but Jockey Larsen, who had the mount, escaped injury. Dunning, Rosemond and Envoy were the winning favorites. Morrison rode four winners. Weather cloudy; track good. Summaries:

First Race—Half mile:
Orbicular, 113 (Phillips), 15 to 1....... 1
St. Joseph, 110 (W. Daly), 4 to 1....... 2
Belvoir, 110 (Larsen), 8 to 1....... 3
Time, :48¾. J. F. Donohue, Palais Royal, Zingg, Girard, Pluto, Clear Night, Blue Pirate, Mohur, Polly Forrest and Creel also ran.

Second Race—One mile:
Dunning, 107 (Morrison), 5 to 2....... 1
Lady Ellison, 100 (Finnegan), 9 to 2....... 2
Meadowthorn, 96 (Foy), 7 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:42. Merces, Sanction, Graphite and Kernel also ran. Sandbath fell.

Third Race—Five furlongs:
Clifton Forge, 110 (Morrison), 7 to 5....... 1
Rebo, 106 (Buchanan), even....... 2
Dr. Roberts, 112 (Helgeson), 25 to 1....... 3
Time, :59½. Louis Wagner, Modred Law, Tom Boone, Martha C. and St. Dennis also ran.

Fourth Race—One mile and seventy yards:
Thistle Do, 112 (Morrison), 8 to 1....... 1
Bondage, 113 (J. McIntyre), 3 to 1....... 2
Leila, 104 (Larsen), 3 to 5....... 3
Time, 1:46¼. Capt. Arnold also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile and an eighth:
Rossmond, 106 (Morrison), 3 to 1....... 1
Falernian, 106 (Morris), 4 to 1....... 2
Idle, 97 (Foy), 2 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:54. Gold Spot, Helgerson, Gold Bell and Trinity Belle also ran.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs:
Envoy, 106 (McIntyre), 6 to 5....... 1
Cholk Hedrick, 96 (Wood), 4 to 1....... 2
Double Six, 108 (Larsen), 4 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:13. Sid Silver, Exclamation and Cotta Stone also ran.

KANSAS CITY ENTRIES.

First Race—Five furlongs; purse: Miss Platte, 98; Walter Gum, 100; Clara Berry, 103; T. Jo, 105; Peggy O'Neal, 107; Alcantara, 108; Lindsay Gordon, 112; Judge Taragon, 100; The Doctress, 103; Airship, Eduardo, 105; Royal Legend, 107; Schoolcraft, 112.

Second Race—Seven furlongs; selling: Cloverhampton, 89; Giacoma, 91; Sweet Tone, 101; Glenwood, 103; Clausus, 108; My Honey, 90; Double, 96; Harry Jones, 103; Glassful, 105; Dutch Carter, 109.

Third Race—One mile; handicap: The Lady Rohesia, 85; Auditor, 98; Judge Himes, 105; Gus Heidorn, 106; Ara, 96; Devout, 104; Huzzah, 100.

Fourth Race—One mile; selling: Dungannon, 102; Willie Newcomb, 106; Berry Hughes, 109; Telephone, 112; Ada N., 106; Chamberlain, 108; Baikal, 100; Elliott, 121.

Fifth Race—Five furlongs; purse: Parvo, 100; W. H. Carey, 103; Mathias, 111; Golvic, 103; Oliver, 103; James Reddick, 118.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs; selling: Show Girl, 100; Marco, 102; Lady Stone, 103; Alice Palmer, 105; Percy Clark, 107; Death, 109; Modred, 112; Adolph, 102; St. Giles, Durbar, Nina Fly, 105; Ida Davis, 107; Albermarle, 111; Reticent, 114.

JOCKEY FULLER REPORTED DYING.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Jockey Grover Cleveland Fuller, who was thrown with his mount, Witful, in the Excelsior Handicap at Jamaica, when Preen, who was leading near the finish, suddenly swerved, is reported dying at St. Mary's Hospital at Jamaica. Fuller's knee cap was badly crushed in the accident and blood poisoning set in, the progress of which the doctors have not been able to arrest.

Fuller was the premier jockey of the world when dissipation did not incapacitate him. Two years ago he won the Futurity with S. Paget's Hamburg Belle, receiving a cash guarantee of $5,000, win or lose. In a sensational finish, in which his riding counted heavily, Fuller also landed Africander the winner over Herbert in the Suburban.

HARD TO PICK

During the Guessing Contests At the Union Track.

St. Louis, May 9.—The American Jockey Club's offering to-day was strictly a guessing contest, form playing little part in reckoning the winners. All six races were selling events, no especial feature being carded. Summaries:

First Race—Mile and one-eighth:
Hersham, 88 (Jenkins), 7 to 2....... 1
Prince Real, 108 (Shilling), 11 to 1....... 2
Dawson, 108 (Jackson), 5 to 2....... 3
Time, 2:01 1-5. Macfarland, Henry of Franstamar, T. G. Scarborough, Alice Commoner, Dr. Kier, Dr. Guernsey, Hansbrough and Satin Coat also ran.

Second Race—Five furlongs:
Marimbo, 101 (Brown), 11 to 5....... 1
Sago, 106 (Doyle), 6 to 1....... 2
Armistice, 104 (Head), 3 to 2....... 3
Time, 1:04 1-5. Gertrude Rogers, Colonial Lady, Four-in-Hand and Queen Caroline also ran.

Third Race—Six furlongs:
Mrs. Bob, 90 (Batiste), 5 to 1....... 1
Prestige, 100 (Jenkins), 11 to 1....... 2
El Rey, 106 (Dealy), 40 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:17 2-5. Our Cora, Maxette, Loca, Gov. Sayres, Seagate, Symphony, Judge Stewart and Fickle Saint also ran.

Fourth Race—Six and one-half furlongs:
Platoon, 90 (Goodchild), 9 to 10....... 1
Postmaster Wright, 106 (Jenkins), 10 to 1 2
Nellie Russell, 90 (Swain), 8 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:22 3-5. Orpheum, St. Resolute and The Guardsman also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile:
Erbe, 110 (Goodchild), 2 to 1....... 1
Attilla, 110 (Brown), 2 to 1....... 2
Juba, 107 (Neely), 7 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:44. Banana Cream, Little Lois, Rudabek, Gilfain and Asclepias also ran.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs:
Josette, 104 (Brown), 9 to 2....... 1
Cohasset, 109 (Salling), 40 to 1....... 2
Chicarra, 95 (Schoen), even....... 3
Time, 1:17 4-5. I Know, Armorer, Sister Ruth, Little Margaret and Sneer also ran.

UNION PARK ENTRIES.

First Race—Five furlongs: Rivaral, 100; Polly Prime, 103; Good, 106; Sideview, Chauncey Olcott, 103; Armistice, 106; Lady Chiswick, 100; Proposer, 103; Paul Deering, 106.

Second Race—Six furlongs; selling: Benmore, 117; Lidwina, 97; El Cuchillo, 102; Flying Charcoal, 107; Athlana, 104; Hudson, 109; Laura Hunter, 107; Lord of the Valley, 109; Little Margaret, 107; Joe Goss, 109; Patapouf, 90; Harrison, 114; St. Paula, 100; Miss Gould, 109.

Third Race—Mile and a sixteenth; selling: C. B. Campbell, Rampooza, Wellesley, 108; Morris Volmer, 106; Socapa, 108; Honda, 105; Compass, 101; Miss Nannie L., 86.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs; handicap: Signal II., 98; Tancred, 100; Katie Powers, 90; Lumalighter, 110; Claremont, 99; Gisbok, 88; Billy Woodward, 103.

Fifth Race—Mile; selling: Midnight Minstrel, 94; St. Sever, 111; Clandestine, 88; By Play, 95; Pathos, 109; Cataline, 104; Seashark, 102; The Guardsman, Operator, 106; Ogontz, W. B. Gates, 110; Remorse, 113; Tower, 107; Bricklayer, 106.

Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling: Loca, 110; Flyer, Gus Lanka, Claude Walton, 117; Barthowe, 112; Gisbock, 109; Tim Gainey, 117; Tempt, 110; Joe Bowers, 117; Moderator, 120; Baggerly, 109; Cyuttica, 107; Martius, 109; Blumenthal, 114.

EASY FOR FIREBALL

To Take the Day's Event At the Fair Grounds.

St. Louis, May 9.—Fireball, at 5 to 2, had an easy time in the fourth event to-day, the feature of the Fair Grounds card. Security, an odds-on favorite, won the third race. Summaries:

First Race—One-half mile:
High Chance, 112 (Dominick), 1 to 2....... 1
Turnover, 105 (C. Smith), 20 to 1....... 2
Chief Hayes, 108 (Oliphant), 6 to 1....... 3
Time, :51 3-5. Galmeda, Squanderer, Mountjoy, Col. Jewell, Humorist, Macy, Rain Devil, Isadaisy and Fred Uhrig also ran.

Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Jucora, 109 (H. Dickson), 9 to 2....... 1
Fancy Dress, 100 (Schade), 9 to 2....... 2
Red Reynard, 105 (H. Cochran), 10 to 1. 3
Time, 1:11 3-5. Tartan, Inspector Halpin, Ethel Van and Beknighted also ran.

Third Race—Four and one-half furlongs:
Security, 112 (Dominick), 1 to 5....... 1
Ladsarion, 108 (Moriarity), 20 to 1....... 2
Birmingham, 108 (L. Williams), 10 to 1.. 3
Time, :58 4-5. Burnolette, Locked Out, Joe Colson and Wagstaff also ran.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs; handicap:
Fireball, 109 (Lawrence), 5 to 2....... 1
Angleta, 96 (Schade), 16 to 5....... 2
Broomhandle, 96 (Shaffner), 9 to 2....... 3
Time, 1:16 1-5. J. P. Mayberry, Matador, Elwood, Abola and Byways also ran.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth:
Mabel Simms, 85 (Scoville), 10 to 1....... 1
Bavarian, 87 (W. Walker), 10 to 1....... 2
Behoove, 102 (Seder), 7 to 2....... 3
Time, 1:53 2-5. Payne, Capt. Brolaski, Bishop Weed, Bill Rye, Ora F., Courant, Royal Arms and Dolinda also ran.

Sixth Race—One mile and an eighth:
Bravery, 84 (Schaffer), 7 to 5....... 1
Montpelier, 105 (Shaver), 5 to 2....... 2
Aladdin, 114 (Dominick), 13 to 5....... 3
Time, 2:01 3-5. The Bobby, Allan, Velos, Axares and Goo Goo also ran.

FAIR GROUNDS ENTRIES.

First Race—Four furlongs; selling: Oddfaith, 100; Midnight Lady, Oasis, 95; Balshot, Belle of Woodstock, 103; Evelyn Garth, 100; Chispa, 95; Bess Chainey, 100; Nettie Mc, 106; Pinta, 100; Civet Noir, 95; Una C., 100; Sadie Martin, 95.

Second Race—Four and one-half furlongs: Bluegrass Lad, 103; Henchman, 108; Joe Colson, 105; Fargo, 108; Haughty, 105; Astral II., 103; Wes, 108.

Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling: Byrne of Roscrea, 115; St. Flour, 103; Sir Francis II., 111; Galvanic, 100; King's Charm, 107; Lookaway, 103; Narses, 95; Dr. Scharff, 115; Klown Chief, 108; Tom Kiley, 107; Clarence Montague, 111; John H. Kirby, 95; Ametus, 100; Corbletts Bay, 111; Little Red, 100.

Fourth Race—Mile; purse: Dishabille, 101; Jake Sanders, 106; Hamarkis, 110; Otto Stifel, 113.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs; selling: Tom Mankins, Vestry, 102; Fannette, 103; King Wilda, 107; Mrs. Annie, 88; Awakening, 93; Owasca, 100; Enverite, 106; Ermack, 102; Apple Sweet, 107; Atlas, 100; Lacy Crawford, 121; Moorhen, 100; Contentious, 103; Rodmmate, 108.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth; selling: Borak, 89; Cornwall, 118; Dixie Lad, 100; Bronze Wing, 108; Bannock Belle, 84.

BRILLIANT CLOSE AT LEXINGTON

Beautiful Weather and Fine Sport the Get-away Conditions.

OUTSIDER TAKES HANDICAP.

Capt. S. S. Brown's Stable By Far the Largest Winner of the Meeting.

TOOK A TOTAL OF $7,355.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The spring meeting of the Kentucky Racing Association closed to-day with beautiful weather, large attendance and the running of six races on a fast track. The meeting has been a great success in every way, especially financially, and running races are now once more firmly established here.

With Curley Jim scratched, King's Daughter ruled a 1 to 3 shot over the other six starters in the first race, Col. Bronston, at 4 to 1 and 9 to 2, being the only other member of the field to be even nibbled at. The race was easy for the favorite, she leading throughout and winning cleverly by a length from Col. Bronston. Tokioha was third, two lengths off. The time, 1:01½, ties the five-furlong record here, and so the daughter of Ornament now holds two track records on the old association track, as on the opening day she broke the four-furlong mark when she won from Vio. To date she seems a filly of as much class as was her half sister, the brilliant Advantage, which died early as a two-year-old after taking into camp the Louisville Nursery Stakes and other rich events.

The second race was a dump. Thiora, a 6 to 5 favorite, and Madchen, a hotly-played second pick, backed from 3 to 1 to 8 to 5, going down before Lord Haven, a 12 to 1 chance, which won after a desperate finish by a head from the favorite. Bouncing Betty, a 10 to 1 shot, ran third, lapped on Thiora. Madchen was standing flat-footed when the barrier went up, and what chance he had to win went glimmering, though he was not in reality left at the post.

The winner was secured by E. H. Sellers at the sale of Hardy Durham's horses in training last fall, and ran as if he is now a shifty selling-plater.

Thirty-third, from Capt. S. S. Brown's stable, was a 1 to 2 shot in the third race, but after leading to the top of the hill she was passed by the 4 to 1 shot, Thespian, which drew away at will in the home run, winning in a canter by four lengths from the 8 to 1 chance, Nominee.

The Corrigan Handicap was a very open race, Conjurer closing at 9 to 5, while Silver Skin went from 5 to 2 to 13 to 5, Apple being always at 7 to 2, and Birch Broom rated at 4 to 1. The last took the lead as the barrier went up, and made every post a winning one, the light weight standing her in good stead. In the stretch the others closed in on her, and in one of the most beautiful finishes of the meeting the outsider won by a short head from the favorite, which was in front of Apple, a like distance.

The fifth race saw another dump, Annie Smith, an 8 to 1 chance, beating the even money favorite, Plebian, a nose on the post. Jay Ward, a 10 to 1 chance, was third, beaten a length and a half.

The Cure, an even money favorite, won the last race all the way, running seven furlongs in 1:27¾.

Capt. S. S. Brown is far and away the largest winning owner of the meeting, with $7,355 won by his stable. The Senorita Stakes made Sue Smith the largest winning horse, she earning $1,895.

To-day's summaries:

First Race—Five furlongs:
King's Daughter, 105 (J. Martin), 1 to 3.. 1
Col. Bronston, 108 (Wishard), 9 to 2....... 2
Tokioka, 100 (Shay), 15 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:01¼. Hambone, Beehunter, Barney McDevitt and Domie also ran.

Second Race—Seven furlongs:
Lord Haven, 104 (H. Wilson), 12 to 1.... 1
Phlora, 104 (McLaughlin), 6 to 5....... 2
Bouncing Betty, 90 (Herbert), 10 to 1.... 3
Time, 1:28¾. Dr. Kenney, Bell Dale, Bear Grabber, Madchen and Lovey Mary also ran.

Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Thespian, 105 (McLaughlin), 11 to 2....... 1
Nominee, 93 (Macey), 6 to 1....... 2
Heidleberg, 95 (J. Hicks), 15 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:07¾. Thirty-third, Fullsway, Arthur Cummer and Herlida also ran.

Fourth Race—Mile:
Birch Broom, 92 (Macey), 3 to 1....... 1
Conjurer, 115 (J. Martin), 7 to 5....... 2
Apple, 95 (Herbert), 9 to 2....... 3
Time, 1:40¾. Silver Skin also ran.

Fifth Race—Half mile:
Annie Smith, 101 (Wishard), 12 to 1....... 1
Plebeian, 104 (Martin), even....... 2
Jay Ward, 101 (Wilson), 20 to 1....... 3
Time, :48¾. Martha Shillito, Chamillie, Geletto, Atwood Belle, Lucy Carr and Halley Lisle also ran.

Sixth Race—Seven furlongs:
The Cure, 113 (Martin), even....... 1
Lady Mercury, 95 (Wishard), 10 to 1.... 2
Van Hope, 110 (Shea), 50 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:27¾. Capt. Sam. Fox Hunting and Shining Star also ran.

SUMMER DATES

Granted the New Memphis Jockey Club By Western Stewards.

Chicago, May 9.—Summer dates were granted the New Memphis Jockey Club by the Board of Stewards of the Western Jockey Club at their monthly meeting here to-day. The reason for this departure is because of the ban placed on racing by the Chicago tracks controlled by the Western Jockey Club. The Memphis midsummer meeting will run from June 17 to July 8, inclusive.

A long list of owners, trainers and jockeys, who have participated in the alleged outlaw meetings at Kansas City, Union Park and Nashville, were relieved of their licenses by the stewards.

The controversy with the American Turf Association, the rival racing organization in the Middle West, was not up for discussion.

East End Property Sold.

The sale of the McHenry property in the Meriwether Subdivision by S. S. Meddis Co., auctioneers, Bruce Hoblitzell agent, resulted in the folowing sales:

30 ft., Lydia st., to Mrs. Joezazianski, at, per foot....... $8 75
30 ft., Lydia st., to Mrs. Magdelina Becker, at, per foot....... 6 25
30 ft., Lydia st., to Mrs. K. Bald, at, per foot....... 6 25
30 ft., Lydia st., to A. F. Epperson, at, per foot....... 6 00
30 ft., Lydia st., to Mrs. Magdeline Becker, at, per foot....... 6 25
30 ft., Lydia st., to George W. Koehler, at, per foot....... 5 50
30 ft., corner Lydia and Merry st., to George Koehler, at, per foot....... 7 10
30 ft., corner Lydia and Merry st., to Mrs. Mary McDermott, at, per foot 7 50
45 ft., corner McHenry and Mulberry st., to George W. Koehler, at, per foot....... 4 20
30 ft., Mulberry st., to George W. Koehler, at, per foot....... 3 20
90 ft., s. s. Marrett ave., east of Preston, to B. Humpich, at, per foot.. 7 00
49 ft., s. s. Marrett ave., east of Preston, to B. Humpich, at, per foot.... 6 25

This is the last sale of the S. S. Meddis Co. in the East End for this week.

THE REDS DEFEAT THE BROOKLYNS

St. Louis Team Wins a Close Game From New York.

PIRATES DOWN THE QUAKERS.

Boston, Chicago and Washington Win the Contests In the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

TOLEDO....3 Indianapolis-Columbus (Rain).
LOUISVILLE....1
St. Paul-Kansas City (Rain). Minneap.-Milwaukee (Rain and snow).

National League.

CINCINNATI....6 ST. LOUIS....8
BROOKLYN....4 NEW YORK....7
PITTSBURG....9
PHILADELPHIA....6

American League.

CHICAGO....3 BOSTON....5
CLEVELAND....2 NEW YORK....2
WASHINGTON....3
PHILADELPHIA....1

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

Louisville at Toledo. Milwaukee at Minneap.
Columbus at Indian. Kan. City at St. Paul.

National League.

St. Louis at New York. Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at Philadel. Chicago at Boston.

American League.

(No games scheduled.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	13	5	.722	Louisville	8	10	.444
Milwaukee	9	6	.600	St. Paul	7	9	.438
Minneap.	8	8	.500	Toledo	7	10	.412
Kansas City	8	8	.500	Indianap.	5	9	.357

National League.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	14	6	.714	Cincinnati	10	10	.500
Chicago	13	7	.650	Brooklyn	9	13	.409
Pittsburg	13	7	.650	Boston	6	13	.316
Philadel.	9	9	.500	St. Louis	6	13	.316

American League.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Wash'gton	12	9	.571	New York	9	10	.474
Cleveland	10	8	.556	St. Louis	9	10	.474
Philadel.	10	9	.526	Detroit	7	9	.438
Chicago	10	9	.526	Boston	9	12	.429

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati 6, Brooklyn 4.

Brooklyn, May 9.—In a thirteen-inning game Cincinnati defeated Brooklyn to-day in the first game of the series between the Western and Eastern teams. Cincinnati could do nothing with McIntyre until the eighth inning, when, aided by good hitting and poor fielding by the home team, they made three runs and then tied the score in the ninth. After the second inning the Brooklyn players could do nothing with the Cincinnati pitcher. Attendance 2,500. Score:

Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Sheckard lf.	5	2	5	0	Huggins 2b.	6	1	4	5
Lumley rf.	5	2	5	1	Seymour cf.	6	1	3	0
Batch 3b.	6	0	3	1	Dolan 1b.	7	2	16	2
Owens 2b.	6	1	1	4	Odwell lf.	5	1	4	0
Lewis ss.	6	3	1	5	Sebring rf.	6	3	2	1
Dobbs cf.	2	1	2	0	Corcoran ss.	6	2	3	5
Babb 1b	4	0	12	0	Steinfeldt 3b.	7	1	2	4
Ritter c.	5	0	10	2	Phelps c.	6	1	4	2
McIntyre p.	3	0	0	2	Walker p.	2	0	0	5
*Gessler.	1	0	0	0	†Schlei.	1	1	0	0
Jones p.	1	0	0	0	Chech p.	3	0	1	3
Totals	44	9	39	15	Totals	55	13	39	27

*Batted for McIntyre in tenth.
†Batted for Walker in seventh.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T.
Brooklyn	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	6

Errors—Batch 3, Lewis, Babb 2, Huggins 2, Dolan. Two-base Hit—Lewis. Three-base Hit—Sebring. Home Run—Lumley. Sacrifice Hits—Dobbs 2, Babb, Lumley. Stolen Bases—Sheckard, McIntyre. Double Plays—Lumley and Babb; Chech, Phelps, Steinfeldt and Huggins. Hits—Off Walker 6 in 6 innings; off Chech 3 in 7 innings; off McIntyre 10 in 9 innings; off Jones 3 in 4 innings. Left on Bases—Brooklyn 8; Cincinnati 4. First Base on Balls—Off McIntyre 2; off Jones 2; off Walker 3. First Base on Errors—Brooklyn 2; Cincinnati 6. Struck Out—By McIntyre 6; by Jones 2. By Walker 1; by Chech 1. Balk—Walker. Time—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpire—Johnstone.

Pittsburg 9, Philadelphia 6.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 9.—Pittsburg defeated Philadelphia to-day in a poorly-played ten-inning game. The home team got its lead on the visitors' misplays, but the latter, by hard hitting, tied the score in the ninth, and won out in the tenth. Attendance 3,401. Score:

Pittsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Clarke lf.	5	3	6	1	Thomas cf.	4	1	2	1
Be'umont cf.	6	3	0	0	Gleason 2b.	4	0	1	9
Howard rf.	5	3	0	0	Courtney 3b.	3	0	3	0
Wagner ss.	5	1	8	2	McGee lf.	4	0	8	0
Clancy 1b.	5	1	12	2	Titus rf.	3	1	1	0
Ritchey 2b.	5	1	2	2	Abbott 1b.	4	1	12	1
McBride 3b.	5	0	1	3	Doolin ss.	5	1	3	3
Peitz c.	3	0	6	0	Dooin c.	4	0	4	0
Leever p.	1	0	0	2	Sutthof p.	4	1	1	2
Lynch p.	3	1	0	4					
Totals	43	13	30	16	Totals	35	5	30	16

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	T.
Pittsburg	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	9
Philadelphia	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	6

Errors—Wagner 3, Clancy, Ritchey, Peitz, Courtney, Doolin, Dooin. Two-base Hits—Beaumont, Howard, Clancy, Sutthoff. Home Run—Howard. Sacrifice Hits—McBride, Courtney, Dooin. Stolen Bases—Clarke, Gleason, Abbott 2, Doolin. Double Plays—Leever, Wagner and Clancy; Clarke and Peitz. Left on Bases—Pittsburg 13; Philadelphia 8. First Base on Balls—Off Leever 3; Lynch 4; Sutthoff 3. First Base on Errors—Pittsburg 5; Philadelphia 5. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Sutthoff 3. Struck Out—By Leever 1; Lynch 4; Sutthoff 2. Hits—Off Leever 2 in 3 innings; off Lynch 3 in 7 innings. Time—Two hours and eighteen minutes. Umpire—Klem.

St. Louis 8, New York 7.

New York, May 9.—In a ninth-inning rally St. Louis defeated New York to-day in the first game of the series. It was a free-hitting game, with the visitors having the better of it. Attendance 4,000. Score:

St. L.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Clarke 2b.	5	2	1	3	Donlin cf.	4	2	2	0
Shannon lf.	5	4	4	0	Browne rf.	5	4	3	0
Smoot cf.	5	2	1	0	McGann 1b.	4	0	11	1
Brain ss.	5	1	2	7	Bresnahan c.	5	2	5	2
Beckley 1b.	5	1	11	1	Mertes lf.	4	1	1	0
Dunleavy lf.	5	4	3	1	Dahlen ss.	4	1	0	6
Burke 3b.	5	1	1	1	Devlin 3b.	4	0	1	0
Grady c.	5	1	3	1	Gilbert 2b.	4	3	3	1
Thielman p.	4	1	1	2	McGinnity p.	4	2	1	4
Totals	44	17	27	16	Totals	38	15	27	14

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
St. Louis	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	4	8
New York	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	7

Errors—Clarke, Brain, Burke 2, Thielman, Donlin, Browne. First Base on Errors—New York 1; St. Louis 1. Left on Bases—New York 6; St. Louis 8. First Base on Balls—Off Thielman 1. Struck Out—By McGinnity 4; by Thielman 1. Home Runs—Clarke, Dunleavy. Three-base Hit—Browne. Two-base Hits—Bresnahan, Shannon. Sacrifice Hit—McGann. Stolen Bases—Bresnahan, Dahlen 2, Dunleavy. Double Play—Brain and Beckley. Wild Pitch—McGinnity. Umpire—O'Day. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington 3, Philadelphia 1.

Washington, May 9.—Philadelphia's costly errors when men were on bases and their inability to hit Townsend at critical moments to-day, decided the final game of the series in Washington's favor and placed the local team at the head of the American League. Townsend received fine support. Cassidy stopped a line drive in the last inning and recovered in time to retire the runner, making one of the prettiest plays of the season. Schreck's finger was injured by a pitched ball in the second inning, and he was forced to retire. Miss Alice Roosevelt was an interested spectator. Attendance 6,149. Score:

Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Jones cf.	4	0	5	0	Hoffman cf.	4	0	1	0
Hill 3b.	4	2	0	2	Barton 3b.	4	0	1	2
Stahl 1b.	4	1	8	1	Hartsel lf.	3	0	4	0
Huelsman lf.	4	0	4	0	Davis 1b.	4	1	8	0
Cassidy ss.	4	2	4	2	Seybold rf.	3	2	1	0
Nill 2b.	3	1	4	3	Murphy 2b.	3	2	0	2
Knoll rf.	2	1	0	0	Knight ss.	4	0	3	3
Kittredge c.	3	0	2	2	Schreck c.	1	0	1	0
Townsend p.	3	0	0	1	Powers c.	1	0	5	0
					Bender p.	3	1	0	2
Totals	31	7	27	11	Totals	30	6	24	9

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Washington	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	*	3
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Errors—Shreck, Powers, Bender. Two-base Hits—Nill, Davis. Stolen Bases—Nill, Murphy. Sacrifice Hit—Murphy. Bases on Balls—Off Townsend 2; off Bender 2. Hit with Ball—By Townsend 1. Struck Out—By Townsend 2; by Bender 5. Left on Bases—Washington 6; Philadelphia 5. Wild Pitch—Bender. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

Chicago 3, Cleveland 2.

Cleveland, May 9.—Cleveland lost first place to-day, being defeated by Chicago by the score of 3 to 2. Walsh pitched a strong game, Lajoie driving in both of Cleveland's runs. Chicago scored its winning run in the ninth, when Donahue failed to cover first base on a bunt. Bemis' wild throw allowed Davis to score from first in the sixth. Cold weather held the attendance down to 1,734. Score:

Clevs.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Jackson lf.	4	1	1	0	Jones cf.	3	0	0	0
Bay cf.	3	1	3	0	Green rf.	4	2	2	0
Flick rf.	4	1	2	0	Callahan lf.	3	1	1	0
Lajoie 2b.	4	2	3	3	Davis ss.	4	1	1	4
Bradley 3b.	4	0	3	3	Donohue 1b.	4	1	16	0
Turner ss.	4	1	2	4	McFarland c.	4	1	4	2
Carr 1b.	2	0	11	2	Tannehill 3b.	3	0	0	1
Bemis c.	3	0	2	0	Dundon 2b.	4	0	2	4
Donahue p.	3	0	0	4	Walsh p.	3	1	1	3
*Vinson.	1	0	0	0					
Totals	32	6	27	16	Totals	32	7	27	14

*Batted for Carr in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3

Errors—Bemis, Dundon. Two-base Hit—Turner. First on Errors—Cleveland 1. Sacrifice Hits—Bay, Carr, Jones, Tannehill. Stolen Bases—Flick, Lajoie, Callahan, Davis. Base on Balls—Donahue 1. Hit with Ball—Donahue. Left on Bases—Cleveland 5; Chicago 6. Struck Out—By Donahue 1; Walsh 3. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—McCarthy and Kelly.

Boston 5, New York 2.

Boston, May 9.—Powell, who started in to pitch for New York to-day, was wild and ineffective, five hits and three passes in the first two innings giving Boston five runs and the game. His successor, Hogg, held the home team to a lone hit in six innings and struck out six men. Tannehill was effective throughout the game. Attendance 7,237. Score:

Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Burkett lf.	3	1	1	0	Dougherty lf.	4	0	3	0
Parent ss.	3	1	2	4	Keeler rf.	4	0	2	0
Stahl cf.	4	1	1	0	Fultz cf.	4	0	3	0
Collins 3b.	4	1	0	4	Williams 2b.	4	1	3	2
Freeman rf.	3	0	1	0	Conroy 3b.	4	0	2	2
G'mshaw 1b.	4	1	14	0	Yeager ss.	3	2	1	1
Ferris 2b.	4	0	1	5	Chase 1b.	3	1	3	0
Criger c.	3	1	7	1	Kleinow c.	3	0	7	1
Tannehill p.	3	0	0	1	Powell p.	0	0	0	0
					*Anderson.	1	0	0	0
Totals	31	6	27	15	Hogg p.	2	0	0	0
					Totals	32	4	24	6

*Batted for Powell in third.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Boston	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
New York	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2

Errors—Ferris, Tannehill, Conroy. Two-base Hits—Williams, Burkett. Three-base Hit—Yeager. Hits—Off Powell 5 in 2 innings; off Hogg 1 in 6 innings. Base on Balls—Off Powell 3; off Hogg 4. Struck Out—By Tannehill 5; by Hogg 6. Passed Balls—Kleinow. Time—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpire—Connolly.

High School Team Wins.

Male High School easily defeated University School yesterday afternoon by a score of 14 to 3. Team work was largely responsible for the victory of the purple and gold, but Thoben's pitching and Cain's batting were especially good. Thoben struck out fourteen men, and Cain got three hits, two of them three-baggers. High School is credited with eight hits and two errors; University School with four hits and ten errors. The score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T
University School	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
Male High School	0	2	1	3	3	2	1	2	*	14

Each school has now won one game. The third and deciding game will be played next Tuesday afternoon.

Baseball Challenge.

The Reccius club challenges the Cigarmakers for two games, Sunday, May 21, and Sunday, May 28, claiming they can beat them easily, the winner to take 75 per cent. of the gate receipts and loser 25 per cent. A toss-up is to decide on which grounds the first game is to be played.

JOHN RECCIUS, Manager.

Released By Brooklyn.

New York, May 9.—It was announced to-day that McGamwell, first baseman, and Dougherty, outfielder, had been released by the Brooklyn National League baseball club.

South Atlantic League.

At Charleston—Charleston, 1; Savannah, 4 (twelve innings).
At Augusta—Augusta, 7; Macon, 0.
At Jacksonville—Jacksonville, 3; Columbia, 1.

College Baseball.

Nashville, Tenn., May 9.—Vanderbilt, 4; University of Indiana, 0.
Beloit, Wis., May 9.—Beloit College, 15; Purdue, 5.
Notre Dame, Ind., May 9.—Notre Dame University, 2; Albion College, 9.
Amherst, May 9.—Amherst, 4; Cornell, 1.

Off For the Big Tracks.

Lexington, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—The racing string of Clay Bros., trained by Wood Clay, will leave here to-morrow for Gravesend, where they will be prepared to meet their Eastern engagements. They are heavily engaged at Saratoga and other late Eastern meetings. The list follows:

Outcome, b. f., 4, by Sir Dixon—Ollie Glenn.
Memories, blk., f., 4, by Sir Dixon—Merdin.
Angler, b. c., 3, by Hindoo—Alga.
Woodsman, b. c., 3, by Sir Dixon—Ollie Glenn.
Cary, ch. c., 2, by Imp. Star Shoot—Alga.
Confederate, b. c., 2, by Imp. Bridgewater—Winsome III.
Auvergne, b. f., 2, by Sir Dixon—Alpena.
Running Water, br. f., 2, by Sir Dixon—Breakwater.
Single Shot, b. f., 2, by Imp. Star Shoot—Ollie Glenn.
Water Span, br. c., 3, by Imp. Bridgewater—Isoleo.
Content, b. f., 2, by Imp. Bridgewater—Phelia.

Conspiracy Charge Fails.

Madrid, May 9.—Sarrion de Herrera, who was arraigned in court here on May 6 on the charge of conspiracy against the Government of Brazil, has been liberated, the Magistrate having found nothing to justify his detention.

Quiet Tip.

Order your racing colors from Louis & Gus Straus, Lexington, Ky.

CAMPBELL LOSES HIS OWN GAME

When It Looks Like Victory For Tebeau's Team.

HAS A CASE OF "RATTLES"

And Stands Like a Cigar Sign While Toledo Hands Him a Defeat.

TOO CHILLY FOR ENTHUSIASM.

TOLEDO, O., May 9.—[Special.]—With a double reef breeze blowing across the diamond, and the icy atmosphere freezing even the enthusiastic rooters, the Colonels dumped the second game of the series to Toledo after having it safely stowed away and starting for home. And when it is said the Colonels lost it must also be said that one Campbell lost his own game. It was nothing up till the eighth, with the Colonels a shade the better of it so far as the hits were concerned, and also as winners, owing to the fact that Toledo deliberately threw away two excellent opportunities to score.

Hallman opened the fateful inning with a beautiful drive into left. Houser, of the long legs, wandered up, but to save his life Camnitz couldn't keep above those knees, and the first-sacker walked. Then "Jim" Hart appeared, and on the first ball over he bunted, forcing Hallman at third. Woodruff, who had two strike-outs and a pop-up to his credit, strode into a nice one, and when it was recovered Houser had crossed the home plate, but Hart was caught at third. Brashear then ended the Colonels' picnic by slamming an easy one in the field.

It was almost a cinch after the last half opened that the Colonels had a get-away, for Gilbert and Clingman, the hard-hitters, were easy outs, although Camnitz had hit for two bases and was still on second. Jack Doyle waited and walked to first. This seemed at first as though it were a case of good judgment on Campbell's part, as Doyle is a good hitter, but it proved bad, as Demontreville sent a singing liner through the infield, Camnitz scoring.

This was where Campbell lost his head and the game as well. Durrett was standing at the plate, and Demont made a bluff to steal second. Like a shot Campbell turned to throw him out, and Doyle started for home. Standing like the Sphinx, Campbell watched both men get safe, Doyle at home and Demont at second, without even throwing the ball. Durrett singled and three runs were in. After this nothing. The score:

Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Gilbert cf.	2	0	1	0	Kerwin rf.	4	2	1	0
Clingman ss.	4	1	1	3	Hallman lf.	4	2	0	0
Doyle 1b.	3	1	9	0	Houser 1b.	3	0	13	0
Demont 2b.	4	1	1	3	Hart cf.	3	0	2	0
Durrett lf.	4	3	2	0	Woodruff 3b.	4	1	1	2
Moriarity 3b.	2	0	5	2	Brashear 2b.	4	0	1	5
Lee rf.	2	0	0	0	Schriver c.	3	1	3	1
Clark c.	3	0	8	2	Quinlan ss.	4	1	2	2
Camnitz p.	3	1	0	2	Campbell p.	3	0	1	4
Totals	27	7	27	12	Totals	32	7	24	14

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	*	3
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

Errors—Clingman, Demont, Moriarity. Two-base Hit—Camnitz. Stolen Bases—Doyle, Demont, Gilbert, Hart, Quinlan. Sacrifice Hits—Moriarity 2. Double Plays—Clingman, Demont and Doyle; Brashear and Houser. Left on Bases—Toledo 6; Louisville 8. Bases on Balls—Off Camnitz 3; off Campbell 4. Struck Out—By Camnitz 7; by Campbell 2. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Hart. Attendance 1,700.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Dayton, O., May 9.—In a batting bee to-day Dayton took the first of the series with South Bend. Williams was knocked out of the box in the fifth inning. Christian, who succeeded, was hit almost at will. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Dayton	0	0	0	3	3	0	1	5	*	12	12	6
South Bend	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	1	7	13	1

Batteries—Wise, Johns and Hawkins; Williams, Christian and Tieman. Attendance 400. Umpire—Wheelock.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 9.—Wheeling won a close game from Grand Rapids to-day by bunching hits in the seventh inning. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Wheeling	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	*	5	8	1
Grand Rapids	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	10	0

Batteries—Robertson and Schriver; Farrell, Thomas and Barber. Umpire—Woods.

Evansville, Ind., May 9.—Vanandeas' clean pitching, with excellent support, won the game for Fort Wayne. Myers, first baseman, and Shortstop Ream were put out of the grounds in the ninth inning for disputing. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	11	1
Fort Wayne	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	5	0

Batteries—McCafferty and Cross; Vanandeas and Ostdick. Umpire—Shunter.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 9.—Terre Haute-Springfield game postponed on account of rain.

Birmingham 3, Atlanta 3.

Birmingham, Ala., May 9.—Umpire Black called the Atlanta-Birmingham game to-day at the end of the sixteenth inning with the score 3 to 3. It was by far the prettiest exhibition of baseball playing seen here this season. Both pitchers were in excellent form, and for the most part were able to keep the hits well scattered. Both men were ably assisted in the field. There was considerable wrangling, especially in the early part of the game, as a result of which Ward for Birmingham and Jordan for Atlanta were put out of the game. Their substitutes distinguished themselves. Attendance 2,487. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	T.
Birmingham	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Atlanta	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

Earned Runs—Birmingham 1, Atlanta 1. Two-base Hits—Archer 2, Vaughn. First Base on Balls—Off Moren 3, off Clarke 1. Struck Out—By Moren 10, by Clark 5. Left on Bases—Birmingham 4, Atlanta 7. Double Play—R. Clark to Vaughn. Sacrifice Hits—Crozier, Krug, Morse, Delehanty 2. Stolen Bases—Stafford, Delehanty, Smith 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Moren 1, by Clarke 1. Time of Game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpire—Black.

Shreveport 9, Memphis 2.

Shreveport, May 9.—Memphis put up a poor article of ball and Breitenstein had the visitors at his mercy all through. Tamsett was seriously injured in the third inning, his knee being torn open by Kennedy's spikes while the latter was sliding to second. Evans was injured in the sixth, he and Kennedy colliding in going after a fly ball. Both injured men had to retire. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Memphis	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Shreveport	2	0	2	1	0	4	0	0	*	9

Three-base Hit—Welkart. Stolen Bases—Kennedy, Duffy. First Base on Balls—By Breitenstein 3, by Streit 5. Struck Out—By Breitenstein 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Walters, Welkart. Passed Balls—Rafter 2. Time of Game—Two hours. Umpire—Pfenninger. Attendance—950.

New Orleans 4, Little Rock 1.

Little Rock, Ark., May 9.—New Orleans took the first game of the series from Little Rock by the score of 4 to 1. Wilson had Little Rock shut out until the ninth inning, when Gear's double, followed by Blake's single and a hard infield out, allowed one run. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
New Orleans	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
Little Rock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Two-base Hits—Hahn, Williams, Gear, Reading. Sacrifice Hits—Beck, Williams, Holly. Stolen Bases—Rohe 2. First Base on Balls—Off Wilson 3, off Guese 0. Struck Out—By Wilson 2, by Guese 3. First Base on Errors—Little Rock 3, New Orleans 3. Left on Bases—Little Rock 7, New Orleans 4. Double Plays—Garvin to Reading; Reading to Taylor; Holly to Williams to Beck. Time of Game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Carpenter. Attendance—1,000.

Montgomery 8, Nashville 2.

Nashville, Tenn., May 9.—Six hits in the sixth inning netted Montgomery six runs to-day. Nashville's fielding was ragged, and Montgomery won, 8 to 2. Attendance 1,000. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Nashville	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
Montgomery	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8

Two-base Hits—Millerick, Schlebach. Three-base Hits—Bruyette, Millerick. Double Plays—Bandelin to Bennett to Lally. Left on Bases—Montgomery 6, Nashville 6. First Base on Balls—By Lee 2. Struck Out—By Herman 5, by Lee 5. Stolen Bases—Schwartz. Time of Game—One hour and thirty-six minutes. Umpires—Burke and Bassett.

—GET THE—
American Handicap Selections.
PRICE 25c.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD!
Coca-Cola
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c. a Bottle.

SECRECY

Maintained By the Republican Committee.

DID MORE MEMBERS RESIGN?

THOSE PRESENT AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING REFUSE TO TALK.

FIVE VACANCIES ARE FILLED.

The Customhouse majority of the Republican City and County Executive Committee filled five vacancies on the committee last night after Chairman Scott's decision that the election must be held at a regular meeting succeeding the last regular meeting was overruled by a two-thirds vote.

Only one member of the committee would give out any information, and no definite answers were received to questions as to whether any more resignations of Federal officeholders had been received and acted upon.

Dr. Thomas H. Baker, postmaster, was present, as was his assistant, W. A. Evans. Dr. Baker made a speech. A hurry call was sent for Sam F. Harlan, the "inns" thinking his vote might be needed on the appeal from the chair, but he did not come.

The meeting lasted over two hours and, according to Dr. Baker, who was the only man who would talk, the business transacted was confined to the election of five committeemen, as follows:

Carl Brock, Second ward; Robert E. Woods and J. G. Morey, Fifth ward; C. J. Sonne, Seventh ward, and Charles E. Fertig, Twelfth ward.

Dr. Baker Evades Question.

When Dr. Baker was asked if he and Mr. Evans had resigned or if there had been any other resignations he said:

"Did you ever hear of a Republican resigning? There was only one motion made that did not carry and I offered that. It was: 'Be it resolved that every officeholder, every man who wants office and every man who cannot get office resign.' My motion didn't get a vote."

The fight was started soon after the meeting was called to order. A motion was made that the vacancies on the committee be filled. Mr. Vance objected, claiming that the meeting was an adjourned one and that the election must take place at the next regular succeeding meeting. The chair decided that the motion to elect was out of order. An appeal from the decision was sustained and the election followed.

According to Chairman Scott no action was taken as to the calling of a convention to nominate a city, county and legislative ticket, and the adjournment was without date.

No one would say whether there would be any more resignations.

MAY NOT ATTEMPT TO RESTORE FOREST PARK.

St. Louis, May 9.—[Special.]—Controller Player intimated to the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Delegates at the committee meeting to-day that it was the intention of the management of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company to make no attempt to restore Forest Park.

The Controller led the committee to believe that the company had found that the park could not be restored except at a very great cost and that it had reached the decision to forfeit its $200,000 bond.

The question arose through the discussion of the possibility of constructing a five-mile speedway which horsemen have asked be built just outside Forest Park. Mr. Player told the committee that he believed it would be possible to provide for such a speedway with money which the World's Fair would pay to the city in lieu of reconstructing that portion of the Exposition grounds which formerly was within the Forest Park inclosure.

BIG STEALS

Charged, Following Chas. Wells' Arrest.

K. AND I. BRIDGE COMPANY

SAYS SHORTAGES HAVE BEEN CONSTANT IN CAR SHIPMENTS.

COLLUSION IS ALSO ALLEGED.

In the arrest of Charles Wells, assistant yardmaster of the K. and I. Bridge Company, officials of the company state that they have started investigations that will uncover a gigantic steal from their company, which they say has been taking place during the past year and has resulted in losses which at this time can be poorly estimated. The officials refuse to attempt a reckoning of the losses, but they will probably reach $15,000 or $20,000. One item alone, which was recently received in the shape of a bill for shortage in a hay shipment, reaches $3,497.84. Wells is charged with embezzlement and the officers of the company claim that they have sufficient evidence to convict him of short-weighing cars for certain shippers, with whom he is said to have been in collusion, the difference in freight charges being divided with him. Wells denies any knowledge of the charges against him.

The arrest of Wells was made yesterday morning by Detectives Donahue and Ross, and Frank Stiggers, special agent for the K. and I. Bridge Company. Wells was working in the yards at the time and although the officials have been watching him closely for the past year, he says he has had no suspicion that he was suspected of wrong-doing.

Hay Has Been Stolen.

Other than the shortage in weights, which Wells is accused of causing, the officials of the complaining company assert that steals of hay have been made from cars passing through the yards during the past year and that before the investigation is concluded a number of other employes, including one whole train crew, and possibly a grain company will be implicated in the thefts. So far the officials are not ready to give a full account of the evidence at hand, but more arrests are expected to follow.

Wells has been in the employ of the K. and I. Bridge Company for the past five years. More than a year ago an employe in the yards reported that Wells and a number of other men in the yard crews were short-weighing cars and stealing hay. A watch was placed over Wells and other men by special employes, and evidence, which is said to be of a damaging character, was collected.

According to a statement given out by the railroad officials to the detectives yesterday afternoon following Wells' arrest, it had been the custom of the latter to enter the weighing-master's office and weigh cars of hay destined for shipment to far away Southern points. The weighing of cars is not one of Wells' regular duties and this at once attracted the attention of the special employes, and a car which Wells had weighed, was sent back to the scales a second time after it had been removed from the scale-house and placed on the tracks to be "made into" a train for shipment.

When the car was weighed the second time a number of witnesses, who had seen Wells previously weigh the car, went to the scale-house, and when it was placed on the weighing machine, it is alleged, it was found to be several thousand pounds heavier than the gross weight given in Wells' report, which under ordinary circumstances would have governed the freight fees.

Time after time, according to the statement given by the officials, this operation was repeated, always in the presence of the officials of the company and other witnesses. The cars which Wells had weighed are said to have been from 1,000 to 10,000 pounds heavier than the reports turned in by the assistant yardmaster. The officers further explained that in the case of long shipments the rate for hay was from twenty to thirty cents a hundred pounds and the difference in weights totalized large amounts.

Reticent As to Collusion.

So far the officials of the railroad have given out no information as to the evidence secured against Wells to the effect that he had been in collusion with grain firms who made shipments of hay to the South, but it is claimed that the detectives are now working on such charges and say they believe they can prove that Wells took particular pains to weigh the cars of certain firms.

Although Wells has not been directly accused of theft, the officials of the complaining company state that during the past year enormous steals of hay have been made in their yards which have caused disastrous losses. Almost every car which has been shipped South has had a claim for shortage lodged against it and one claim for $3,497.84 was received only a few days ago.

It is claimed that the cars loaded with hay in the yards generally carry about 200 bales and that on one occasion a car arrived in South Carolina with only twenty-five bales inside and the seals and locks gave no appearance of having been tampered with. Among other evidence collected by the officers of the road, it is claimed that all these thefts were committed in broad daylight by parties, so far unknown, who were assisted by employes of the road. It is further claimed that the cars were taken from trains, after having been weighed and billed for shipment, and backed into side tracks, where it was possible to open them and carry off the hay in wagons, under the claim that they were being unloaded, and later to reseal the cars and start them on their way South. Their arrival meant a charge for shortage against the railroad company.

Wells stated yesterday afternoon that he knew nothing about the charges against him.

"I have weighed many cars in the yards," he said, "but everyone else in the yards does the same thing. I am sure they will soon find out that they were wrong in arresting me. I expect to give bond in a short time."

Wells is thirty-two years of age and married. He lives at Twenty-eighth and Bank streets, near the yards in which he worked. He has been employed by the company for the past five years and is a native of Ohio.

GET IN THE GAME!

BOYS and GIRLS

Have You Secured a

Baseball Suit,
Croquet Set,
Stereoscope,
Brownie Camera?

THE COURIER-JOURNAL IS GIVING THEM AWAY.

The Courier-Journal has arranged to give ABSOLUTELY FREE to boys and girls of Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany a number of handsome presents—just the things you want.

Vacation time is coming and you will want a Baseball Suit, a Croquet Set, a Kodak or a Stereoscope to take to the country or to use at home if you cannot get away.

How to Get the Presents.

Go out among your neighbors and friends and get TWO of those who are NOT NOW subscribers to the DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL to agree to become subscribers for a period of fourteen (14) weeks, and to pay 10 cents a week, or 45 cents every FULL MONTH, for the paper, to be delivered at their homes. No money need be paid in advance—just get them to sign an agreement to take the DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL (not the Sunday, which costs 5 cents a week additional to above price).



BASEBALL OUTFIT

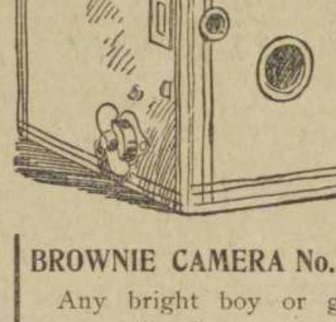
Consists of button shirt, padded pants, cap and belt; made of gray outing flannel; a neat, serviceable suit for large and small boys. Regular price $2.00.

Given Free for 2 New Subscribers.

CROQUET SET

Consists of 8 balls and 8 mallets, heavy arches, neat, symmetrical stakes; three stripes on balls, two on mallets; complete in a hinged wooden box, with rules of the game. Regular price $2.00.

Given Free for 2 New Subscribers.



BROWNIE CAMERA No. 1.

Any bright boy or girl can readily learn to take pictures with this Brownie Camera, but the fact that it is simple to operate does not mean that it will not make good pictures. Regular price $1.00.

Given Free for 2 New Subscribers.

OUR STEREOSCOPE

Is a beauty; made of selected wood, neatly finished with folding handle; correct lenses. Regular price 65c.

Given Free for 1 New Subscriber.

You'll Find It Easy!

2 New Subscribers Get You the Baseball Outfit Free.
2 New Subscribers Get You the Brownie Kodak Free.
2 New Subscribers Get You the Croquet Set Free.
1 New Subscriber Gets You the Stereoscope Free.

Get To Work Right Now!

Call at the Circulation Department of the Courier-Journal, third floor, and get blanks and full information. You can telephone Main 2450, or Home 880.

STOLE $27,000

FROM EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Charge Made Against An Employe and Outsider Who Manipulated a Policy.

New York, May 9.—A man who was arrested in Stroudsburg, Pa., under the name of William Daly to-day is charged with the larceny of $27,000 from the Equitable Life Assurance Society of this city, and by conspiracy with an employe of the Equitable Society. Daly's name is said by detectives to be Samuel Lobley, but he is alleged to have operated under the aliases of Edwards, Robert C. Henderson and Father Smith.

In a statement issued by officials of the Equitable Society to-day it was explained that William C. Cotton, of Brookline, Mass., is the owner of a $50,000 policy in the Equitable Society. In March, 1904, he borrowed $27,000 on it, depositing it with the society as security for the loan. A few months later, the officials say, the policy was stolen from the vaults of the society by a trusted employe working in conjunction with Lobley, the books of the society containing a record of the previous loan were altered, and Cotton's name was forged to an application for another loan of $27,000. The second loan was made, it is declared, to Lobley.

Last January, the officials say, the operation was repeated in part, and a third loan would have been made if the paying teller of a bank had not held up the Equitable Society's check, suspecting that something was wrong and insisting upon identification. Lobley, alleged to have been the holder of the check, disappeared. He was found by detectives living in a small hotel at Spragueville, Pa., near Stroudsburg.

The name of his alleged confederate in the employ of the Equitable Society has not been made public.

Detectives will go to Pennsylvania after Lobley as soon as extradition papers are prepared.

MESSAGE OF CONGRATULATION

Sent to the President By Nebraska's Governor.

Omaha, Neb., May 9.—Gov. Mickey to-day sent to President Roosevelt a message of greeting and congratulation upon his entering Nebraska. It was to the President direct at North Platte, and reads as follows:

"Congratulations on your successful outing and pleasant hunt. Trust you will have a safe journey across our State and to Washington."

FREEZING

Temperature Prevailed In Some Western States.

CONDITION OF WINTER WHEAT

FAVORABLE IN REGION EAST OF ROCKIES.

THE WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

Washington, May 9.—The weekly crop bulletin issued by the Weather Bureau is summarized as follows:

In California, generally throughout the Central and Southern Rocky Mountain district, and in the Dakotas and Minnesota, the week ending May 8 was abnormally cool and moist. Freezing temperatures extended southward to the central portions of Arizona and New Mexico, with frost and snow in the Central and Northern Rocky Mountain regions and upper Missouri and Red River of the North valleys. In the Gulf States, central valleys, most of the lake region and in the Atlantic coast districts, excepting New England, the temperature was favorable, but excessive rains hindered work over the northern portions of the Central and West Gulf States, in the lower Ohio and Central Mississippi valley, in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and in the Middle Rocky Mountain region.

* * *

Drouth In the Northeast.

Drouth continues in Northeast and rain is needed in the Middle Atlantic States, portions of Kansas and on the North Pacific coast.

Heavy rains have prevented rapid progress with corn over a large portion of Missouri, Illinois and Indiana, but elsewhere this work has advanced satisfactorily, planting having begun as far north as the southern portions of South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. In the Southern States the general condition of the crop is reported as promising, but it is suffering for cultivation over a large part of the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and Texas.

* * *

Winter Wheat In Good Condition.

Winter wheat is now heading as far north as the southern portions of Kansas and Missouri and in Kentucky. The general condition of this crop continues highly favorable in the States east of the Rocky Mountains, although some reports of injury by rust are received from Texas and Oklahoma and Indian Territories. On the Pacific coast winter wheat continues promising, although some unfavorable reports respecting lowland wheat are received from Oregon, and recent heavy rains and high winds caused lodging to some extent in California.

The weather conditions of the past week were not favorable for the completion of wheat seeding over the northern portions of North Dakota and Minnesota, and early spring wheat over the central portion of the spring wheat region, and in Iowa, is making only fair progress. In Nebraska and Colorado and on the North Pacific coast the condition of the crop is promising.

* * *

Reports On Oats Are Favorable.

The report from Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa respecting oats indicate that this crop in these States is in fair condition only, but elsewhere the reports generally range from good to excellent. In the Southern States oats are heading, and seeding continues in North Dakota and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States.

Much cotton remains to be planted in Arkansas, Northern Mississippi, portions of Louisiana and in Northern and Central Texas, and planting is unfinished in the Carolinas, Northern Georgia, Tennessee and Oklahoma. In Central and Northern Texas a large area requires replanting, and that up is not very promising and is in need of cultivation. The Southern crop is in better condition, although damaged by rain. Good stands are reported from the central and eastern districts of the Cotton Belt, where the crop is making favorable progress, although needing cultivation in Georgia.

* * *

Tobacco Plants Plentiful.

A large part of the tobacco crop has been planted in North Carolina, and planting has begun in Tennessee. Plants are plentiful in Ohio, Kentucky and Virginia, but transplanting has not begun in these States.

The outlook for most fruits, except peaches, is favorable.

A good hay crop is generally promised.

GOLL IS URGED TO MAKE CONFESSION.

Accused Bank Cashier's Friends Think He Should Tell How the Institution Was Robbed.

Milwaukee, May 9.—Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National Bank, who is charged with embezzlement, may make a confession. He was in conference to-day with United States District Attorney Butterfield, Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth and Attorney General George P. Miller, representing the bank. From a source that is absolutely authentic it is said that Goll's friends think he can best serve his own interests by making a clean breast of all that he knows. He could do no harm to Bigelow, for all the facts in the case are bound to be dug out before the present investigation closes.

With his assistance the bank examiner could rapidly unravel the case, and the service would be one that Goll's friends say must inure to his benefit. However, no final decision has been reached as yet.

GEN. ALGERNON BADGER DEAD.

Was United States Appraiser At New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 9.—Gen. Algernon S. Badger, United States Appraiser for New Orleans, is dead, aged sixty-five. He was born in Boston. When the Civil War began he enlisted in the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, then became an officer in the Twentieth regiment and was with the first troops sent to New Orleans after its fall. At the close of the war Gen. Badger remained in New Orleans.

Real Estate Transfers.

Mary Norman to Basil Doerhoefer, 24 feet, north side Market, 121 feet east of Eleventh, $5,300.

Emily E. McDonald, etc., by commissioner, to Nathan Feinberg, 45 feet, southwest corner Eighth and Madison, $3,040.

John M. Schmidt to Mary Worland, 30 feet, southwest corner Rufer, 1,270 feet west of Von Borries, $1,900.

Ann Hassan to Edw. L. Moll, tract in Taylor's subdivision, $1,025.

Louisville Banking Company to F. S. Medcalf, 34 feet, northwest corner Hemlock and Gibson, $1,600.

Alice Trautman to Mary T. Fleitz, 30 feet, north side Walnut, 150 feet west of Thirteenth, $1,650.

William Duboise to Aug. Judah, 54 feet, Pflanz avenue and four-acre lot, $800.

William M. Block to Kate Fante, 20 feet, northwest corner Christy, 320 feet southwest of Baxter, $500, etc.

Louis Keller to Pearl Keller, 40 feet, south side Lee, 160 feet west of Brook, $655.

William M. Block to Kate Fante, 20 feet, northwest side Christy, 340 feet southwest of Baxter, $500, etc.

Frank Kraeger to John M. Schmidt, 25 feet, south side Kentucky, 665 feet east of Swann, $400.

Realty Improvement Securities Company to Mary Weigleb, lots 7, 8 and 3, Inglenook addition, $310.

Mahala Childers to B. D. Childers, 25 feet, southwest Stevenson, 334 feet northwest of Arlington, $200.

A. McVaw to Elizabeth M. Hoefer, 29 feet, north side Standard, 460 feet east of Twenty-third, $199.

ALL READY

For Members of Rivers and Harbors Committee.

PLANS FOR DAY ARE MADE.

FRANK FEHR BUYS LAND FOR COUNTRY HOME.

MONON RUNS SPECIAL TO-DAY.

Complete arrangements for the entertainment of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of Congress here next Monday were made by the General Committee from the local commercial bodies appointed for that purpose at a meeting held yesterday at the Board of Trade.

A committee of citizens will go up the river in a boat Monday morning and meet the visitors. It is expected that they will arrive here at 11 o'clock, and after the formal reception is finished the entire party will be taken to The Seelbach for luncheon. There will be about 100 visitors, including the seventeen Congressmen, their secretaries, wives and families, newspaper men and delegations from various cities above Louisville.

After lunch the party will be divided. The business division of the visitors will be in the charge of one local committee and will be taken over the river, so that a careful inspection of the falls, the canal and the harbor may be made. The entire afternoon will probably be spent in this important work. The other division of the visitors will be in the hands of another committee and will be taken to the races or for a drive about the city, so that they will be assured a pleasant afternoon.

At 6:30 o'clock special cars will start for the Country Club, where all the guests will be seated at a dinner. The remainder of the evening will be spent at the Country Club, and the party will come back to Louisville and resume their trip down the river at about 11 o'clock at night.

* * *

John H. Brand & Co. yesterday sold to Frank Fehr a beautiful tract of land on Cherokee Drive, adjoining Eastern Park. It also adjoins the place of J. B. McFerran and is across Cherokee Drive from the residence of Dr. James B. Bullitt. The tract comprises twelve and three-fourths acres and the price was given out as considerably more than $1,000 an acre. The land belonged to Dr. James B. Bullitt and Frank Bullitt. Mr. Fehr will erect a handsome country home on the site and will probably begin work on it this summer.

* * *

The local delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention at Kansas City left Louisville last night. The Southern railway and the Henderson route operated special service for the occasion. A great number of the members of the Baptist Young People's Union, who will attend the convention also, went over the Henderson. The Southern railway's special train took many of the leading Baptist ministers of the State.

* * *

The Monon announced yesterday that a special train will be run from Louisville to French Lick and West Baden this evening at 8:21 o'clock. This train will be put on to accommodate the returning crowds of persons who came here for the Derby. The Monon brought three special sleepers from Chicago last night loaded with persons who came to see the great race to-day.

Telephone Men In Conference.

Huntington, W. Va., May 9.—Steps have been taken toward the formation of an association of the independent telephone companies of West Virginia. Officials of the different companies are now holding a meeting at Fairmont. Representatives of more than a dozen companies, including the independent companies at Huntington, Charleston, Parkersburg, Fairmont, Grafton, Wheeling, Clarksburg, Martinsburg and other points are represented.

Work On New Power House.

Danville, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—Work was begun to-day on the new power house which the Danville Light, Power and Traction Company will erect in this city. Danville is probably the only city of its size in the South that does not support an electric lighting plant, and after much worry and hard work by the City Council the plant is a certainty. The contract for the new structure will be let to local bidders.

In the Hands of Receivers.

Boston, May 9.—The Haight & Freese Co., stock brokers of this city, went into the hands of receivers to-day, and all their offices in this state are closed. The company has branches scattered throughout New England. James D. Colt an attorney, is receiver of the company which is a New York corporation.

A Receiver Appointed.

Cincinnati, O., May 9.—James M. Sprague was to-day appointed receiver for the contracting firm of W. H. Ellis & Co. by Judge Spiegel, of the Common Pleas Court, on application of Harry E. Kennedy, the silent partner in the business. Mr. Sprague gave bond in the sum of $100,000.

An Advance In Lumber.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 9.—The price list committee of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's Association, the Wisconsin Valley Lumbermen's Association and the Northwestern Hemlock Association has agreed to advance the prices on all classes of lumber 50 cents per thousand.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 9.—To-day's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $132,243,799; gold, $60,870,207.

CHOATE MADE A "BENCHER" OF THE MIDDLE TEMPLE.

American Ambassador Honored In Hall Where Shakespeare Played "As You Like It" Before Elizabeth.

London, May 9.—Ambassador Choate was formally called to the bench of the Middle Temple to-night. The ceremony was strictly private, not even members of other Inns of Court being present. The function took the form of an ordinary dinner in the old dining hall which Queen Elizabeth opened in 1570, and in which before Queen Elizabeth Shakespeare acted "As You Like It." Several rules were suspended to-night in honor of the American Ambassador. The members, fully robed, took up places about the bare oaken tables and the benchers filed in, Mr. Choate leading the parade, though the newest member is usually last. The benchers passed down the center of the assembly to a raised table. The usual simple meal was served. The benchers afterward retired to the Parliament chamber for dessert, Mr. Choate this time walking last. As he passed the members' table the assembly cheered continuously, many old lawyers in their enthusiasm jumping on top of the wooden tables. At the door Mr. Choate turned and faced the assembly, and said they knew it was not the custom for a bencher to speak and therefore he would not. Nevertheless he spoke for ten minutes, expressing appreciation of his reception and the honor of having his name enrolled among the names of the great men of the Middle Temple. The entire proceedings occupied only half an hour.

ENGLAND DENIES PARDON TO MRS. FLORENCE MAYBRICK

Refusal of Full Clemency May Bar Her Testimony In a Land Suit.

St. Louis, May 9.—A Washington telegram to the Globe-Democrat says: Ambassador Choate has cabled the State Department that the British foreign office has refused to grant any further clemency to Florence E. Maybrick, who recently made application, through the State Department at Washington, for a complete pardon.

It appears that Mrs. Maybrick was not granted a complete pardon, but was released from imprisonment upon certain conditions, and she is still technically under sentence. Her testimony is regarded as necessary to the successful prosecution of the civil action of her mother, Baroness von Roques, to recover large sums of money on account of a transaction in land, which suit is now pending before a commission in this city, and it was to make her eligible as a witness that an application was made to the British Government to grant a full pardon.

THREE BRICK STORES BURNED AT JELLICO.

Blaze Originating From a Defective Flue Causes Losses Estimated At $16,500.

Williamsburg, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—A bad fire occurred on the Tennessee side of Jellico early this morning, in which a block consisting of three large brick stores was burned, entailing a loss of $16,500, on which there was only $7,000 insurance. The buildings were owned by M. A. Fine. Merchants who lost in the fire are: Isaac Bradshaw, groceries; J. C. Sullivan, furniture; Heck & Gerdan, feed; L. B. Weick, manufacturer, and J. C. J. Williams, law office. The fire started from a defective flue.

Eight Coach Horses Burned.

Nashville, Tenn., May 9.—Fire here at an early hour this morning burned to death eight fine coach horses belonging to J. Couch & Son, importers and dealers, of Lafayette, Ind. The loss is estimated at about $12,000.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, May 9.—The cotton market was decidedly easier under better weather reports, selling by recent buyers and a renewal of bear pressure. The opening was easy at a decline of 4@10 points in response to much lower cables than expected and official weather advices failing to show the expected rains. There seemed to be some effort on the part of local bulls to check the decline shortly after the opening, but selling orders came in from practically all directions, including Liverpool, where the market continued easy after the local opening at New Orleans. Private advices as to the new crop also seemed less pessimistic and local bears were emboldened to sell quite freely with the result that before midday prices were off to a net loss of about 10@13 points. There was a rally of about 5 points from that level just before the weekly bureau report was read on covering. The summary of the report made rather bullish reading, but had been discounted or was less bullish than expected, and when the details of the report were published showing fully as favorable an outlook as indicated by the summary, the market then broke under more or less general selling and liquidation. The close was steady, but at practically the lowest or at a net decline of 14@20 points. Sales were estimated at 300,000 bales.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 29,000 bales, against 42,008 last week and 5,536 last year; for the week 130,000 bales, against 172,783 last week and 25,718 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 7,453 bales, against 2,343 last year, and at Houston 6,148, against 867 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 8.05c; do gulf 8.30c. Closed quiet and unchanged; sales 1,310 bales.

The following is the range of prices for futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
May	7.64	7.57	7.66	7.55
June	7.52	7.46	7.52	7.44
July	7.61	7.53	7.62	7.52
August	7.64	7.57	7.65	7.56
September	....	7.61	7.65	7.60
October	7.76	7.69	7.78	7.68
November	....	7.71	....	....
December	7.85	7.77	7.86	7.76
January	7.87	7.81	7.90	7.80

New Orleans, May 9.—Spot cotton quiet, but steady. Sales 1,600 bales, including 350 to arrive; delivered on contracts 100. Quotations unchanged. Ordinary 5 1-16c; good ordinary 6¼c; low middling 7 3-16c; middling 7¾c; good middling 8 1-16c; middling fair 8⅝c. Receipts 7,553; stock 181,803. Futures opened barely steady with prices 5@8 points down on a very unfavorable Liverpool market. The crop summary was not as bullish as expected, and its reading was followed by a further decline. In the trading May opened 8 points lower at 7.62c, advanced to 7.64c, and finally declined to 7.53c. There was somewhat heavy realizing by longs with no sustaining features. The market closed quiet with net losses of 15@19 points.

Liverpool, May 9.—Spot cotton in moderate demand; prices 5 points higher; American middling fair 4.82d; good middling 4.50d; middling 4.34d; low middling 4.18d; good ordinary 4d; ordinary 3.84d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export and included 7,600 American; receipts 13,000 bales, including 9,000 American. Futures opened firm and closed easy.

Galveston, May 9.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾c; net and gross receipts 8,410 bales; sales 554; stock 139,441; exports to the continent 3,184; exports to Mexico 100.

Memphis, May 9.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅝c; net receipts 503 bales; gross receipts 1,230; shipments 5,034; sales 750; stock 53,608.

St. Louis, May 9.—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16c; net receipts 400 bales; gross receipts 2,679; shipments 2,351; sales 297; stock 49,164.

Savannah, May 9.—Cotton firm; middling 7 9-16c; net and gross receipts 8,272 bales; sales 523; stock 66,157; shipments coastwise 6,002.

Boston, May 9.—Cotton quiet; middling 8.05c; net receipts 214 bales; gross receipts 282.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, May 9.—Spot, Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 8c; mild firm; Cordova 10@13c. The market for futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points on a moderate demand through various commission houses, promoted by large warehouse deliveries. Prices worked up to a net gain of 5 points all around during the middle session, but later eased off a little under realizing. The market closed steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales 35,000 bags, including May at 6.80@6.85c, July at 6.95c, September at 7.15c, October at 7.20@7.35c, December at 7.40@7.45c and March at 7.50@7.55c.

London Wool Sales.

London, May 9.—The offerings at the wool sales to-day were 15,339 bales, including the best selection brought forward during the series. Superior merino greasy realized high prices. Americans secured several parcels up to 1s 3½d. Tasmania light greasy brought 1s 5d. Cross-breds were well represented and sold quickly, Americans buying stylish, light-conditioned sorts. The large quantities catalogued did not affect prices, which were very firm throughout. Following are the sales in detail: New South Wales, 6,000 bales; scoured 9½d @1s 11½d; greasy 5¾d@1s 5d.

Queensland, 500 bales; scoured 1s 1d@1s 8½d; greasy 9½@11½d.

Victoria, 2,100 bales; scoured 11d@2s 1½d; greasy 5d@1s 3½d.

South Australia, 1,300 bales; scoured 1s ½d@1s 7½d; greasy 6½d@1s ½d.

West Australia, 100 bales; greasy 7d@1s 1d.

Tasmania, 1,200 bales; greasy 5½d@1s 5d.

New Zealand, 3,600 bales; scoured 10d@1s 10d; greasy 7d@1s 3d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 400 bales; scoured 1s 9d@1s 11d; greasy 4¾@9½d.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, May 9.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 58c. Rosin firm; A, B, C $3.15; D $3.20; E $3.30; F $3.35; G $3.40; H $3.70; I $3.80; K $3.95; M $3.95; N $4; window glass $4.10; water white $4.30.

Wilmington, May 9.—Spirits of turpentine firm; 57½c bid. Rosin steady at $2.90. Tar firm at $1.80. Crude turpentine firm at $2.50, $4 and $4.50.

Charleston, May 9.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, May 9.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 California 6s 8½d; futures quiet; May 6s 6½d; July 6s 6¾d; September 6s 4¾d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new 4s 3d; futures quiet; May 4s 3¼d; July 4s 3½d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, May 9.—Business with the banks was rather quiet to-day, and principally of a routine character. Rates for money were quoted at 5 to 6 per cent., and there was a fair borrowing demand reported. New York exchange was strong again to-day and appeared to be in good request, banks quoting it at 25c premium. The situation in New York shows no change. Call loans were a shade firmer to-day.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,674,273
Balance	278,604

Only one session of the Stock Exchange was held to-day on account of the dullness prevailing in the local market. Price changes were comparatively few, and for the most part of minor consequence. Brokers have orders for securities, but it is useless to try to execute them, as there is comparatively little disposition to sell at present prices, and the buying orders are under market conditions. When conditions reach a point where buyers and sellers can come nearer getting together business will improve, and not before. Holders of stocks appear well satisfied to await developments, notwithstanding many have attractive profits, and a great many securities, especially the traction issues, which have been purchased in this market from time to time, have gone into the hands of investors, who are content to await the full development of the respective properties in which they are interested. This is particularly true of Louisville Traction, East St. Louis and Suburban, Rochester Railway and Light, Springfield Railway and Light, and others might also be mentioned. Louisville Traction common showed some strength to-day on the good showing of earnings for April, the increase amounting to over $800 per day. Other Traction issues, however, were dormant. Warrants on various lots of Rochester Railway new preferred were offered from 75c down to 60c per warrant, with 40c the best bid. Louisville Railway 5s were a shade firmer.

The St. Louis Traction market was quiet, and St. Louis United Railways common did not sell on the exchange there during the morning. It opened at 31 to 32, but closed easier, at 30¾ bid and 31¼ asked. There was fair activity in the preferred stock, which advanced to 80⅜ bid, with sales at 80¼. The close was 80⅜ to 80¾. The 4 per cent. bonds were in fair demand at 89¼ to 89⅝. L. and N. unified 4s were 103⅜ bid to 104 asked. The collateral trust 4s were quoted at 98⅛ to 98¼. International Traction issues are quoted nominally. Toledo sold in New York at 32¾ and Detroit United Railway at 82¼. New Orleans common was quoted "when issued" at 29¼ to 30, the preferred stock at 76¼ bid and the 4½ per cent. bonds at 92½ bid.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
Louisville St. Ry. W. 5s	*112½	113¼
Louisville St. Ry. 2d mor. 4½s	*105½	106
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*102¾	103¼
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*99¾	100¾
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*96¼	97
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	*103½	103¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light 5s	107¾	109
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	95	...
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	102¼	...
Seattle Electric Ry. 5s	*104¾	...
L., A. and P. V. Elec. Ry. 5s	...	*103¼
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	*110¾	111¼
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*90½	91¼
City 5s, old L, 1911	*107½	109
City 4s, imp., 1928	*108	108¼
City 3½s, gold, 1940	*101¼	101½
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*101	101¼
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*101	101¼
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*101	101¼
City 3s, gold, 1941	*90¼	91

Stocks.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
American National Bank	139	140
Bank of Commerce	189¼	...
Citizens' National Bank	200	...
First National Bank	155	160
German Bank	300	...
German Insurance Bank	310	...
German Security Bank	155¼	...
Louisville National Banking Co.	138½	140¾
National Bank of Kentucky	199	200
Southern National Bank	141½	...
Stock Yards Bank	124½	140
Third National Bank	112½	125
Union National Bank	211	...
Western National Bank	...	105
Columbia Finance and Trust Co.	148	149½
Fidelity Trust Co	322	326
Louisville Trust Co	158¼	...
United States Trust Co.	104	105¼
Louisville Title Co.	96¾	97¾
Bourbon Stock Yards	80½	82¼
Louisville Bridge stock	128	132
Louisville Gas stock	149¼	150¼
Louisville Heating pref.	91⅝	92
Louisville Heating com.	...	70
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	45	51
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref.	111	113
Turner, Day & Woolw'h Co. com.	92	93
Louisville Home Telephone Co.	52	57
Kentucky Wagon Works Co.	178	179
New Galt House com.	35	42
Louisville Traction com.	93	93½
Louisville Traction pref.	125	...
East St. Louis and Suburban	112½	116½
Rochester Ry. and Light com.	82	84
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	...	93½
Rochester Railway pref.	103¾	105
Springfield Ry. and Light Co.	72	74
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	47	48
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref.	89	89¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light com.	93¼	95¼
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref.	109	110½
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	47¼	48½
Nashville Ry. and Light pref.	96	96¼
Seattle Electric com.	54¾	55½
Seattle Electric pref.	98¼	...

*Sells with interest.

Where the same bid and asked prices are quoted they represent different sized lots.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following were the sales at the Stock Exchange morning call:

10 shares Louisville Traction com. 93¼

The Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange has decided to suspend afternoon sessions until further notice. Such action is taken only during the general dullness which has been prevailing in this market for a week or ten days, and afternoon sessions will be resumed as soon as market conditions warrant. The immediate prospect is for a period of hesitation in speculation.

For the past ten months the brokers of Louisville have enjoyed an excellent business, and they have no reason to complain because of the present stagnation in the market for securities. It was natural that trading should be active while prices were steadily rising, natural that securities should appreciate in value after the depression which had gone before, and which came to an end with the general improvement of industrial, commercial and agricultural conditions. But prices cannot rise forever, and it is to be expected that when the market "has been bulled to a standstill," as the saying goes, that a period of dullness should commence. Not that there is anything the matter with fundamental factors, for there isn't, at least nothing which appears on the surface. But trading in securities has fallen off in New York, in St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati and other centers, and Louisville would be the exception to the rule if this market were active at the present time. All this does not mean that the trend of prices from this time forth is to be permanently downward. The influences at work scarcely warrant such an assertion. But it is probably true that they will have to seek lower levels before trading on a large scale is witnessed. A great deal, however, depends on the New York market. Louisville, as well as other financial centers, has been coming more and more under the barometric influence of New York. When pressure on values is greatest at that center, or when dullness prevails, Louisville feels the reflex influence, just as it does on a holiday in New York, for at such times brokers here are forced to admit that they can do little business, as people do not want to trade, owing to the lack of a New York market for a guide. A great deal also depends upon the outlook for the crops, and it is yet too early to gauge this correctly, though the prospects for large yields at this time, with the possible exception of cotton, are very favorable. So it is that the market has entered upon a period of waiting, and the Louisville brokers for the time being might as well take afternoons off and go to baseball, or amuse themselves as they see fit.

It is understood that the gross earnings of the Louisville Railway Company for the month of April in round figures show an increase of $25,500, or a little more than $800 per day.

The following remarkable increases in earnings, both gross and net, for the year 1905 as compared with 1904, are reported by the Detroit United Railway:

Fourth week of April	$18,235
Month of April	41,491
Four months from Jan. 1 to Apr. 30	166,789

As yet the official report as to how much of the foregoing gross increase for the four months has been saved for the net has not come to hand, but applying the same ratio as shown for the first three months, when the gross increased about $126,000, and the net over $96,000; the increase in net would be $129,000, or more by $4,000 than 1 per cent. on the capital stock. Should this rate of increase keep up for the balance of the current year Detroit United will show net earnings of over 9 per cent. The net earnings for 1904 official, were $745,703.92, which falls short only $4,296.08 of being 6 per cent. on the stock. After paying 4 per cent. on the stock, amounting to $500,000, there was added to surplus $245,703.92. Now, with the large addition to the net for the first four months, and with reasonable prospects for further increases, it would seem that there is some ground for believing that Detroit United will go on a 5 per cent. dividend basis this year. Too much should not be taken for granted, however. It should be remembered that earnings for the first four months of this year are compared with a period in 1904, when the weather for operating was anything but favorable and that earnings were materially affected at that time. Hence it is decidedly improbable that Detroit United will earn 9 per cent. on its stock this year, but that the showing will be equivalent to 7 per cent., or slightly better there seems to be little doubt.

For the year ending December 31, 1904, there was spent for improvements and extensions on San Francisco United Railroads the sum of $522,335.75, the items of which are given in the annual report just made public. For the period from March 20, 1902, to December 31, 1904, the total expenditures on the property have amounted to $3,079,077.69. These figures speak rather eloquently. It is understood from Louisville people who have recently come from the Pacific coast that San Francisco is growing very fast.

Dow Jones & Co. say that the net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for April were approximately $10,700,000. These figures are not exact and may be increased or diminished to some extent by the final returns. In April, 1904, net earnings were only $6,863,813. For May the corporations net should not be less than $13,000,000. Last year's net for May was $6,256,000.

The net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation available for dividends at the close of this quarter have been variously estimated. By one authority, considered competent, the aggregate amount is placed at $25,000,000. This will compare with $9,082,563 available for that purpose June 30, 1904, and $23,987,950 on June 30, 1903. By this authority the total is placed higher than any June 30 quarter in the history of the corporation except the quarter ending June 30, 1902. At that time the total net earnings available for dividends paid aggregated $14,013,542. The total surplus remaining after payment of dividends was $59,036,462. The net earnings available for dividends, the amount paid in dividends, and the balance of surplus at the close of each June 30 quarter are shown in the following table:

	Available for dividends.	Dividends paid.	Balance of surplus.
June 30, 1904	$9,082,563	$8,304,919	$63,395,585
June 30, 1903	23,987,950	12,609,770	90,131,821
June 30, 1902	26,742,277	14,013,524	59,030,462
June 30, 1901	19,907,277	13,957,028	30,957,028

A total of $25,000,000 net earnings available for dividends at the close of this quarter would be an increase of over $15,000,000 over the corresponding quarter last year, and less than $2,000,000 below the second quarter of 1902. The increase is considered not too great because of the present unprecedented demand for finished steel products.

The present surplus of the corporation is about $35,000,000 below its high point, reached in 1902. It is the intention to put it beyond the $100,000,000 mark, but this will be done slowly, heavy charges being made mean time to the various funds. With all departments in good condition, a surplus of $100,000,000 would probably not be greatly reduced, once it was reached, save in times of great depression.

Common sense studies crop news and discovers a magnificent outlook for winter wheat and favorable conditions for later crops. It reads the reports of the United States Steel Corporation, the American Locomotive Company, the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company—and it finds the steel industry thriving in unexampled fashion. It studies railroad earnings and discovers record both in gross and net, bringing joy to the hearts of stockholders. Common sense may study some other things also, but these are a few of the things with which plain common sense deals—and they mean much.

Baltimore and Ohio is one of the few roads of the country whose monthly statements for the past winter do not show a loss in either gross or net earnings. The last four months all show fair increases. For the nine months ending March 31, gross earnings increased $1,715,049, or 3 per cent., and net earnings increased $1,247,168, or 7 per cent. As the company's maintenance charges are made in a liberal scale, it would not be difficult to figure 10 per cent. for the common stock.

So far as the situation is dependent upon, or affected by, money rates, it is certainly one where buying cannot be attended with any substantial risks, if confined to the steadier features, the dividend payers that are not arbitrarily "pegged up," or to nondividend payers that have now lost the inflated margins that were added during the rising period. Just as a considerable part of the advance was fictitious, in that it was not based upon reason, so the greater part of the decline has been of the same character. Hence, recoveries are certain and almost "all along the line;" prices will adjust themselves to conditions even though the artificial factors cause, for a time, aberrations such as we have been experiencing. For in the long run those interested find out when a stock is too cheap and buy; things that are offered under their real values find purchasers in due course; incidents that interfere with the operation of this natural law can exert only a temporary influence. The reverse is equally true, and hence we have had an exaggeration of the process of selling things that were standing at prices above their real values.

Big men, as the street refers to large banking interests, are not taking an active interest in the market, according to their own testimony. They do not yet see any reason why stocks should be bought, and without their purchases, in the absence of a public following, an active bull market is almost an impossibility. These banking interests do not advise their following to go short of the market at these prices, but they are not yet satisfied that everything is in shipshape, and until things have been quite smoothed out they will not encourage an advance in prices.—(New York Times.

Louisville stockholders will be pleased to know that the two tunnels of the Hudson Companies under the North river, to connect New York with Jersey City, are now being constructed as rapidly as possibly. The second tunnel, whose New York terminus will be at Cortlandt street, was begun a little time ago and the workers are now down to bedrock. One block west of Broadway, it is intended to construct a walking gallery under Cortlandt street for that distance, so as to communicate with the Broadway line of the Interborough Company.

The question of terminals and connections with roads entering Jersey City is a large one which would prevent operation for a considerable time even if the tunnels were completed and the best that is expected is that the tunnel from Christopher street may be ready for opening in about two years. Work is necessarily slow as compared with the "cut and fill" construction of the Interborough subway as, of course, the tunnels under the river cannot be built in sections, operations being conducted only from the ends. Everything is now going along very smoothly and the promoters feel much encouraged. The tunnels when completed will have close traffic arrangements with Pennsylvania railroad.

PROBING THE TOBACCO TRUST.

Through the refusal of a witness to answer questions it was suddenly disclosed last week that the office of the Attorney General of the United States is making an investigation of the American Tobacco Company, one of the largest "trusts" in existence. It has world-wide ramifications, controls 90 per cent. of the tobacco business in the United States and from 40 to 60 per cent. of the foreign business. Its policy from the beginning of the original consolidation in 1890 has been to reach out and absorb all competitors. Pursuing this plan of campaign it has grown from a capitalization of $25,000,000 to one of $500,000,000. In 1901 the consolidation of nine large concerns into one holding company under the laws of New Jersey brought out the present tobacco "trust." It not only raises tobacco, but also manufactures, exports, imports, jobs and retails it and controls the trade in all its branches in this and other countries by a practically perfect system.

That special Attorneys General have been employed by the Government to go quietly to work on an investigation of this sort indicates that the Roosevelt policy of trust regulation is to be pursued along the lines that brought the powerful Northern Securities Company to dissolution. Wherever the laws are being violated, it will go hard with the "combines," for the laws will be enforced. The Government has taken a splendid example of the successful "trust" for its present experiment.—(New York Commercial.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Norfolk directors say the road is earning twice its present dividend.

Steel Foundries preferred will be placed on 6 per cent. basis in July.

Pennsylvania stockholders took less than 10 per cent. of $100,000,000 3½ per cent.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The inactivity of to-day's market has been quite fitting after the recent heavy daily operations and extensive decline. Commission houses were never so well liquidated and their holdings of securities are smaller than for a long period back. Hence, it can be said that good stocks have fallen into strong hands again, consequently there is now a better indication that securities will gradually work to a higher level again. The market was quite bare of any special features. Some good buying was noticeable, which had a tendency to cause shorts to cover. Copper acted about as well as anything, and showed marked strength and accumulation. It is reported in good quarters that the Standard Oil party have recently accumulated over 200,000 shares of this stock, and from the outlook in the industry it appears as if the next dividend would be increased. We advise the purchase of good stocks on any recessions. We look for traders' market in the near future.—(Hutton & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—Trading was very dull this afternoon and the closing was at a slight recession from the midday level. There was no feature, but it was evident that the rally was being used for taking profits. We look for a sagging market to-morrow, and advise sales on firm spots. The Government crop report is not likely to influence any considerable buying of stocks. It is too early in the season to attach any importance to the showing it makes. Much was made to-day of the alleged improvement of foreign conditions and the dissipation of danger of international complications. But the fact is that the bidding-up of stocks in that connection was engineered from New York, so far as American shares were concerned, and it was designed to help make a market for more long stocks.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—A large failure followed by some small rallies was expected in London, but that market worked up smartly, advances extending to 1½ points on lessened fears respecting international political conditions. Union Pacific was heavily bought at the start, substantial advances appearing elsewhere on shorts covering. There was bearish talk on Gould issues, Smelters and Tennessee Coal and Iron, but they were well supported. United States Steel net earnings for April, it was stated, will show over $10,000,000, and for May are figured at $13,000,000. There was excellent buying of both issues, with the preferred a point higher. Northern Pacific was bid up sharply. St. Paul was in good demand and showed a better tone. The bear element were not at all aggressive. The market turned very dull, but retained its strength. A favorable Government crop report is looked for on wheat. Other crops are showing up well, money is cheap and general conditions are such as to invite buying of the standard stocks on fair-sized recessions.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—At the opening the market showed a generally better tone. The rally in London had some influence, while traders were in many cases disposed to operate for a recovery on the theory that stocks were pretty well sold out. Commission house orders were very light. After an hour or so of trading the market developed strength, losing some of the dullness which set in after the opening. There did not seem to be much account open, but some disposition to cover shorts was shown in specialties and in railroad stocks. At midday the market was dull, but very hard. The volume of business showed serious falling off from any day in recent past, and the market looks like it is becoming still narrower. Wire houses reported few orders and very little interest in the price movement. Trading was more largely professional than it has been at any time in the recent past. There was a little good selling on advances, notably that by C. D. Barney & Co. in Union Pacific, but traders continued to operate for further rally.—(Ex Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market has been dull, but generally firm, partly on covering of shorts and some buying for long account. We cannot expect much of a market until affairs on the other side become more settled.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Owing to the better feeling abroad and the recent quiet absorption of stocks by good houses, sentiment was very much improved to-day and the market opened strong and higher. After the first burst of short covering was over, however, trading became dull and narrow, although the undertone remained firm throughout the day. Fear of impending unfavorable developments is disappearing and a more hopeful view is now taken of the future. In view of the absence of bullish aggressiveness by the larger interests, however, it is not believed that the upward movement will immediately be resumed, but on the other hand confidence is expressed in well-informed quarters that no serious decline need now be apprehended. A quiet market, fluctuating within a narrow range, is expected to prevail until local conditions become more propitious for operations for an advance. We believe that a conservative position on the long side will eventually result profitably, buying only on reactions and taking profits on rallies.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—The market is closing irregular, but on the whole shows quite a little strength, in spots being sharply higher. The volume of business was decidedly smaller than in recent sessions. At times throughout the session leading shares, such as Steel, Union Pacific and St. Paul, showed some disposition to halt, giving the impression that the short interest had covered. The action of the market shows but little change. As we pointed out yesterday the advance still seems to come from short covering. Outside buying demand is flat, and it seems something of a startling nature must develop to induce increased demand from this level. The market looks like a scalping affair, but in special stocks, such as Copper and Steel preferred, we feel purchases slightly under the present level will not hurt much.—(Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 9.—Money on call steady at 2¼@2¾ per cent.; closing bid 2; offered at 2¼; time money very easy; 60 days 3¼ per cent.; 90 days and six months 3½; prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8665@4.8670 for demand and at $4.8450@4.8455 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills $4.84⅜. Bar silver 57½c. Mexican dollars 44½c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

The advance in stocks to-day represented a readjustment of the price level as an index of conditions, rather than a response to any important new demand. The readjustment was effected for the most part in London before trading had commenced here. As a consequence, the first prices made here this morning showed yesterday's losses rather more than recovered. Changes during the rest of the day were unimportant.

The change in conditions which this was designed to measure was the quieting of apprehension of an embroilment of Great Britain and France, with their respective allies in the present war over the disputed question of neutrality. The purpose of the two Government, to avoid friction was made so manifest by to-day's events that little fear remained of a hostile issue to the discussion. There is reason to believe, in fact, that money difficulties had more to do with yesterday's weakness in London than was then suspected, while the hope of avoiding consequences had to do with the vigorous recovery there to-day. One failure of some importance occurred in the American department of the London Stock Exchange, but it was declared that more extended troubles which were threatened by the coming periodical settlement there would be prevented. There was some large buying for London account in this market during the early trading, but this was largely of an arbitrage character. American securities seemed to have been oversold by the bears in connection with yesterday's foreign weakness and their efforts to recover stocks was the important factor in to-day's rally. Aside from this buying, the day's business was unimportant, and the aggregate transactions, in fact, fell to near the lowest figure for the year thus far. Only a few days early in January show a smaller total.

The movement of prices was a creeping one in accordance with the small business doing. While the buying became little more than nominal, there was small pressure to sell. The excessive dullness at the advance is a warning

of the unwillingness of operators to embark on new ventures on the long side of the market. Some fears were felt that there may be liquidation yet to be completed, and which may appear from time to time, as in the case of London selling yesterday, or which may be invited by any effort to put up prices.

The approach of the period for going into effect of the stock transfer tax has some influence in discouraging the new commitments, as it is generally expected that professional trading operations will be hampered by the operation of the new law. The small inclination shown by Pennsylvania stockholders to subscribe for the new convertible bond issue, the application reaching only 10 per cent., is regarded as a symptom of the present satiety of demand for investment. It is noted in the same connection that a number of recent bond flotations are quoted in the market below the underwriting price. Pennsylvania failed to share in the strength of the day's market.

The weekly crop report offered nothing to disturb the present feeling of confidence over the grain crops. There was some discussion of the President's remarks in his Denver speech on Federal supervision and regulation of corporations, and the consideration of the coming discussion of this subject in Congress was thus revived. Final prices showed only slight concessions from the top, but the closing was practically stagnant.

Bank Clearings.

Boston, May 9.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $27,147,104; in New York $366,968,654. New York funds sold at par to 5c discount.

Cincinnati, May 9.—(Special.)—Clearings $3,861,600. Collateral loans 3½@4 per cent. New York exchange 25@30c premium.

Memphis, May 9.—(Special.)—Clearings $880,140.53. New York exchange $1 discount buying, $1 premium selling.

Chicago, May 9.—(Special.)—Clearings $28,541,806; balances $2,272,689. New York exchange 5c discount.

New Orleans, May 9.—Clearings $3,354,895. New York exchange: Bank $1 premium; commercial 75c discount.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Atchison	9,500	83½	82¾	83½
Do preferred	400	101¾	101½	101¾
Atl. Coast Line	1,500	154½	154	153¾
B. and O.	5,900	106½	106	106⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	95½
Brooklyn Rapid T.	11,900	60⅞	60	60¼
Canadian Pacific	6,800	148½	147⅝	148⅜
Central of N. J.	....	....	....	193
C. and O.	2,200	48¾	48½	48½
C. and A.	....	....	....	33
Do preferred	....	....	....	75
Chicago Gt. West.	2,700	20	19½	19⅝
C. and N. W.	1,200	220¾	219⅝	218
C., M. and St. P.	31,600	172⅛	170⅝	171½
Chicago T. and T.	200	17⅜	17⅜	17½
Do preferred	200	32½	32	30
C.,C.,C. and St.L.	700	97⅝	97	97⅝
Col. and Southern	900	27	26¼	26½
Do 1st pref.	100	57	57	56½
Do 2d pref.	800	34	33½	33½
Del. and Hudson	....	....	....	184
D., L. and W.	....	....	....	375
D. and R. G.	100	29¼	29¼	29¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	84¼
Erie	9,400	42⅝	42¼	42⅛
Do 1st pref.	2,900	78⅜	78	78
Do 2d pref.	400	66⅝	66	66
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	87
Do preferred	100	92	92	92
Illinois Central	500	158½	158¼	158¼
Iowa Central	....	....	....	25
Do preferred	....	....	....	49
K. C. Southern	300	27¼	27	26⅞
Do preferred	300	59½	59⅛	59
L. and N.	7,400	145¼	144¼	144⅝
Manhattan L.	400	164⅝	163⅞	164⅜
Met. Securities	800	78	77½	77
Met. St. Ry.	3,100	117¼	116	116
Mexican Central	800	21	20⅝	20⅝
Minn. and St. L.	....	....	....	50
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	500	116	115⅝	115⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	157
Missouri Pacific	3,500	96¼	96	96
M., K. and T.	2,400	26⅛	26	26⅜
Do preferred	1,300	59	58⅜	58⅜
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	200	34⅛	34¼	34½
N. Y. Central	20,000	143¼	141⅞	142¾
N. Y., O. and W.	2,000	48⅝	47⅞	48¼
Norfolk and West.	6,200	77	76¼	76⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	91
Northern Pacific	6,900	185⅝	181¼	183½
Pennsylvania	25,200	135¼	134½	134⅞
P., C., C. and St.L.	....	....	....	73
Reading	49,700	92⅝	91⅜	91⅝
Do 1st pref.	300	91	90½	90
Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	84
Rock Island Co.	5,600	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛
Do preferred	1,200	74⅛	72½	73
St. L. & S.F. 2d pf.	400	66	65½	65½
St. L. Southwest.	100	22½	22½	22
Do preferred	100	57	57	56½
Southern Pacific	16,000	60¼	59⅝	59⅞
Do preferred	....	....	....	117⅝
Southern Railway	3,800	30⅝	30	30¼
Do preferred	800	96	95¼	96
Texas and Pacific	500	32	31⅝	31⅝
T., St. L. and W.	100	35½	35½	35
Do preferred	100	55½	55½	56
Union Pacific	67,500	120⅝	119¼	119⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	96½
Wabash	300	19⅝	19	18¾
Do preferred	400	40⅝	40⅝	40
W. and L. E.	100	15⅜	15⅜	15¼
Wisconsin Central	100	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
Do preferred	400	46½	46	46

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	247
American	900	244½	234½	240
United States	....	....	....	123
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	245

Industrials.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Amal. Copper	50,300	81⅝	80¼	81
Am. Car & F'dry	1,900	35⅝	34⅝	35¼
Do preferred	200	97½	97½	97¼
Am'n Cotton Oil	....	....	....	32¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	93
American Ice ctfs.	....	....	....	5
Do preferred	800	37	37	36
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	17¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	43½
Am'n Locomotive	9,700	48⅜	47⅜	48¾
Do preferred	600	113¼	113	112½
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	8,900	111⅜	110⅝	111⅛
Do preferred	100	119⅝	119⅝	119½
Am. Sugar Ref'g	2,600	134¼	133⅜	134
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	200	95¼	95	95¼
Ana. Mining Co.	400	110	109¾	109
Col. Fuel and I.	4,200	44	42⅝	43
Consolidated Gas	2,500	194¼	193	193¼
Corn Products	....	....	....	12¾
Do preferred	200	60	60	60
Dist. Securities	5,000	44¼	43	43½
Gen. Electric	400	177	176½	175
Internat'l Paper	500	21¼	21	20½
Do preferred	100	79	79	79
Internat'l Pump	....	....	....	31
Do preferred	200	83½	83½	83
National Lead	1,800	45⅝	45	45
North American	1,300	101	100¼	100⅝
Pacific Mail	200	36	36	36
People's Gas	5,000	103¼	101⅝	101⅞
Pressed Steel Car	500	38⅝	38	38
Do preferred	....	....	....	93
Pullman Pal. Car	200	235	235	235
Republic Steel	2,200	18¼	17½	17⅝
Do preferred	400	73	73	72
Rubber Goods	900	36½	34½	36
Do preferred	100	106¼	106½	106¼
Tenn. Coal and I.	5,800	80⅝	79	80
U. S. Leather	....	....	....	11½
Do preferred	....	....	....	*100
U. S. Realty	200	89¾	88	86
U. S. Rubber	1,100	40	38½	39
Do preferred	900	109⅞	108	109¼
U. S. Steel	45,200	31½	30⅞	31⅛
Do preferred	41,200	99⅛	98⅝	98⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical	600	34	33½	33½
Do preferred	200	105½	105½	105½
Westin'house Elec.	....	....	....	169¾
Western Union	200	93¼	93	93

Total sales for the day, 542,500 shares.
*Offered.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, May 9.—Bonds were firm. Total sales (par value) $2,585,000. U. S. bonds were all unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	104½
Do coupon	104⅝
3s, registered	104
Do coupon	104¾
New 4s, registered	132
Do coupon	132
Old 4s, registered	104¾
Do coupon	104½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s, certificates	73¾
American Tobacco 6s, certificates	113
Atchison general 4s	103
Do adjustment 4s	97
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	102
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	104¼
Do 3½s	95¼
Central of Georgia 5s	113
Do first income	93¼
Do second income	70
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	108
Chicago and Alton 3½s	82¼
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	99⅜
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	81
Do collateral 5s	92
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	102½
Chicago Terminal 4s	*98
Colorado Midland 4s	74½
Colorado and Southern 4s	94
Cuba 5s, certificates	104⅝
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	101⅛
Distillers' Securities 5s	79¾
Erie prior lien 4s	101⅝
Do general 4s	92⅝
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts	113¼
Hocking Valley 4½s	111⅝
Japan 6s, certificates	98⅝
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	103⅞
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s	104
Mexican Central 4s	77
Do first income	21
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	97½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	102
Do seconds	85
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	80
New York Central general 3½s	100
New Jersey Central general 5s	13[illegible]
Northern Pacific 4s	105¼
Do 3s	76
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	102
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	97⅝
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	102
Reading general 4s	102⅜
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	116⅞
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	90
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	81¼
Seaboard Air Line 4s	85⅝
Southern Pacific 4s	95⅝
Southern Railway 5s	120
Texas and Pacific firsts	123½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	84
Union Pacific 4s	106
Do convertible 4s	120
United States Steel second 5s	94¼
Wabash firsts	116½
Do debenture Bs	75
Western Maryland 4s	88⅞
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	93½
Wisconsin Central 4s	91

*Offered.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)

Japan 4½s.
$10,000 .... 87½
$3,000 .... 87⅝
$43,000 .... 87¼
Japan 6s.
$1,000 .... 98½
$2,000 .... 98¼
$1,000 .... 98¼
$8,000 .... 98¾
Japan 6s ctfs.
$3,000 .... 95⅝
$17,000 .... 95¾
$1,000 .... 95⅞
$36,000 96
Rep. Cuba 5s.
$10,000 105
U. S. Mex. 4s.
$2,000 95
Amn. H. and L. 6s.
$1,000 97
American Tobacco 4s.
$58,000 73
$25,000 .... 73¼
$1,000 .... 73⅛
American Tobacco 6s.
$14,000 111
$7,000 .... 111¼
$45,000 .... 111⅛
$101,000 112
$9,000 .... 112¼
$10,000 .... 112½
$36,000 113
Atchison gen. 4s.
$3,000 .... 102¾
$7,000 .... 102⅞
$2,000 103
Atchison Adj. 4s.
$17,000 97
Atch. Adj. 4s, stamped.
$3,000 .... 95⅛
A. C. L. 1st con. 4s.
$11,000 102
B. and O. 4s.
$16,000 .... 104⅜
$2,000 105
B. and O. S. W. 3½s.
$15,000 .... 92½
B. R. T. 4s.
$5,000 .... 87½
$1,000 .... 87⅛
C. P. 1st ref. 4s.
$2,000 .... 101¼
C. and O. 4½s.
$1,000 108
C. and A. 3½s.
$2,000 82
$1,000 .... 82½
C. B. Q. Ill. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 97¼
C. B. Q. J. T. 4s.
$1,000 .... 99⅝
$16,000 .... 99½
$43,000 .... 99⅝
$5,000 .... 99⅝
C. B. Q. J. T. 4s R.
$5,000 .... 98½
C. M. St. P. 5s.
$1,000 117
C. N. W. con. 7s.
$1,000 .... 126¾
C. N. W. deb.
$3,000 .... 111½
C. R. I. 4s.
$52,000 81
C. R. I. ref. 4s.
$4,000 .... 95½
$13,000 .... 95⅜
C. D. S. 1st 5s.
$6,000 116
C. X. 4s.
$6,000 94
$5,000 .... 94¼
Con. Gas deb. 6s.
$1,000 175
Con. Tobacco 4s.
$1,000 80
Dis. Sec. 5s.
$59,000 79
$1,000 .... 78⅝
$5,000 .... 79¼
$1,000 .... 79½
Erie conv. 4s.
$10,000 .... 105½
Erie gen. L. 4s.
$10,000 .... 92⅝
Erie P. L. 4s.
$5,000 .... 101⅝
$10,000 .... 101⅝
Erie P. N. 4s.
$1,000 .... 94½
$3,000 .... 94⅝
G. B. W. B.
$41,000 18
$5,000 .... 18¼
P. and T. inc. 4s.
$19,000 .... 99⅞
In. Paper 6s.
$1,000 105
K. S. U. 4s.
$1,000 .... 88⅛
K. S. U. 3½s.
$5,000 .... 70½
$2,000 .... 70¼
$45,000 .... 70⅝
Lack. Steel 5s.
$2,000 .... 104⅝
L. S. M. S. deb. 4s.
$10,000 .... 100⅞
$3,000 101
L. and N. uni. 4s.
$3,000 104
L. and N. col. 4s.
$26,000 .... 98¼
L. and N. S. J. 4s.
$2,000 .... 97¼
Man. 4s.
$4,000 .... 104¼
Mex. 4s.
$2,000 77
M. K. T. 2d 4s.
$17,000 85
$2,000 .... 85¼
M. K. T. of T. 5s.
$12,000 .... 107¼
M. P. 5s 1907.
$4,000 .... 106⅜
M. P. 5s 1920.
$1,000 .... 107⅞
N. Y. C. L. S. col. T. R. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 91⅜
$6,000 .... 91½
N. Y. C. St. L. 4s.
$2,000 104
N. Y. C. G. L. H. P. 5s.
$2,000 .... 111¼
O. and W. 4s.
$21,000 .... 103½
N. and W. 4s.
$13,000 .... 101⅜
$2,000 102
N. and W. P. 4s.
$7,000 .... 97⅞
N. P. gen. 3s.
$5,000 .... 76⅞
O. S. L. ref. 4s.
$1,000 .... 97⅝
$65,000 .... 97⅞
P. and E. 1st 4s.
$11,000 100
R. D. G. gen. 4s.
$15,000 .... 102⅜
$33,000 .... 102½
$5,000 .... 102⅝
St. L. I. M. 4s.
$2,000 95
St. L. I. M. 5s.
$2,000 .... 116⅜
St. L. S. F. con. 4s.
$1,000 .... 100¾
St. L. S. F. ref. 4s.
$2,000 .... 89⅝
$2,000 90
St. L. S. W. con. 4s.
$4,000 .... 83¼
St. P. M. and M. 6s.
$5,000 137
S. P. col. 4s.
$4,000 .... 95¼
$9,000 .... 95⅜
S. P. ref. 4s ctfs.
$153,000 97
$20,000 .... 97⅛
$5,000 .... 97¼
$6,000 .... 96⅞
$1,000 .... 96⅝
S. R. 5s.
$7,000 119
$9,000 .... 119⅝
$10,000 120
S. R. St. L. 4s.
$7,000 .... 99½
R. E. D. inc.
$30,000 .... 4⅜
T. C. and I. 6s.
$5,000 .... 104⅝
T. A. V. 4s.
$4,000 95
T. O. U. 4s.
$1,000 84
U. N. Ry. St. L. 5s.
$5,000 99
$5,000 .... 99¼
U. P. 4s.
$2,000 106
$1,000 .... 105⅝
W. P. conv. 4s.
$34,000 .... 120¼
$63,000 120
$31,000 .... 120⅛
$10,000 .... 120⅜
$5,000 .... 120½
W. Rwy. S. F. 4s.
$2,000 88
U. S. S. F. 5s.
$16,000 .... 94⅝
$85,000 .... 94½
$39,000 .... 94⅜
$50,000 .... 94⅝
Wabash 1st 5s.
$18,000 .... 116½
Wabash 2d 5s.
$13,000 108
Wabash Debs.
$23,000 .... 74½
$10,000 .... 74⅜
$51,000 73
$69,000 .... 74⅝
$10,000 .... 74⅝
Wabash P. 1st 4s.
$15,000 .... 94¼
West M. D. 4s.
$5,000 89
$5,000 .... 88⅞
W. U. 4½s.
$12,000 .... 104½
W. L. E. col. 4s.
$1,000 .... 93½
W. C. 4s.
$4,000 94

Total sales (par value) $2,586,000.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF LEAF TOBACCO FOR MARCH AND NINE MONTHS

Considered as a whole, business in tobacco exports and imports during March was light, though showing, of course, a large increase over the business of February. Compared with March, 1904, there was a falling off in the exports of leaf tobacco and a gain in the exports of domestic cigars, cigarettes, plug and smoking tobacco, etc., and also a gain in the importation of foreign leaf tobacco.

Total exports of domestic leaf tobacco in March amounted to only 17,108,726 pounds, a loss of 3,165,583 pounds (11 per cent.) as compared with March, 1904. This was due to the exceptionally light shipments during the month to the United Kingdom, but the shipments, however, to Continental Europe were about equal to March, 1904. Japan took about 1,300,000 pounds more than it did the previous year, its importation amounting to 1,484,853 pounds.

Exports of domestic cigars increased 75,000, or 55 per cent.; cigarettes, 67,904,000, or 60 per cent., and plug tobacco, 125,751 pounds, or 21 per cent.

The total value of all domestic exports for the month was $2,143,983, a net loss of $120,251, or 6 per cent., as compared with March, 1904.

Imports of foreign wrapper leaf were of satisfactory proportions, surpassing both the importations of March, 1904, and February, 1905. Filler imports, on the other hand, were of smaller proportions than February, 1905, though the figures of March, 1904, were surpassed. In the total imports of foreign leaf for the month there was a gain of 477,063 pounds, or 22 per cent., over March, 1904.

Imports from Cuba aggregate 2,390,320 pounds, as against 2,026,372 pounds in March, 1904; imports from the Netherlands 396,470 pounds, as against 370,876 pounds; Germany 177,326 pounds, as against 47,069 pounds, and from Turkey and elsewhere in Europe 106,995 pounds, as against 9,994 pounds. Imports of foreign cigars, cigarettes, smoking tobacco, etc., were of a satisfactory size, though less by 12,523 pounds, or 16 per cent., than in March of last year.

The total value of all foreign imports was $1,978,143, a gain of $273,893, or 16 per cent., over March, 1904.

Re-exports of all kinds of foreign merchandise was very light during March, showing a net loss in value as compared with the previous March of $118,828, or 48 per cent.

In only three particulars the record of the expired portion of the current fiscal year does not surpass that of the corresponding months of 1903-1904, and those three are the exportation of stems and trimmings, the importation of leaf suitable for wrappers and domestic smoking tobacco. All other particulars showed an increased business, and the total values for domestic exports and imports and foreign exports all show net gains.

Exports of domestic leaf tobacco have increased by 30,014,566 pounds, or 12 per cent. In this all the leading countries taking our leaf have had a share, with the exception of Germany, which shows a loss of a million pounds. Exports of domestic cigars, plug tobacco and cigarettes have increased, respectively, 3, 11 and 12 per cent. Exports of domestic smoking tobacco have fallen off in value $104,593, or 14 per cent.

The total value of all domestic exports for the nine months shows a net gain of $1,287,215, or 5 per cent.

Imports of foreign wrapper leaf show a loss of 598,364 pounds, or 15 per cent., in volume and $681,864, or 22 per cent., in value; filler imports show a gain of 1,617,628 pounds, or 9 per cent., in volume, and $1,083,075, or 12 per cent., in value.

The total imports of foreign leaf show a net gain of 1,019,264 pounds, or 5 per cent., in volume, and $401,211, or 3 per cent., in value. Imports of foreign cigars, cigarettes and cheroots have increased 126,088 pounds, or 27 per cent., in volume for the nine months, and $807,611, or 40 per cent., in value, while foreign import of smoking tobacco have fallen away about 5 per cent. The total value of all foreign imports for the nine months shows a net gain of $1,265,904, or 9 per cent.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 9.—Money was more plentiful in the market to-day, owing to the Japanese purchasing Treasury bills. Discounts were easy, in view of the condition of Paris exchange and the gold arrivals going to the Bank of England instead of abroad. Operators on the Stock Exchange had shaken off most of their nervousness over the political situation and the tone was more cheerful, prices slowly improving on repurchases. The recent liquidation also eased the situation. Consols and home rails were buoyant. Americans opened steady and improved to a fraction over parity principally on Wall street support. The undertone was steadier, the feeling of uncertainty having been cleared away by the announcement of the failure of E. C. Hawkins, a stock broker. In the afternoon prices further advanced, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific being the features. Prices closed firm. Foreigners were steady. Japanese recovered slightly. Imperial Japanese Government 6s of 1904 were quoted at 101. Kaffirs rallied somewhat. Closing: Consols for money 90; do for the account 90¼; Anaconda 5⅝; Atchison 85⅜; do preferred 104⅛; Baltimore and Ohio 109; Canadian Pacific 152; Chesapeake and Ohio 49⅝; Chicago Great Western 28; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 175; De Beers 17⅜; Denver and Rio Grande 29⅝; do preferred 87½; Erie 43⅜; do first preferred 80¼; do second preferred 67½; Illinois Central 162; Louisville and Nashville 149; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 27¼; New York Central 146; Norfolk and Western 78¾; do preferred 94; Ontario and Western 49¾; Pennsylvania 70¾; Rand Mines 10¼; Reading 47½; do first preferred 46½; do second preferred 44; Southern Railway 31; do preferred 98; Southern Pacific 61⅜; Union Pacific 122¾; do preferred 100¼; United States Steel 32; do preferred 103; Wabash 19½; do preferred 41; Spanish fours 90¾. Bar silver firm at 26½d per ounce. Money 2@2½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 2¼@2 5-16 per cent. The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £45,000.

Paris, May 9.—The tone on the Bourse to-day improved, owing to the official denials of the reported breaches of French neutrality in the far East. Dullness predominated, however, owing to fears of further complications, and at the close the market was weak. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 88.30 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 508.

Berlin, May 9.—Trading on the Boerse to-day opened dull, but closed active on London advices. Exchange on London 20 marks 47½ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 2¾ per cent.; three months' bills 2⅝ per cent.

Imperial Bank Statement.

Berlin, May 9.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand decreased	13,140,000
Treasury notes increased	400,000
Other securities decreased	37,520,000
Notes in circulation decreased	26,120,000

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.80 per bu.; Lima beans 6½c per lb.; California pinks $2.20 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3.25 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.60@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 68@72c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.35@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 15¼c; Western cheddars 15c; full cream flats and twins 15¾c; full cream dairies 16c; full cream, long horns 16½c; skim goods 11½@12c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13@14c; Maracaibo 11@13c; Laguayra 11@12c; Mocha 20¼@23½c; Java 25@28½c. Green Rios: Fancy 13c; choice 12c; prime 11½c; good 11c; roasting grades 11@12½c; Santos 11@15c.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 48c per lb.; gray 30@35c; No. 1 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed duck 25@30c.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $6.25@6.50 per bbl.; plain patents $6@6.25; straights $5.75@6; family $5; low grades $4.50; winter patents $5.75@6; winter straights $5.50@5.75; low grades $4@4.25; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store: Choice timothy $1.40@1.50 per bu.; clover $7.70@8; orchard $1.30@1.45; bluegrass fancy 90c@$1; red top, fancy 6@6½c; English bluegrass $1.40; Southern millet $1.25; cow peas $1.40.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@7½c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.50; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 5½@6c; prunes, California new 3@3½c; peaches 9@12c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 12@12½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 6½c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $13@13.50; clover hay $11.50@12; wheat straw $6.50@7; timothy No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11@12. This is for baled hay; hay in store $1.50@2 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 19c; No. 2 17½c; dry salted, No. 1 16½c; No. 2 15c; round lots of green salted beef hides 9½c; round lots, dry 15@17c; dry kip and calf 16c; green salted, No. 1 10¼c; No. 2 9¼c; kip and calf 9¼c; sheepskins, butchers 75c@$1; country skins 40@80c; lambskins 40@50c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3.25; No. 2 $2.25.

KRAUT—45-gallon casks $5; ½-bbl., 15 gallons $2.25.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $19@19.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 23c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 36@38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10c; California walnuts 15¼c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 8@10c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 12c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 86c per gallon; No. 2 78c; linseed 46c for raw and 47c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 57c; extra No. 1 52c; No. 1 43c; No. 2 40c; gasoline, 87 degrees 19c; stove gasoline 12½c; benzine, 63 degrees 11c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 34c per gallon; pewless pastry oil 37c; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 62c.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3c per lb.; fancy 6c; Japan 4c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 5½c; fancy Patna 6c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6@6.50 per lb.; Indiana $6.50@7; Southern ginseng $7@7.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1; Mayapple 3c; blood root 7c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 12@13c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots as follows: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.21; do 5-bu. bbl. $1; Michigan 7-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.12; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium) 89c; do 5-bu. bbl. (fine) 92c; do 7-bu. bbl. $1.15; dairy salt $1.08@2.33 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sacks 60c.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from 1st October 1, 1903: First three-bracket sizes 90 and 20 per cent.; all other sizes 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 17@23c; clear grease 30c; medium tub-washed 39@40c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 33@36c; black wool 24c.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, May 9, 1905.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1905.	Ship'd 1905.	Rec'd 1904.	Ship'd 1904.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs	61,800	49,335	2,950	126,670
Bagging, lbs	....	1,130	1,800	575
Boots and shoes, cases	651	318	73	158
Coffee, lbs	8,700	33,435	6,150	39,705
Cotton, bales	....	....	2	....
Flour, bbls	1,096	2,397	694	1,188
Furniture, lbs	55,970	144,710	13,500	100,490
Barley, bush	1,500	....	....	....
Corn, bush	41,217	12,460	36,700	27,500
Malt, bush	125	250	....	200
Oats, bush	25,800	5,653	4,400	8,000
Rye, bush	2,700	4,062	....	3,775
Wheat, bush	4,773	....	4,600	1,151
Hardware, pkgs	685	4,074	323	3,989
Hay, tons	91	11	111	47
Bacon, lbs	146,820	172,175	54,610	100,411
Hams, lbs	....	6,785	....	16,130
Lard, lbs	4,000	43,195	2,000	84,200
Pig iron, tons	315	67	835	....
Leather, lbs	2,630	14,107	1,525	26,909
Nails, kegs	....	273	491	106
Apples, gr., bbls	....	15	160	49
Onions, bbls	250	....	....	19
Potatoes, bbls	1,082	584	205	370
Seed, grass and clover, lbs	35,800	2,247	2,000	3,300
Soap, lbs	130,660	36,725	49,500	15,995
Sugar, bbls	425	310	647	366
Tobacco, leaf, hds	737	584	827	715
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	8,378	244,120	1,283	207,175
Whisky, bbls	931	1,210	379	1,215
Wool, lbs	29,280	....	1,935	12,800

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominos	9.00	No. 3	6.17
Eagle tablets	8.00	No. 6	5.97
Cut loaf	7.27	No. 7	5.92
Cubes	6.82	No. 8	5.82
XXXX powdered	6.72	No. 9	5.77
Powdered	6.67	No. 12	5.72
Stand. gran. bbls	6.30	No. 13	5.67
Stand. gran. 2-lb.	6.72	No. 14	5.42

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $0 93
No. 3 red and longberry 92
Rejected 2@5c less; on levee 1½c less.
CORN—
New No. 3 .... 52½
New No. 3 white 53
OATS—
No. 3 white 35
No. 2 mixed 34
RYE—
No. 2 Western 88
No. 2 Northwestern 89½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$11.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 10⅜@11½c; heavy to medium 10⅜@11c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 9½c; regular clear sides 9c; breakfast bacon 13½@14c; sugar-cured shoulders 8c; bacon, extra 9c; bellies, light 9½c, heavy 9½c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 6½c; choice leaf in tierces 7⅝c, in tubs 8c; pure leaf lard in tierces 8½c, in tubs 8⅝c, in firkins 8⅞c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 8½c; regular clear 8½c; extra short 8¼c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2@2.10 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9@25c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$2.48 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.35@2.40; V-crimped $2.50 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.25; No. 12 $2.35; No. 14 $2.40; No. 16 $2.60; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.75; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.95; No. 26 $2.95; No. 27 $3 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.20 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.95 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.25 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.35; galvanized $2.55 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $4 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$3.25 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 7 15-16c; strict middling 8 1-16c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 15c per lb.; good country 16@17c; Elgin 27c in 60-lb. tubs, 27½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 28c.

EGGS—14½c, case count; rehandled 15c.

POULTRY—Hens 11c per lb.; spring chickens $4.80@5 per dozen; ducks 10c per lb.; turkeys 9@10c.

FRUIT—Home-grown apples $3.50 per bbl.; Northern apples $3.50 per bbl.; Havana pineapples $3.75 per crate; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; California navel oranges $2.75@3.25 per box; Turkey figs 11@12c per lb.; new Persia dates 5c per lb.; new Fard dates 10c per lb.; Florida grapefruit $3.50@4 per box; Messina lemons $2.75 per box; California lemons $2.25@2.50 per box.

VEGETABLES—Onions $3@3.50 per bbl.; leaf lettuce 75c per bu.; Southern head lettuce $2 per bu.; parsley 50c per dozen; egg plants $2 per dozen; green beans $3 per hamper; Southern radishes 60c per dozen bunches; Florida tomatoes $4.50 crate; Northern cabbage $24 per ton; home-grown potatoes $2 per bbl.; Southern peppers $3.50 per crate; turnips $1.75 per bbl.; cucumbers $1.25 dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen; carrots $1.75 per bbl.; Southern beets 65c per dozen bunches; Southern turnips $1 per dozen; Southern strawberries $4 per six-gallon crate; peas $2.50 per crate.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, May 9.—The offerings to-day were small and composed mostly of dark tobacco. The market was strong, but quotations were unchanged. Very little Burley was offered, and most of it consisted of common and medium grades of fair quality, which commanded full prices. The condition was a little more satisfactory than that offered at the close of last week. No old Burley was offered. Nothing new developed in the dark market, the quality was fair, but condition was unsatisfactory, most of the tobacco being in soft order. There was a good demand for most grades, especially for new fired leaf and lugs. Rehandling grades were firm. On account of to-morrow being Derby Day none of the houses excepting the United Dark house will have a sale.

Tobacco manufactures of three Kentucky districts for the month of April were as follows:

SIXTH KENTUCKY.	1905.	1904.	Inc.
Tobacco, lbs.	219,982	213,842	6,140
Cigars, No.	767,977	780,307	*12,330
SEVENTH KENTUCKY.			
Tobacco, lbs.	36,728	24,573	12,155
Cigars, No.	345,600	399,950	*54,350
EIGHTH KENTUCKY.			
Tobacco, lbs.	3,704	4,385	*681
Cigars, No.	29,750	20,000	9,750

As was natural, a falling off took place in the total receipts of leaf tobacco during April. As compared with the previous month there was a falling off of 9,007 hogsheads. The loss occurred only in the Western markets, the Seaboard markets having made a gain of 2,162 hogsheads over March. The showing in both Seaboard and Western was better than that of April, 1904; the Seaboard markets increased by 145 hogsheads and the Western markets by 2,528 hogsheads. The deliveries in both Seaboard and Western markets were smaller than in April, 1904, by 1,342 hogsheads. The stocks on hand May 1 were larger than May 1, 1904, and April 1, 1905. The Western markets increased by 1,892 hogsheads, and the Seaboard markets decreased by 2,231 hogsheads.

The following table has been compiled by the Western Tobacco Journal:

WESTERN MARKETS.	Receipts. April.	Deliveries. April.	Stocks. May 1.
Cincinnati	3,908	5,396	5,594
Louisville	6,387	9,606	19,488
Clarksville	3,009	781	5,521
Hopkinsville	1,260	494	3,128
Paducah	528	343	1,194
Mayfield	1,100	131	1,444
Totals	16,192	16,811	36,369
SEABOARD MARKETS.			
New York	193	294	1,811
Baltimore	1,758	1,893	2,831
Richmond	2,581	581	*9,956
Seaboard markets	4,532	2,768	14,598
Total U. S.	20,724	19,579	50,967

*Does not include 199 tierces and boxes.

Stocks actually for sale at the different points on May 1, 1905, and the stocks on sale May 1, 1904, are shown as follows: Louisville, 13,562 hogsheads (Burley 992, Green River 6,765, dark 5,809), against 4,550 hogsheads (Burley 460, dark 2,314, Green River 1,776); Clarksville, 5,357 hogsheads, against 4,073; Hopkinsville, 2,359 hogsheads, against 2,370; Paducah, 809 hogsheads, against 892; Mayfield, 1,300 hogsheads, against 185; New York, 325 hogsheads, against 400; Baltimore, 665 hogsheads.

The following is the report of offerings to-day on the Louisville market, including all the warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	74
Dark	247
Total	321
Original inspections	223
Reviews	98

First sale to-morrow at the United Dark Warehouse.

Sales reported to-day were as follows:

Burley.

Breckenridge County—1 hhd at $3.95.
Carroll County—4 hhds at $10.75 to 7.40.
Fleming County—14 hhds at $11.50 to 6.90.
Grant County—2 hhds at $7.20 to 4.60.
Green County—1 hhd at $8.
Hart County—4 hhds at $10.50 to 8.20; 3 at $12.25 to 7.50.
Harrison County—6 hhds at $8.50 to 5.90.
Shelby County—11 hhds at $15.50 to 5.85.
Indiana—16 hhds at $9.90 to 7.00.

Dark.

Breckenridge County—1 hhd at $4.
Cumberland County—2 hhds at $4.60 and 4.55.
Calloway County—2 hhds at $4.95 and 4.65.
Henderson County—4 hhds at $4.20 to 4.50.
Tennessee—62 hhds at $6.70 to 2.50.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, May 9.—(Special.)—The offerings on to-day's Burley breaks consisted of only 4? hhds of new tobacco, which is the smallest sale this year. Medium grades of tobacco predominated. All the offerings were readily taken at prices comparing favorably with those of last week. Wednesday's offerings will be much larger and will contain little old tobacco. Total sales 48 hhds. New: 3 at $1@2.25; 2 at $4.15 and $5.60; 17 at $6@7.95; 11 at $8.35@9.75; 6 at $10@11.75; 8 at $12@14.

LOGAN C. MURRAY, Prest. J. S. BOCKEE, Vice Prest. R. F. WARFIELD, Cashier.
CHAS. C. CARTER, Asst. Cashier. FORREST L. MOSELEY, Asst. Cashier.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,000,000.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
United States Depository. Unsurpassed Excellence of Service For Collections. Deposits Invited and Certificates Issued Therefor, If On Six Months.

ESTABLISHED 1856.
M. SABEL & SONS. DEALERS IN WOOL
Hides, Feathers, Sheepskins, Ginseng, Roots, Beeswax, Tallow, Dried Fruit, etc.
233, 235 and 245 E. Market St., Louisville, Ky.
REFERENCE—ANY BANK IN LOUISVILLE, Dun's Mercantile Agency, Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.
Weekly price list mailed to shippers. If you desire same, write us.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 9.—Cattle—Receipts light, not near enough of any grade here to supply the demand. There were several buyers on the yard this morning and all grades sold at fully steady prices, though the choice handy-weight butcher stuff is selling more readily than any other class. No heavy shipping cattle here to-day; feeling steady. Choice stockers and feeders are selling readily at good prices, while the common rough kinds are very little sought after, and are hard to dispose of at anything like satisfactory prices. Bulls and canners steady. Choice milch cows strong; common thin cows slow sellers. At the close the pens were well cleared and we look for a steady market remainder of the week.

Calves—Receipts liberal. Market more active than last week; best veals $4.50@5; common calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts 1,179 head. Local and foreign packers were well represented on the yard to-day and everything on sale sold early at steady prices on all grades except lights, which sold 5c lower; best 160 lbs. and up $5.50; 120 to 160 lbs. $5.30; heavy pigs $5; light pigs $4.50; roughs $4@4.90. Market closed about steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Market steady; best fat sheep $3.75@4.25; best fall lambs $5.50@6; very few spring lambs coming, best 7@9c per lb.

Quotations.

CATTLE.	
Choice to prime shipping steers	$5 50@ 5 73
Medium to good shipping steers	5 25@ 5 50
Choice butcher steers	4 75@ 5 25
Medium to good butchers	4 00@ 4 50
Common to medium butchers	3 50@ 4 00
Canners	1 00@ 2 00
Good to choice feeders	4 00@ 4 75
Common to medium feeders	3 25@ 3 75
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@ 4 00
Common to medium stock steers	3 00@ 3 50
Good to choice stock heifers	2 50@ 3 00
Common to medium stock heifers	1 75@ 2 25
Plain light mixed stockers	2 25@ 2 75
Good to choice bologna bulls	3 00@ 3 50
Medium to good bulls	2 50@ 3 00
Choice veal calves	4 50@ 5 00
Common to medium calves	3 00@ 4 00
Choice to fancy milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	5 50
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs.	5 50
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	5 30
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	5 05
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	4 50
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs.	4 00@ 4 90
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to extra shipping sheep	3 75@ 4 25
Fair to good	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium	2 00@ 2 50
Bucks	2 00@ 3 00
Extra shipping lambs	5 75@ 6 00
Best butcher lambs	5 00@ 5 50
Fair to good butcher lambs	4 50@ 5 00
Common tail-end lambs	4 00@ 4 50

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 9.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were light, 28 head; for two days only 697. The market was pretty quiet to-day; not many buyers here, and not many cattle wanted. The market ruled just about steady at yesterday's values on the desirable kinds of butcher cattle; common and medium kinds were slow and draggy. No heavy shipping steers here; market nominally steady. Nothing much doing in the feeder and stocker trade to-day; fair inquiry for the best, but others are not wanted. Bulls, canners and milch cows steady. The pens were fairly well cleared this evening.

Calves—Receipts of calves 66 head; for two days 101 head. The market was about steady; best $4.50@5; others dull.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs 1,724 head; for two days 5,633. The market was slow in opening this morning, and values were unevenly lower; the best, 160 pounds and up, selling at $5.40; 120 to 160 pounds $5.30; pigs $4.25@5, according to weight and quality; roughs $3.50@4.80. The market closed about steady at the decline.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs to-day only 28 head; for two days 430. Market steady, without any change; best sheared sheep $3.25@3.50; best fall lambs (sheared) about $5; choice spring lambs $7.50@8.50; common trashy stock not wanted. No demand for stock sheep as yet. Quotations are for sheared sheep; unshorn sheep 60@75c per 100 pounds higher.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 9.—Cattle—Receipts 9,300, including 2,500 Southerns; market 5@15c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.50@6.35; fair to good $4.50@5.40; Western-fed steers $4.50@6.15; stockers and feeders $3.25@5; Southern steers $3.50@5.50; Southern cows $2.25@4.35; native cows $2.25@4.90; native heifers $3.25@5.40; bulls $2.90@4.60; calves 25c lower at $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 19,300; market 7½c lower; top $5.32½; bulk of sales at $5.15@5.27½; heavy $5.25@5.32½; packers $5.17½@5.27½; pigs and lights $4.25@5.25. Sheep—Receipts 7,000; market for lambs steady; sheep 10c lower; native lambs $5.50@7; Western lambs $5.50@7; fed ewes and yearlings $4.25@5.85; Texas-clipped yearlings $4.75@5.25; Texas-clipped sheep $4@4.85; stockers and feeders $2.50@5.

New York.

New York, May 9.—Beeves—Receipts 832, all of slaughterers except 5 cars; feeling steady; no trade in live cattle; cables steady at 12@13c per lb., dressed weight, for live cattle, and sheep selling at Liverpool at 14@14½c, dressed weight; shipments to-day 810 cattle, 1,059 sheep and 4,800 quarters of beef; to-morrow 4,000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 397, all held for Wednesday's market; feeling firm; dressed calves firm; city-dressed veals 7½c per lb.; country-dressed 6@9c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 675; sheep and yearling lambs nominally steady; spring lambs slow and weak except the choice; poor to prime $2@5.50 per head; prime to choice Jerseys $5.50@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 2,977, all for slaughterers; market nominally steady.

Chicago.

Chicago, May 9.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000; market steady to slow; good to prime steers $5.75@6.75; poor to medium $4.40@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.75@5; cows $3@5; heifers $2.75@5.50; canners $1.50@2.40; bulls $2.50@4.75; calves $2.75@6. Hogs—Receipts 22,000; market 5c lower; mixed and butchers' $5.30@5.52½; good to choice heavy $5.30@5.50; rough heavy $5@5.30; light $5.25@5.50; bulk of sales at $5.35@5.50. Sheep—Receipts 18,000; sheep and lambs strong; good to choice wethers $4.60@5.10; fair to choice mixed $3.50@4.40; Western sheep $4.35@5.25; native lambs $3.75@6.25; Western lambs $5.50@7.25.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 9.—Hogs—Market active; butchers $5.50; common $4@5.35. Cattle—Market steady; fair to good shippers $5@5.65; common $2.25@3.15. Sheep—Market easy at $3@5. Lambs—Market slow at $4.25@7.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, May 9.—Profit-taking in anticipation that the Government crop report would be bearish caused an easy finish in the wheat market to-day. At the close July wheat was off ⅛c. Corn is down ⅛@⅝c. Oats show a loss of ⅛c. Provisions are practically unchanged.

The weakness in the wheat pit developed late in the session. During the greater part of the day sentiment was inclined the other way. The tone at the opening was about steady, July being ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher at 83⅞@84⅛c. There was some selling on the improved diplomatic situation in Europe, but offerings were readily taken by shorts. A prominent trader was a liberal purchaser of July. After that month had touched 83⅞c the price gradually crept upward. Reports of cool weather prevailing in many sections of the United States began to have an effect. Many traders concluded that the growth of the crop is being retarded, and that in view of the scarcity of old wheat any delay in harvesting would leave but a narrow margin in the supply of wheat during July. A report by a Chicago crop expert made some rather unfavorable comments on the outlook for fall-sown wheat. According to the report wheat growth has been checked by low temperatures, and instead of being further advanced than usual at this season of the year the crop is now somewhat behind hand. The best prices of the session were made as a result of this report, July advancing to 84⅜@84⅝c. The upturn was aided by an excellent demand for cash wheat, both at Minneapolis and Kansas City. A decrease of 1,517,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, compared with an increase of 1,180,000 bushels last year, was also a bullish factor. Late in the session the market lost its bullish tone on selling by pit traders, who were led to believe that a prominent long was quietly disposing of considerable wheat. An element that had much influence in starting the selling was the fact that the Michigan crop report showed a gain of 1 point in the condition of wheat during April. Inference was generally drawn as a result that the Government report would be decidedly bearish. The market closed near the lowest point of the day, with July at 83⅞c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 41,300 bushels. Primary receipts were 180,800 bushels, compared with 170,900 a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 75 cars, against 251 last week and 137 a year ago.

Much confusion attended early trading in the corn pit, owing to the adoption yesterday of a rule making No. 3 corn of all kinds deliverable on contracts at a discount of 5c per bushel. This will necessitate trading in two styles of contracts, designated as "old" and "new," until such time as all deals originating under the old rule have been closed up. The bulk of the small business to-day was in the "new" July. The new ruling had a weakening effect on values. July (new) opened unchanged at 47⅜c, sold off to 46⅞c and closed at 46⅞@46⅞c. Local receipts were 128 cars, with 7 of contract grade.

Liberal receipts and wet weather had a depressing effect on the oats market. Trading was very quiet. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 29⅛@29¼c, sold between 29@29⅛c and 29⅛c and closed at 29⅛c. Local receipts were 116 cars.

Provisions were steady on moderate support from packers. Pit traders were inclined to sell, owing to increased receipts of live hogs. The volume of business, however, was small. At the close July pork was unchanged at $12.32½. Lard was a shade lower at $7.30@7.32½. Ribs were off 2½c at $7.25.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 3 cars; corn 36; oats 69; hogs 31,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
WHEAT—				
May	$0 93	$0 93	$0 92	$0 92
July	83¾	84⅛	81⅞	83⅞
Sept.	79	79⅝	78⅜	78¾
CORN—				
May	49	49	48¼	48¼
July (old)	47⅜	47⅝	46⅞	47⅛
July (new)	47⅜	47⅜	46⅞	46⅞
Sept. (old)	47½	48⅛	46⅝	46⅝
Sept. (new)	47	47	46½	46½
OATS—				
May	29⅞	29⅞	29⅜	29⅜
July	29⅛	29⅛	29	29⅛
Sept.	28	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞
PORK—				
May	....	....	....	12 02½
July	12 32½	12 42½	12 32½	12 32½
Sept.	12 52½	12 62½	12 52½	12 55
LARD—				
May	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15
July	7 32½	7 35	7 30	7 32½
Sept.	7 50	7 52½	7 47½	7 50
RIBS—				
May	7 10	7 10	7 07½	7 07½
July	7 27½	7 30	7 25	7 25
Sept.	7 50	7 52½	7 47½	7 47½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $4.10@4.20; straights $3.80@4; spring patents $4.50@5; straights $3.80@4.30; bakers' $2.40@3.40. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 94@98c; No. 3 do 88@97c; No. 2 red 92@95½c; No. 2 corn 48⅝c; No. 2 yellow do 49⅝@50c; No. 2 oats 29⅜c; No. 3 white do 30½@32½c; No. 2 rye 72@73c; good feeding barley 37@40c; fair to choice malting do 45@48½c; No. 1 flax seed $1.25; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.39; prime timothy seed $3; clover, contract grade $12@12.50.

Provisions—Mess pork $12.05@12.10 per bbl.; lard $7.15@7.17½ per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $7@7.12½; short clear sides, boxed $7@7.12½.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, $1.23.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creamery 20@24c; dairy 18@22c. Eggs steady at mark; cases included 15@15½c; firsts 16¼@16½c; prime firsts 17c; extras 18½c. Cheese quiet at 13@14c.

Receipts—Flour 16,400 bbls.; wheat 11,000 bu.; corn 73,000; oats 100,000; rye 1,000; barley 76,800. Shipments—Flour 6,400 bbls.; wheat 130,800 bu.; corn 242,500; oats 190,700; rye 2,500; barley 3,100.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, May 9.—Butter firm; street price, extra creamery 26½@27c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 23@26c; State dairy, common to extra 21@26c; renovated, common to extra 17@25½c; Western factory, common to choice 19@23c; Western imitation creamery, extra 25c; do firsts 23@24c. Cheese firm; State full cream, small colored and white fancy 14¼c; do fine 13⅞c; do late-made colored and white, choice 13¼c; do fair to good 12¾@12⅞c; do poor 10⅜@11⅜c; do large colored and white fancy 14c; do fine 13¼@13½c; do late-made colored and white, choice 13c; do fair to good 11¼@11⅝c; do poor 10¼@11c; do new small colored and white, fine 13c; do fair to choice 11¼@12½c; skims, full to light 3¼@10⅜c. Eggs irregular; State, Pennsylvania and 19@19½c; mixed extra 18¾@19c; Western storage select 18½c; firsts 18¼@18½c; Southerns 18@15c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal, 96 test 4⅛c; molasses sugar 3⅜c; refined unsettled crushed 6.85c; powdered 6.25c; granulated 6.15c.

Flour—Receipts 13,537 bbls.; exports 1,931; market somewhat more active and steady. Rye flour quiet. Corn meal steady. Barley dull.

Wheat—Receipts 23,000 bu.; spot market barely steady; No. 2 red 94⅛c in elevator and 95⅝c nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.03⅞ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba 97⅞c f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 6,450 bu.; exports 1,054; spot market irregular; No. 2 55c in elevator and 53⅛c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow and No. 2 white 54c. Oats—Receipts 102,000 bu.; exports 8,887; spot market steady; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs., 34½@35c; natural white, 30@32 lbs., 35½@37c; clipped white, 36@40 lbs., 36½@39½c.

Hay, hops and hides firm. Leather and wool steady. Beef firm; city extra India mess $20@22.50. Cut meats quiet. Lard steady; May closed at $7.25@7.35, nominal; refined quiet. Pork and tallow dull. Cotton-seed oil firm; prime yellow 26⅜@27c. Petroleum quiet. Rosin firm; strained, common to good $3.80. Turpentine firm at 61½@62c. Rice firm. Molasses steady.

Metals—The London tin market was firmer, closing at £136 12s 6d for spot and at £134 7s 6d for futures. The local market, while quiet, was held higher, in sympathy with the advance abroad, closing at £65 5s and futures at £65 10s. Locally the situation shows no change from conditions recently reported, with outside prices representing asking figures, while it is said that business can be done at the inside quotation—lake and electrolytic 15@15¼c and casting 14⅞@15c. Lead was higher abroad at £12 13s 9d for spot and ruled steady at $4.50@4.60 in the local market. Spelter was unchanged at $5.65@5.75 locally and at £23 10s in London. Iron closed at 52s 3d in Glasgow and at 54s 3d in Middlesboro. Locally the market is without change. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at $17.25@18, No. 2 do at $16.75@17.50, No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 do soft at $17.25@17.75 and No. 2 foundry Southern at $16.75@17.25.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 9.—Wheat—Cash strong; futures lower; No. 2 red cash in elevator 90⅞@94⅛c asked, on track $1.01@1.03; May 91@91⅛c bid; July 78⅞c; No. 2 hard 97½c. Corn—Futures weak; cash higher; No. 2 cash 49½c, nominal, on track 51½c; May 48c asked; July 45⅜@45⅝c asked. Oats steady; No. 2 cash 30c, on track 32@32½c; May 30c; July 27½c; No. 2 white 33½c. Lead dull at $4.47½@4.50. Spelter lower; $5.45 asked. Poultry steady; chickens 10½c; springs 25c; turkeys 12c; ducks 10c; geese 6c. Butter lower; creamery 20@25½c; dairy 17@20c. Eggs steady at 14½c, case count. Flour quiet; red winter patents $4.65@4.80; extra fancy and straight $4.30@4.35; clear $3.50@3.90. Timothy seed steady at $2@2.50. Corn meal steady at $2.50. Bran dull; sacked on east track 70@72c. Hay steady; timothy $8@13; prairie $6@9.50. Whisky steady at $1.25½. Iron cotton ties 90c. Bagging 8¼c. Hemp twine 6½c. Pork lower; jobbing $12.22½. Lard higher; prime steam $6.70. Dry salt meats steady; boxed, extra shorts and clear ribs $7.37½; short clears $7.50. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts and clear ribs $8; short clear $8.25.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 9.—Hog products steady. Pork—Standard mess $13.50. Lard—Refined tierce 5c; pure lard 7⅜c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 6¼c; sides 7¼c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 8¼c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 11¾@12½c. Coffee—Rio, 8s to 4s 7⅝@8⅝c. Rice—Clean per lb., Honduras steady; head 2@5¼c; straight 1⅞@3c; screenings 1¼@1½c; No. 2 1@1½c; Japan steady; head 1⅝@2½c; straight 1⅜@1⅝c; screenings 1¼@1⅝c. Flour—Extra fancy $4.90; patent $5.30. Corn meal $2.50. Bran 90c. Hay—No. 2 $14; No. 1 $15; choice $16. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 50c; mixed 49c; yellow 50c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 33c. Sugar quiet; open kettle 3⅜@4⅛c; open kettle centrifugal 4¼@4 15-16c; centrifugal whites 5⅛c; yellows 4⅝@5 5-16c; seconds 3 11-16@4⅛c. Molasses nominal; open kettle 13@26c; centrifugal 6@14c. Syrup nominal at 30c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 9.—Wheat higher; May 88⅝c; July 74⅝@74⅞c; September 70⅝c; cash: No. 2 hard 91@98c; No. 3 80@96c; No. 4 78@90c; No. 2 red 91@98c; No. 3 86@96c; No. 4 78@90c. Corn higher; May 45⅞c; July 43⅞@43⅞c; September 42½c; cash: No. 2 mixed 45@48½c; No. 3 48c; No. 2 white 48c; No. 3 47½c. Oats higher; No. 2 white 32@32½c; No. 2 mixed 31@31½c. Butter—Creamery 20@23c; packing 15c. Eggs higher; Missouri and Kansas new No. 2 whitewood cases included 16c; case count 15c; cases returned ½c less. Hay weak; choice timothy $9.50@10; choice prairie $7.75@8. Rye steady at 73@75c.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 9.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods firm on basis of $1.23. Eggs firm at 16c. Butter quiet and lower; creamery, extras 26½c; firsts 23½@24½c; dairy 16c. Poultry steady; hens 12½c; springs 16c; turkeys 16c. Cheese steady. Flour dull and lower; fancy $4.60@4.85; family $3.75@4. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red 98c@$1. Corn steady; No. 3 mixed 50½@51c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 30½@31c. Rye steady; No. 2 80c. Lard steady at $6.70. Bulk meats firm at $6.87½. Bacon firm at $8. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 9.—Wheat—May $1.03⅝; July 98⅛c; September 80⅜c; No. 1 hard $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern $1.06¼; No. 2 Northern $1.02⅝. Flour—First patents $5.65@5.75; second patents $5.55@5.65; first clears $4@4.10; second clears $2.75@2.85. Bran in bulk $12.25.

Duluth.

Duluth, May 9.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 Northern 97c; on track: No. 1 Northern 97c; No. 2 Northern 90@93½c; May 97c; July 94½c; September 80c. Oats—To arrive and on track 29⅝c.

Toledo.

Toledo, May 9.—Clover-seed—Cash $7; October $5.70; prime alsike $7.50; prime timothy $1.50.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 9.—Barley steady; No. 2 51c; sample 38@50c.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, May 9.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies as compared with last account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 2,517,000 bu.; afloat for in Europe, increase 1,000,000; total supply, decrease 1,517,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 2,513,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 185,000 bu.

The leading increases reported this week are 250,000 bu. at Goderich, Ont., 160,000 at Port Huron and 99,000 at Cleveland.

The leading decreases are 391,000 bu. in Manitoba and 51,000 at Dallas.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, May 9.—Cotton goods, owing to the sold-up condition of the majority of the mills, are gaining in strength, and in order to insure prompt deliveries some buyers are prepared to pay the slightly firmer prices which manufacturers are now holding out for. The South is displaying slightly more interest in goods. Export business is quiet after a spell of activity. Jobbers to-day did fairly good business in new summer merchandise.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, May 9.—Wool firm; medium grades, combing and clothing 25@30½c; light fine 22@26c; heavy fine 17@20c; tub-washed 32@41c.

Boston Wool.

Boston, May 9.—The wool market is exceedingly firm and for Territory wool prices are generally higher. Scoured wools are moving freely, but business in other grades is restricted by lack of supplies here. In the West the market is active, and on the limited supplies of new wools which have arrived prices are higher. The range in this market is about as follows, though some grades are still nominal:

Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above 33@34c; X 31c; No. 1 36@37c; No. 2 37@38c; fine unwashed 24@25c; unmerchantable 27@28c; unwashed delaine 27@28c; unmerchantable 28@29c.

Michigan—Fine unwashed 22@23c; unwashed delaine 25@26c.

Kentucky, Indiana, etc.—⅜ and ¼-blood 31@32c.

Texas—12 months 26@27c; 8 months 23@24c; fall 20@21c.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, May 9.—Credit balances $1.29; certificates, no bid; shipments 89,491 bbls., average 90,951; runs 54,565, average 72,019; shipments (Lima) 82,101, average 59,001; runs (Lima) 38,199, average 50,590.

Every Thinker Knows that judicious savings is essential to success. A sure way to same is the Savings Department of The Louisville Trust Company, SOUTHWEST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET.

The EASY WAY
To Save Money and Get Satisfaction
When buying bricks is to let us supply you. The extra good quality of the grade we sell and our reasonable prices should induce you to give us a trial order.
Hydraulic Brick Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WARE & LELAND
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS, COTTON AND COFFEE.
REPRESENTED BY
Charles S. Williams and Geo. L. Bacon.
LOUISVILLE OFFICE, 216 FIFTH STREET.
CHICAGO OFFICE, Rialto Bldg. | NEW YORK OFFICE, 51 Wall St.
Members Chicago Board of Trade. Chicago Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. New York Coffee Exchange. | New Orleans Cotton Exchange. St. Louis Merchants' Exchange. Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. Liverpool Cotton Association.
Private Wires to All Principal Points.
Commission N. Y. Stocks, one-eighth.

Henry County Home Telephone 20-Year Gold Bonds.
A Safe Investment Paying 6¼ Per Cent. Interest. For details write to
P. N. CLARKE & CO., STOCKS AND BONDS, 307-316 Columbia Building.

THE ODELL COMPANY.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Commissions—1-8 on Stocks. Local Securities Bought and Sold.
3 Per Cent. Interest on Stocks After Thirty Days.
406 WEST MAIN STREET.
Prompt service. Private wire to principal cities.
'Phones 3493 Main and Home 1238. D. L. MAY, Manager.

S. C. Henning & Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions
Members { New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. 226 FIFTH ST.

E. H. MORGAN & CO.
Stocks and Bonds
Bought for Cash or On Margin. Direct Wire to Principal Cities.
Home Phone 6979 241 FIFTH ST. Cumberland Main 104

JOHN L. DUNLAP,
228 FIFTH ST.
HIGH-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD
Direct private wires connected with all principal cities
Telephone Main 431. Home 237.

FINANCIAL.

CAMPBELL, WEBB & CO.
Rooms 4 and 5 Kenyon Bldg.
STOCKS AND BONDS
Both Phones 2128.

J. J. B. HILLIARD & SON
248 Fifth Street.
Stocks and Bonds.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.
Private wires to Messrs. Ex. Norton & Co. (Members of the New York Stock Exchange) and all principal markets.

H. W. RICHARDSON
BANKER AND BROKER
Local Stocks, Municipal and Corporation Bonds.
Suite 209 and 210 Keller Building
Telephone Main 41.

Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons
Members
New York Stock Exchange,
New York Cotton Exchange,
Louisville Stock Exchange,
Chicago Board of Trade.
Orders for investment securities executed in all markets.
Keller Bldg., 5th and Main sts., Louisville, Ky.

WILLIAMS COMMISSION CO.,
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, COTTON.
Direct correspondent of The Cella Commission Company of St. Louis.
All Listed Securities Bought and Sold on Moderate Margin.
TRADES PLACED DIRECT IF DESIRED.
325 Fifth Street. Both Phones 1237

NON-TAXABLE SECURITIES.
We have for sale Bank and Trust Company Stocks, Louisville Gas, Heating and Traction Co. Stocks; also Kentucky Wagon Co., and Turner, Day & Woolworth Manufacturing Co. Stocks, besides City of Louisville Bonds.
JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN,
Stock and Bond Brokers.
249 Fifth Street, Louisville, Ky.

BONDS AND STOCKS
Yielding an Income of 4 to 6 per cent.
ALMSTEDT BROTHERS,
519 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
Send for lists.

The grip has never before been so widespread in Louisville. To cure grip use a bottle of Wintersmith's Tonic.

We Pay Back

The Railroad Fares of Visitors To the Races.

As members of the Retail Merchants' Association we refund railroad fares to out-of-town visitors, who are requested to ask for rebate books when they make a purchase. Men's and boys' CLOTHING, HATS and FURNISHINGS; HOSIERY for ladies and children; SHOES for everybody.

LEVY'S

Third and Market.

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 10, 1905

CITY FEATURES.

Henry Vogt Machine Co. are prepared with their improved facilities to give machine and boiler work prompt attention.

BENCH WARRANTS

ORDERED FOR ALLEGED OFFENDERS AT ELECTION.

Judge Pryor Also Holds W. N. Funk On a $500 Bond.

Judge Pryor ordered bench warrants in the Criminal Court yesterday for the persons indicted Monday by the grand jury for alleged misconduct at the election held last November in the Twenty-fourth precinct of the Tenth ward. Warrants were immediately issued and the bonds fixed at $200 each for the following persons: Patrolmen Charles McPeek and John Gallagher, William Hoffman, Levi White and G. F. Barnwell.

When the names of McPeek and Gallagher were called in court Commonwealth's Attorney Huffaker stated that the defendants were police officers and reputable men and could be found easily. He asked that they be allowed to appear on their own recognizance. This request was refused and bench warrants were ordered issued.

In the case of W. N. Funk, indicted for suffering gaming on his premises at the Pickwick saloon, Attorney Aaron Kohn appeared for the defendant and gave notice of a motion to quash the indictment. The motion will be heard Saturday. Funk's bond was fixed at $500, which was given.

SONS OF VETERANS URGED TO PREPARE FOR REUNION.

Broadus Camp Meets To-night and Will Further Plans.

John A. Broadus Camp, Sons of Confederate Veterans, will hold an important meeting at 8 o'clock this evening at reunion headquarters, Fourth and Chestnut streets, and all members are urged to be in attendance. Reports will be received from the various committees, and other business of interest in connection with the fast approaching reunion will be transacted. Meetings of the camp will be held every Wednesday night until reunion week. The time before the reunion is now short, and it is important that the part to be taken by the local camp in that event shall be understood by the Sons of Veterans.

The tenth annual reunion of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans will be held contemporaneously with the meeting of the veterans, and Commandant John C. Davidson and his committees are busy making arrangements for the event. It is expected that the attendance will be large, and members of the John A. Broadus Camp are making extensive preparations for the entertainment of their visiting comrades and their sponsors and maids of honor.

The membership of the camp is increasing and among those who have recently become members are the following: Charles B. Norton, Dr. Clarence T. Pope, L. B. Williamson, D. D. Abbott, D. J. Abbott, J. Marshall Walker, Summers Davis, Ray Mann, Dr. George L. Pope and Edwin Keller.

The membership committee is composed of Neville S. Bullitt, A. M. Sea, Jr., and J. N. Gathright.

VETERAN TELEGRAPH OPERATOR DIES AT ST. ANTHONY'S

William L. Biggert, of Jeffersonville, Succumbs to Paralysis.

William L. Biggert, of Jeffersonville, died at St. Anthony's Hospital in this city yesterday afternoon of paralysis. He had been ill about six months. Mr. Biggert, who was a veteran telegraaph operator, was born in Baltimore August 2, 1832. His parents moved to Louisville the following year. Mr. Biggert was a member of Gen. Sherman's telegraph corps during the "march to the sea." After the war he was train master and dispatcher for the old Cincinnati Short Line. He retired from active service several years ago and moved to Jeffersonville.

Mr. Biggert is survived by three children—James B. Biggert, agent of the Big Four in Jeffersonville; J. W. Biggert, of Chicago, and Miss Mary O. Biggert, of Louisville.

The funeral will take place Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Biggert's sister, Mrs. Mary Rutherford, 1129 Morton avenue, and the burial will be in Cave Hill.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Best Line to **Knoxville.**
Through Sleepers—Two Trains Daily.

CHAIRMAN ERNST COMING TO SEE THE DERBY.

Richard P. Ernst, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, is expected in Louisville to-day if his legal business will permit his leaving Cincinnati. Mr. Ernst may see a few political friends while here, but the racing at Churchill Downs is the magnet which will draw him to Louisville.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MORE SUITS.

Twenty-eight Back Tax Claims Filed.

TOTAL VALUATION $1,375,000.

FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD WIFE SEEKS A DIVORCE.

TWENTY YEARS FOR NEGRO.

Twenty-eight suits were filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday afternoon by State revenue agents for back taxes on property of the aggregate valuation of $1,375,000. The allegations in all the suits are that the property in question has never been listed to the State for taxation. The suits as filed by A. J. Bizot are against the following persons and corporations:

Charles Schuff on valuation of $20,000.
E. H. Bowen & Co., on valuation of $50,000.
Goodwin Preserving Co. on valuation of $60,000.
Vogel Brothers & Co. on valuation of $75,000.
Strater Brothers Grain Co. on valuation of $40,000.
The Bray Clothing Co. on valuation of $50,000.
Pfeiffer Brothers on valuation of $50,000.
Louisville Fertilizer Co. on valuation of $50,000.
Kentucky Malt and Grain Co. on valuation of $50,000.
A. Koop & Sons on valuation of $60,000.
John Schaefer & Sons on valuation of $40,000.
Schroder & Mitchell on valuation of $75,000.
National Coal and Iron Co. on valuation of $100,000.
Fred Bauman on valuation of $25,000.
Nathan F. Block on valuation of $30,000.
Julia Blankenbaker on valuation of $40,000.
California Fig Syrup Co. on valuation of $50,000.
A. W. Gatz on valuation of $25,000.
David Davis on valuation of $45,000.
Ida Lazarus on valuation of $40,000.
Mayfield Woolen Mills Clothing Co. on valuation of $75,000.

The suits as filed by George H. Alexander, State revenue agent, are as follows:

John McAteer on valuation of $50,000.
Daniel F. Murphy on valuation of $50,000.
D. X. Murphy on valuation of $50,000.
Charles W. Erdman on valuation of $50,000.

The suits as filed by Revenue Agent T. C. Albritton are as follows:

Edward C. Pearson on valuation of $50,000.
L. D. Pearson & Sons on valuation of $50,000.
Estate of L. D. Pearson on valuation of $75,000.

Wife, Aged 14, Sues.

Nancy Elizabeth Allen filed suit yesterday against George D. Allen for divorce. The petition states that they were married January 3, 1905, and lived together until the 2d of the present month. Cruelty and other grounds are alleged as the cause for action. The plaintiff states that she is only fourteen years of age and is about to become a mother, and is unable to make her own living on account of her delicate condition. Her maiden name was Mary Elizabeth Coffey, and her attorney says she still wears short dresses. The defendant in the case is a molder by trade, and it is alleged he earns about $60 per month. The plaintiff asks for $10 a week allmony pending the suit, $25 attorney's fees, and $10 a week permanent allmony.

Seven Ribs Broken.

L. B. Buckler filed suit against the Kentucky and Indiana Bridge Company for $10,000 damages for personal injuries. He alleges that on April 7, 1905, he was a passenger on the Daisy line operated by the company, and asked the conductor to let him off at Twenty-ninth street, but the train passed the place and the conductor forced him to get off at Thirtieth street. It being dark, he fell a distance of fifteen feet, breaking seven ribs and otherwise injuring himself.

Gets Twenty Years.

The jury in the case of Irwin Roberts, colored, charged with killing Joseph Wright, colored, brought in a verdict of confinement in the penitentiary for twenty years. Roberts shot Wright at a dance one night in the alley between Seventh and Eighth and Walnut and Chestnut streets. The evidence showed that Roberts shot his victim twice in the back.

Four Indictments.

The following indictments were returned by the grand jury yesterday:

Grand Larceny—William Schottman, Richard Winter, Henry Williams, Jeff Hawker.

Court Paragraphs.

—Kate May Weissert filed suit against August F. Weissert for divorce, alleging drunkenness and cruelty.

—E. H. Hilpp sued Engelbert and Julia Deierle on a note for $200.

—Jacob Gast and G. W. Gosnell sued William Kramer and others for $185.16 for improvements on Burnett avenue.

—Eleanor Palmer, aged twenty-eight years, was adjudged insane. Her malady was due to overwork.

—David Brooks, aged forty, was adjudged insane.

—Walter Kippen, aged fifteen years, was ordered sent to the Feeble-minded Institute at Frankfort.

—John Cahill sued Joseph Kaelin & Son for $325 damages as loss sustained on the purchase of two horses from the defendant. He charges that the horses were guaranteed to be sound when they were afflicted with disease of the eye.

—Bridges, Smith & Co. filed suit against William G. Davies, N. T. Durnell and Hardin Wilson for $286.95. A lien on certain property at First and Lee streets, where material was furnished for building a house, is asked.

—Suit was filed by Lillian Orender against the Louisville Railway Company for $1,510 damages for personal injuries. She charges that on June 28, 1904, she was riding in a vehicle near Jacob Park when one of the company's cars struck the convevance, throwing her out and causing her great bodily pain.

—Suit was filed by W. F. Kelley against the Louisville Railway Company for $5,100 damages for personal injuries. He alleges that while riding in his vehicle near Jacob Park it was run into by one of the defendant's cars and he was thrown out and seriously injured. L. F. Kelley, who was in the same vehicle, also sued the company for $5,100 damages.

—Herman Carr filed suit against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and the Jellico-Laurel Coal Company and Charles Smellen for $5,000 damages for personal injuries. The plaintiff alleges that while in the employ of the Jellico-Laurel Coal Company in this city on April 1, 1905, unloading a car of coal, a plank in the bottom of the car was displaced and he was precipitated many feet into a hole, causing him great bodily injury. He says his injury was due to the defects in the car and the improper manner in which it was placed on the track.

—Suit for $10,000 was filed by William Gibson against B. F. Avery & Sons for personal injuries. He says that while in the employ of the defendant on June 10, 1904, trucking iron, a chain broke and he was knocked senseless and sustained permanent injuries. He says the accident was caused by negligence on the part of the defendant.

—Dr. Hugh R. Manning filed suit against the Louisville Railway Company for $1,750 damages. He alleges that while in his automobile he was run into by one of the defendant's cars and his motor car smashed to pieces.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 9.—Present, Chief Justice Hobson and Judges O'Rear, Nunn and Paynter.

United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company vs. Board of Education of Somerset Public Graded School, Pulaski; reversed.

Guthrie vs. Carney, McCracken; affirmed.

Pierce, Cequin & Co. vs. Meadows, Fulton; reversed.

Board of Education of Winchester vs. City of Winchester, Clark; agreement filed; case ordered docketed for the present term, advanced and submitted with five days to appellant and ten days to appellee to file briefs.

Gates vs. Davis, Jefferson; appellee's motion to strike bill of exceptions from the record sustained; response delivered.

Tevis vs. Carter, Jefferson; agreement filed; case dismissed without prejudice on motion of appellant and brief allowed to be withdrawn.

Continental Insurance Company vs. City of Louisville, Jefferson; motion and grounds by parties for oral argument.

City of Paducah vs. Johnson, McCracken; I. C. Railroad Company vs. Quiry, McCracken; B. and O. S. W. Railway Company vs. Hudson, Jefferson; Taylor vs. Democratic County Committee; appellants file briefs.

Duncan vs. Gernert Bros.' Lumber Company, Jefferson; Fitzpatrick vs. Vincent, Rowan; Bradford vs. Hoffman, Whitley; appellees file briefs.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. L. and N., Shelby; appellee filed supplemental petition for rehearing.

Leonard, administrator, vs. Cowling, Lyon; appellee filed notice, copy of judgment; affidavit of A. C. Rucker and motion to dismiss appeal with damages; appellant without entering appearance to motion filed grounds and motion to quash notice; motion submitted.

I. C. Railway Company vs. Stith's administrator, Hardin; appellee filed a petition for modification.

Spurrier, etc., vs. Hodges, etc., Hardin; agreement filed and original photographs used in trial below filed.

Rash vs. Hart, Henderson; appellee filed copy of supersedeas bond and supersedeas and motion to dismiss appeal under rule No. 3; motion passed until next Wednesday.

Illinois Central Railway Company vs. Timmons; appellee filed notice and motion to advance case and modify order extending time to appellant to file brief.

Fidelity and Casualty Company vs. Tinsley; agreement filed and case continued.

National Life and Accident Insurance Company vs. Green, Gibson-Davless; motion by appellant for leave to withdraw transcript of evidence herein; motion submitted.

Muir's administrator vs. City of Bardstown, Nelson; clerk of the Nelson Circuit Court filed response to subpoena duces tecum and filed exhibits called; argued by R. C. Cherry for appellee and N. W. Halstead for appellant, and case submitted.

Court adjourned until Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Co. vs. Smith.—Filed May 2, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Campbell Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

First—Street Railways—Damages—Conflict of Evidence.—Where appellee was injured upon appellant's car by being thrown while the car was rounding a curve and falling against the controller box, and the evidence was conflicting as to how he happened to fall, the verdict of the jury in his favor will not be disturbed.

Second — Same—Instructions.—An instruction on motion of appellee to the effect that the jury should find for him if "the defendant failed to use the utmost care to prevent such electric current from being in the controller box," and one on motion of appellant to the effect that if they believed "that the defendant used the utmost care and skill ordinarily used by persons in the same or similar business of carrying passengers" to prevent injuries they should find for defendant, must be read together, and when so read present the whole law of the case, and moreover appellant cannot complain of an instruction given on its own motion.

Third—Same.—The proof showing that appellee's doctor's bill was $90, appellant cannot complain that the court by an instruction did not limit recovery for expenses to that sum, as that was the amount alleged in his petition to have been expended for medical expenses.

L. J. Crawford for appellant; Phil J. Ryan, Thos. L. Michie for appellee.

Moors vs. Rogers.—Filed May 3, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Franklin Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Petition for New Trial.—Where a petition for a new trial shows, if the facts relied on are true, that with the slightest diligence those facts could have been ascertained before the trial, and where a homestead is sought to be reached and there is no allegation showing an abandonment of such homestead, a demurrer was properly sustained to the petition.

Wm. Cromwell for appellant; J. A. Violett for appellee.

Collins vs. L. and N. Railroad Co.—Filed May 3, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, Second Common Pleas division. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

First—Damages—Master and Servant.—In an action by appellant against appellee for damages alleged to have been sustained by injuries to him by sulphuric acid escaping from carboys which he was transporting and injuring him, instructions by the court submitting the duty of appellee to furnish appellant a reasonably safe place to work and reasonable material with which to work, and that it was also its duty to apprise appellant of the dangerous nature of the thing he was handling, and that if the carboys were defectively stopped and this fact was known to appellee or could have been known by the exercise of ordinary care, and that such defect was not known to appellant and he was not informed of it, the jury should find for the plaintiff, fairly embraced the law of the case.

Second—Same.—Appellee was not required to insure the safety of the condition of the material with which its servant was put to work, it was merely required to exercise ordinary care and to take ordinary precautions to protect its servants from injury.

Wm. A. Earl for appellant; Benjamin D. Warfield, Helm, Bruce & Helm for appellee.

Witt, etc., vs. Middleton.—Filed May 4, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Harlan Circuit Court. Opinion by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

First — Land—Patents—Call Lines.—As the patent under which appellants claim title is superior to the patent under which appellees claim title, the title of the former is superior if it includes the land in controversy, but to compare the patent and survey the calls of the survey is duplicated in the patent, but it must be presumed that the patent was intended to follow the survey, and the repeating of the call in the patent is a clerical error.

Second—Same.—The proof shows that appellee, Middleton, settled upon the land in 1899, acquiring it under a titled bond from the patentee, and that he and his co-appellee have been living upon and claiming it ever since, and appellant, Hensley, always acquiesced in the construction Middleton placed upon the deed, and when Hensley conveyed to Frost as being all of the land deeded to me by James Brittain to the foot of Black Mountain, containing 400 acres, the court only adjudged Middleton the land to the Frost line, the land in controversy being north of Black Mountain, and this view of the Chancellor seems to be correct.

Clay & Hardin for appellant; W. A. Brock, N. B. Hays for appellees.

Thomas vs. Commonwealth.—Filed April 14, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, Criminal division. Opinion of the court by Judge Barker, reversing.

First — Criminal Law — Homicide — Instructions.—Where the proof showed that appellant struck and kicked the deceased from the effects of which she in a few days thereafter died, in addition to an instruction upon the question of murder, manslaughter and self-defense, the court should have given an instruction upon involuntary manslaughter, because the beating may have been done without the intention of producing death.

Second—Same.—Hands and feet are not deadly weapons within the meaning of the law, and when death results unintentionally from their use in an assault the result is not murder, but involuntary manslaughter, and whether or not murder or involuntary manslaughter resulted was a question for the jury, and it was error to refuse to instruct as to involuntary manslaughter.

Robert L. Page, Edward G. Hill for appellant; N. B. Hays, Charles H. Morris for appellee.

Bishop Spalding Better.

Peoria, Ill., May 9.—Advices from Hot Springs indicates that Bishop Spalding has so far recovered that he is able to take short walks without assistance and that his general condition of health shows marked improvement.

TRIAL TO-DAY

Of Election Cases In Federal Court.

POSTPONED TERM TO BEGIN.

JUDGE EVANS APPOINTS COUNSEL FOR NEGROES.

POSTMASTER ACCEPTS FINE.

The March term of the Federal Court which was postponed until yesterday, was promptly reconvened. The fact that the cases against certain policemen and a number of negroes, charged with conspiring to prevent persons from voting at the Thirteenth precinct of the Tenth ward in the last November election, were to be called for trial resulted in the court room and corridors of the building being crowded with sightseers and witnesses. The grand jury reconvened with Samuel A. Culbertson as foreman, but adjourned for the day at noon.

The election cases were called for trial in the afternoon. The defendants who appeared for trial are: Policemen Thomas J. Connell, D. J. Nehan, L. P. Speed, D. J. Sexton, John J. Tierney, James Twohig and A. C. Connelly; Capt. Joseph C. Martin, of No. 2 Hook and Ladder Company; Julius L. Mendelsohn, H. Carroll, King Tyler, Henry Jones, Pleas Taylor, William Lawson, Bud Fry, Zealand Brown, Morton Brown, George Weaver, Edward Hines and Robert Elliott.

Bingham & Davies, former Gov. William O. Bradley and W. M. Smith appear as attorneys for all the defendants with the exception of Henry Jones, William Lawson, Bud Fry, Pleas Taylor, George Weaver and Robert Elliott, all of whom are negroes. George Weissinger Smith was appointed by the court to represent the six negroes. When the cases were called a plea of not guilty was entered by each defendant.

* * *

Begin Trial To-day.

Judge Evans announced that owing to the fact that Attorney George Weissinger Smith needed time to consult with his clients and that several important witnesses for the prosecution were absent he would not enter into the trial of the cases until this morning. The jury and witnesses were excused until 9:30 o'clock this morning. Before adjournment Attorney W. M. Smith made a motion that each of his clients be granted a separate trial, but this was afterward withdrawn.

On impaneling the grand jury again Judge Evans directed the members to resume their work where they left off at adjournment. Three indictments of a minor nature were returned before adjournment yesterday.

James Ice, who resides near Bardstown, was indicted on the charge of shooting at W. H. Hays, deputy revenue collector, and his posse of men while they were attempting to raid an illicit distillery, operated by him. The indictment embraced two counts. Ice appeared in court after the indictment was returned and pleaded guilty. He was given twelve months in jail on one count and two months in jail and to pay a fine of $200 on the other count.

* * *

Pays a Fine.

John R. Thompson, colored, former assistant postmaster of Savoyard, Metcalfe county, was indicted on the charge of buying merchandise with postage stamps in the sum of $11.08 from a Chicago firm. District Attorney Hill stated in court that Thompson was ready to enter a plea of guilty and was prepared to pay a fine. Judge Evans caused a fine of $50 to be entered, which was promptly paid.

Edward Smallwood was indicted on the charge of violating the internal revenue law. He gave bond in the sum of $300 for his appearance at the October term of court.

The case against George D. Hart, of Metcalfe county, charged with retailing whisky without paying the special tax, was dismissed.

$8.25 ST. LOUIS and Return.
B. & O. S-W. May 15, 16, 17. RETURN 27.

FINE FOR LURING YOUNG GIRLS TO RUIN.

Ike Younger Held to Be Guilty On Trial In Police Court.

Charged with enticing young girls into his shanty on the Louisville and Nashville railroad at the foot of Hancock street, Ike Younger was fined $19 and required to give a real estate bond of $300 for three months by Judge McCann in Police Court yesterday morning. In delivering his decision Judge McCann stated that he was sorry it was impossible to charge Younger with a more serious offense than disorderly conduct and concluded by denouncing him in scathing terms. Younger's fine was paid and a bond given for his release yesterday afternoon.

Three girls, who were arrested as they were leaving Younger's shanty, were given a sound lecture by the Judge, who afterward dismissed Mary Soudrett and Ethel Gentry, but fined Bertha Soudrett, aged fourteen, $20 and required a bond of $1,000 for one year, in lieu of which the girl will be placed in the School of Reform.

Mrs. Emma Riley and Mrs. Kate Martin, who live near Younger's shanty, testified that a number of girls had been seen entering and leaving the shanty, and Mrs. Martin stated that Younger had denied that her daughter was in his shanty on one occasion, and later the child was seen leaving it.

Sinking Fund Meeting.

The Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners met in regular monthly session yesterday. Only routine business was transacted.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

PIANOS

Only 4 More Days

Of the Greatest Piano Sale Ever Held in Louisville.

No such reductions have ever before been made on first-class instruments. Some people seem to have the impression, from the extraordinarily low prices we advertise, that these great bargains are only on used and second-hand pianos. We therefore wish to emphasize the fact that we are saving the purchaser from $50 to $100 on all new pianos in the house. We also desire to call your particular attention to a

NEW STYLE KURTZMANN PIANO,

the interior of which is the same that has made the Kurtzmann the favorite with musical people everywhere. The case of this is a new design, semi-colonial and very effective. It is shown now for the first time (not yet catalogued) and is attracting a great amount of attention. We have just a few left—either mahogany or walnut.

If you ever intend to buy a Piano, do not neglect this most unusual opportunity.

SMITH & NIXON CO.

Fourth Ave., Bet. Walnut and Chestnut Sts.

QUEZAL

Irresistibly fascinating are the constantly changing rainbow hues of this unique Glassware. Molded into odd artistic lines gives added charm to Quezal. Call and see it in our Art Department.

Wm. Kendrick's Sons,
336 FOURTH AVE.

PLEASE CROWDS.

GENTRY'S DOGS AND PONIES MAKE A BIG HIT.

Big Tent Crowded At Both Performances and Excellent Show Given.

Clean, amusing and entertaining Gentry's dog and pony show greatly pleased two large audiences yesterday. At both performances the big tent was filled, not a vacant seat being found after the grand march of the dogs, ponies and elephants. Every child there, and one could well believe that there is no such thing as "race suicide" in Louisville, after watching the crowd of little ones pour into the seats, was not only pleased but delighted.

Gentry's name is synonymous with trained dogs and ponies, and it has become almost as famous as old P. T. Barnum made his circus. Gentry made a small beginning, starting with only a few dogs. The show which was given in Louisville yesterday was as different from the old show as the modern three-rings-and-a-platform circus is different from the one-horse affair. The performance is given in a large tent, seating several thousands of people, and the performers number several hundred, fifty being ponies and as many more dogs, five small elephants and the remainder monkeys.

Modern scientists are in dispute over the question of instinct and reason in animals, but the crowd which saw the show yesterday afternoon is confident that the animals, at least those animals they saw at work, do reason with the same thought process used by human beings. The dogs did almost everything except talk and their barks answered for words, being almost as easily understood. A special feature this year is a team of three Japs, who are fine acrobats. The show is a great illustration of what animals can be taught to do.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Best Line to **Chattanooga.**
Through Sleepers—Two Trains Daily.

Marriage Licenses.

August Charles Winkler and Sophie Minnie Frey, Edward Glenn Wilson and Louisa Emma Reising, Sanford Basil and Hulda Hopkins Johnson, E. A. Barkhill and Nettie C. Bertelkamp, Arthur A. Fuchs and Eva May Dixon, Albert Beffa and Elizabeth Fey, Fred William Herp and Josephine Gnau, Elisha Wilkins and Lizzie Dennison, Martin C. Striegel and Lillian Donninger, James D. Trimble and Amelia Henry, Elmer L. Hartwell and Arvilla May Bull, H. W. Newman, Jr., and Beatrice Bowling.

Mr. Barth Returns Home.

Paul C. Barth, the Democratic nominee for Mayor, has returned from a business trip to Florida.

ESTABLISHED 1853

W. H. McKNIGHT, SONS & CO., INC. 4th and Walnut.

Furniture
Carpets Rugs
Mattings Hammocks
Awnings
Vudor Porch Shades and Porch Rugs.

Our display of High and Medium-class Rugs of all sizes is the most complete shown in the South, including Wilton, Nadarah, Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Crux Rugs, ranging in price from $10.00 to $37.50 for the 9x12-foot size. We have placed on sale for this week a beautiful lot of Irish Point Lace Curtains, worth $5.00 and $6.50 per pair,

At per pair $3.85



John Baron & Son
CUT-RATE
WALL PAPER
and Window Shades.
Floor and Table Oilcloths, Etc.
S. W. Cor. Hancock and Market
Telephone 1597.

Motors and Dynamos
Gas Engines
High-Grade Electrical Supplies of Every Description.
Contractor for Complete Steam and Electric Lighting and Railway Plants.
HARRY I. WOOD
518-520 W. Main St.,
Both Phones 2681. Louisville, Ky.

THE NEW SEELBACH'S



as a protection to its carpets and draperies from the dust, dirt and smoke, has fitted every room in the house with the

CHAMBERLIN METAL STRIP.

The next time you pass this famous hotel look at the windows and see how neatly the strip is applied. Call us up — either 'phone—and let our representative explain the merits of this strip.

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip Co
Isaac H. Tyler, Manager.
TYLER BUILDING. LOUISVILLE, KY.

HALDEMAN WAREHOUSE
S. W. Cor. 3d and Green.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per month
Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per month

Wintersmith's Tonic cures the grip.

L&N LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

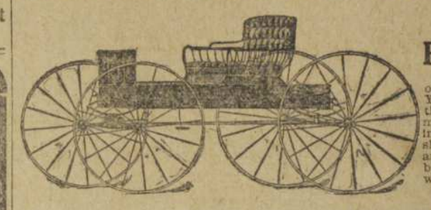
TUESDAY, MAY 16.

New Orleans	$16.50	Pensacola	$13.30
Memphis	11.50	Pass Christian	14.25
Mobile	13.30	Bay St. Louis	14.25
Montgomery	12.00	Humboldt	10.90

Tickets good 21 days.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 4th AND MAIN.
Phones 258.

WE CAN SAVE YOU SOME MONEY



If You Want a
RUNABOUT
or other style vehicle. You will be surprised at the favorable prices we make if you will call and inspect samples at our showrooms at Preston and Main streets. Runabouts for $35.00 and upward.

Catalogue and wholesale prices sent to dealers on application.

BRINLY-HARDY CO. (Inc.) LOUISVILLE.

A STANDARD OIL MAGNATE RECENTLY SAID
"There never before were such opportunities for men and women."
There are plenty of opportunities. The trouble is that you are not fitted to grasp them. During one period of two months last year we could have enabled sixty-three more students to secure positions if we had had them. We fit you—better than any other Louisville school. Get the proof.

Spencerian
BUSINESS COLLEGE
Union National Bank Bldg.
Sixth and Main Streets
LOUISVILLE, KY.

ENOS SPENCER, President
EXPERT ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT
Thos. B. Turner, Chas. G. Harris, Mgrs.

THE LARGEST DIAMOND STOCK IN KENTUCKY. IMMENSE CASH PURCHASES MONTHS AGO AT LOWER PRICES AND 70 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN HANDLIN GEMS ARE GIVING US KENTUCKY'S DIAMOND BUSINESS.

JAS. K. LEMON. EST. 1828 BRAINARD LEMON
DIAMONDS
JAS. K. LEMON & SON
511 FOURTH AVE.

Wintersmith's
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST. **Remedies**